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Access DB# 36291

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Alvin Berman Examiner #: 760457 Date: 2/24/01
Art Unit: 1605 Phone Number 308-41038 Serial Number: 091478882
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 3D06 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
3B19

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: See attached
Inventors (please provide full names): See attached

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 3/30/97

For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

Please see attached

- Please see all claims

 - 1) methionine or cysteine or cystine or glutathione or homocysteine or thioctic acid or threonine or cystathioneine or S-allylcysteine or Lantionine or erithronine or [cysteine or cysteic acid] or dihydroxy (ω-acid) or Taurine or (α,β-dihydroxyacid) or (L-taurine) derivatives of claim 1 or threonine or a hypotaurine
 - 2) liniment or ointment or cream or gel or lotion or topical? or solution
 - 3) kept open mouthed acids of claim 3.

STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher: _____	NA Sequence (#) _____	STN _____
Searcher Phone #: _____	AA Sequence (#) _____	Dialog _____
Searcher Location: _____	Structure (#) _____	Questel/Orbit _____
Date Searcher Picked Up: _____	Bibliographic _____	Dr.Link _____
Date Completed: _____	Litigation _____	Lexis/Nexis _____
Searcher Prep & Review Time: _____	Fulltext _____	Sequence Systems _____
Clerical Prep Time: _____	Patent Family _____	WWW/Internet _____
Online Time: _____	Other _____	Other (specify) _____

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:34:10 ON 13 MAR 2001)
SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:34:37 ON 13 MAR 2001
ACT ALYSIA478/A

Point of Contact:
Jan DeLoach
Librarian-Physical Sciences
CM1 1E01 Tel: 308-4498

L1 (3) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 6027-13-0 OR 6027-14-1 OR 454
L2 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 498-40-8
L3 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 13100-82-8
L4 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON "D-ALANINE, 3-SULFO-"/CN
L5 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 5652-32-4
L6 (3) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C3H7NO2S2/MF AND ALANINE AND
L7 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 107-35-7
L8 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 498-59-9
L9 (2) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C7H14N2O4S2/MF AND CYSTEINE A
L10 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 56-88-2
L11 (11) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C7H14N2O4S/MF AND HOMOCYSTEIN
L12 (11) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND S AND 2
L13 (6) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 NOT (LABELED OR (D OR T)/
L14 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 21593-77-1
L15 (2) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C6H11NO2S/MF AND CYSTEINE AND
L16 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 922-55-4
L17 (5) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C6H12N2O4S/MF AND CYSTEINE AN
L18 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 67-21-0
L19 (11) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON C6H13NO2S/MF AND HOMOCYSTEINE
L20 (10) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND ETHYL
L21 (8) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 AND S ETHYL
L22 (3) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT (14C OR 11C OR (D OR
L23 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 300-84-5
L24 (1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 2937-54-4
L25 30 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 O

L26 10 S 63-68-3 OR 348-67-4 OR 59-51-8 OR 56-89-3 OR 349-46-2 OR 923-
L27 19 S C10H17N3O6S/MF AND GLYCINE AND GLUTAMYL AND CYSTEINYL
L28 17 S L27 AND GAMMA
L29 6 S L28 NOT (LABELED OR 15N OR 13C# OR 14C# OR (T OR D)/ELS OR 35
L30 15 S L26,L29
L31 3 S 50-81-7 OR 10504-35-5 OR 62624-30-0

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:40:05 ON 13 MAR 2001

L32 1794 S (NA OR SODIUM) () (ASCORBATE OR ASCORBIC ACID)
L33 5 S ASCORBIC ACID (L) PHOSPHORIC ESTER
L34 27 S ASCORBIC ACID (L) PHOSPHORIC(L)ESTER
L35 802 S ASCORBIC ACID (L) 3 (L) PHOSPHATE
L36 63 S L35 (L) ESTER
L37 0 S TOCOPHEROL (L) ASCORBIC (L) DIPHOSPH? (L) ESTER
L38 0 S TOCOPHER? (L) ASCORB? (L) DIPHOSPH? (L) ESTER
L39 0 S TOCOPHER? (L) ASCORB? (L) PYROPHOSPH? (L) ESTER
L40 3 S TOCOPHER? (L) ASCORB? (L) PYROPHOSPH?
L41 4 S TOCOPHER? (L) ASCORB? (L) DIPHOSPH?
L42 7 S L40,L41
L43 13 S ASCORB? (L) (SULFURIC OR SULPHURIC) (L) ESTER
L44 147 S ASCORB? (L) GLUCOSIDE
L45 151 S ASCORB? (L) GLYCOSIDE
L46 280 S L44,L45

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:54:13 ON 13 MAR 2001

L47 11 S 108910-78-7 OR 23666-04-8 OR 134-03-2 OR 21090-54-0 OR 146614
L48 5 S C6H9O9P/MF AND ASCORBIC ACID
L49 82 S (50-81-7 OR 10504-35-5 OR 62624-30-0)/CRN AND NA/ELS
L50 11 S L49 AND 2/NC
L51 4 S L50 AND C6H8O6
L52 7 S L50 NOT L51

L53 4 S L52 AND (C6H9O9P OR C6H8O9S)
 L54 3 S L52 NOT L53
 L55 13 S L48,L51,L53
 L56 9 S L47 NOT L55
 L57 2 S L56 AND C6H8O6
 L58 1 S L57 NOT MG/ELS
 E C6H8O9S/MF
 L59 9 S E3 AND OC4/ES
 L60 7 S L59 AND ASCORBIC
 L61 5 S L60 NOT (ION OR 35S)
 L62 10 S ASCORB? (L) TOCOPHER?
 L63 804 S 50-81-7/CRN
 L64 1 S .ALPHA.-TOCOPHEROL/CN
 L65 5 S 59-02-9/CRN AND L63
 L66 1 S L65 AND P/ELS
 L67 170 S OC4/ES AND OC5-C6/ES AND P/ELS
 L68 22 S L67 AND 2/P
 L69 3 S L68 AND 3/NR
 L70 22 S L55,L58,L61,L69
 L71 2 S (THIOTAUrine OR HYPOTAUrine)/CN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:16 ON 13 MAR 2001
 L72 70010 S L30
 L73 167687 S METHIONIN# OR CYSTIN# OR CYSTEIN# OR GLUTATHION#
 L74 14693 S L25
 L75 19263 S HOMOCYSTEIN# OR (SULFINIC OR SULPHINIC)()ACID OR CYSTEINIC AC
 L76 14182 S TANNIN
 L77 41809 S L31
 L78 62577 S ASCORBIC ACID OR VITAMIN C OR ASCORBATE
 L79 2047 S L70
 L80 378 S L71
 L81 452 S THIOTAUrin# OR HYPOTAUrin#
 L82 260040 S L72-L81
 L83 189 S AMINO ACID (L) (SULFO OR SULPHO)
 L84 260165 S L82,L83
 L85 150 S L84 AND (HYDROXYCARBOXYLIC OR HYDROXY CARBOXYLIC)()ACID
 L86 29 S L84 AND (HYDROXYCARBOXYLATE OR HYDROXY CARBOXYLATE)
 E HYDROXY CARBOXYLIC ACID/CT
 E E7+ALL
 L87 31 S E1 AND L84
 E E2+ALL
 L88 107 S E6,E7 AND L84
 L89 234 S E5 AND L84
 L90 342 S L85-L89
 L91 6591 S GLYCOLIC ACID
 L92 607 S BENZILIC ACID
 L93 319 S TROPIC ACID
 L94 39086 S LACTIC ACID
 L95 11385 S MALIC ACID
 L96 40509 S CITRIC ACID
 L97 794 S ISOCITRIC ACID
 L98 123 S CITRAMALIC ACID
 L99 256 S TARTRONIC ACID
 L100 15294 S TARTARIC ACID
 L101 4475 S GLUCONIC ACID
 L102 206 S GALACTONIC ACID
 L103 0 S ALPHA HYDROXYISOBUTYLIC ACID
 L104 0 S ALPHA HYDROXY ISOBUTYLIC ACID
 L105 0 S HYDROXY ISO BUTYLIC ACID
 L106 0 S HYDROXYISO BUTYLIC ACID
 L107 3 S ISOBUTYLIC ACID
 L108 18 S ALPHA HYDROXY ISOBUTYRIC ACID
 L109 439 S ALPHA HYDROXYISOBUTYRIC ACID
 L110 93 S PHENYL LACTIC ACID
 L111 0 S MULDIC ACID
 L112 5 S MULDIC

L113 112 S ATROLACTIC ACID
 L114 1085 S GLUCONOLACTONE
 L115 145 S GALACTONOLACTONE
 L116 127 S RIBONIC ACID
 L117 254 S RIBONOLACTONE
 L118 100 S PANTOIC ACID
 L119 508 S PANTOLACTONE
 L120 0 S PANTOTHEINIC ACID
 L121 2396 S PANTOTHENIC ACID
 L122 201 S ALPHA HYDROXYBUTYRIC ACID
 L123 1650 S BETA HYDROXYBUTYRIC ACID
 L124 1070 S QUINIC ACID
 L125 9025 S PYRUVIC ACID
 L126 681 S PHENYL PYRUVIC ACID
 L127 504 S METHYL PYRUVATE
 L128 814 S ETHYL PYRUVATE
 L129 230 S BENZOYLFORMIC ACID
 L130 157 S METHYL BENZOYLFORMATE
 L131 119 S ETHYL BENZOYLFORMATE

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:42:39 ON 13 MAR 2001
 L132 18 S 79-14-1 OR 76-93-7 OR 16202-15-6 OR 552-63-6 OR 17126-67-9 OR
 L133 17 S 6915-15-7 OR 594-61-6 OR 515-30-0 OR 90-80-2 OR 1112-33-0 OR
 L134 1 S 526-95-4
 L135 1 S (L-GLUCONIC ACID OR DL-GLUCONIC ACID)/CN
 L136 1 S 576-36-3
 L137 1 S (L-GALACTONIC ACID OR DL-GALACTONIC ACID)/CN
 L138 1 S 20312-36-1
 E C9H10O3/MF
 L139 3 S E3 AND BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID AND ALPHA HYDROXY
 L140 1 S 2782-07-2
 L141 3 S C6H10O6/MF AND GALACTONIC ACID AND GAMMA LACTONE
 L142 1 S 642-98-8
 L143 0 S (L-RIBONIC ACID OR DL-RIBONIC ACID)/CN
 L144 51 S C5H10O6/MF
 L145 4 S L144 AND RIBONIC
 L146 2 SS L145 NOT (14C OR 13C)
 L147 1 S 5336-08-3
 L148 4 S C5H8O5/MF AND RIBONIC AND GAMMA LACTONE
 L149 3 S L148 NOT 13C
 L150 50 S L132-L142, L146, L147, L149

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:52:30 ON 13 MAR 2001
 L151 146938 S L150 OR L91-L131
 L152 10362 S L84 AND L151
 L153 10461 S L90, L152
 L154 654 S L153 AND COSMETIC#/SC, SX, CW, BI
 L155 2542 S L153 AND (CREAM OR CREME OR LOTION OR LINIMENT OR OINTMENT OR
 L156 358 S L153 AND ?EMULS?
 L157 253 S L153 AND SUSPEN?
 L158 388 S L154 AND L155-L157
 L159 238 S L158 AND SKIN
 L160 1 S L158 AND AIRBORNE PARTICLE
 L161 4 S L158 AND STRESS?
 L162 8 S L158 AND ENVIRON?
 L163 10 S L160-L162
 L164 8 S L159 AND L163
 L165 2 S L163 NOT L164

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:58:05 ON 13 MAR 2001
 L166 45 S L30 OR L25

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:59:05 ON 13 MAR 2001
 L167 80367 S L166
 L168 189133 S L72-L75, L80, L81, L167
 L169 189258 S L83, L168

L170 64637 S L32-L46,L77,L78,L79
L171 150101 S L151 OR (HYDROXYCARBOXYLIC OR HYDROXY CARBOXYLIC) ()ACID OR HYDROXY CARBOXYLIC ACIDS/CT
L172 310 S E3+NT
E E3+ALL
L173 3478 S E2
E E2+ALL
L174 1213 S E6,E7
L175 260166 S L169,L76,L170
L176 2904 S L175 AND (CREAM OR CREME OR OINTMENT OR LOTION OR LINIMENT OR
L177 7943 S L175 AND (?EMULS? OR SUSPEN? OR DISPERS?)
L178 6396 S L175 AND (SKIN OR EPIDERM? OR DERM?)
E SKIN/CT
L179 2239 S E3+NT AND L175
E E3+ALL
L180 409 S E45+NT AND L175
L181 1189 S E46+NT AND L175
L182 235 S E47+NT AND L175
E E46+ALL
L183 69 S E4 AND L175
L184 1189 S E3+NT AND L175
L185 885 S L178-L184 AND L176
L186 504 S L178-L184 AND L177
L187 1156 S L185,L186
L188 264 S L187 AND L171-L174
L189 880 S L187 AND COSMETIC#/SC,SX,CW,BI
L190 227 S L189 AND L171-L174
L191 264 S L188,L190
L192 169 S L191 AND (PD<=19970330 OR PRD<=19970330 OR AD<=19970330 OR PY
E EGAWA M/AU
L193 25 S E3,E7
E SAKAMOTO T/AU
L194 197 S E3
E SAKAMOTO TETSUO/AU
L195 109 S E3
E KOHNO Y/AU
L196 74 S E3
E KOHNO YOSHI/AU
L197 18 S E21
L198 1 S L193-L197 AND L191
E SHISEIDO/PA,CS
L199 19 S E3,E4 AND L191
L200 1 S L192 AND ?STRESS?
L201 5 S L192 AND ENVIRON?
L202 1 S L192 AND AIRBORN?
L203 23 S L198-L202
L204 19 S L203 AND L192
L205 4 S L203 NOT L204
L206 3 S L205 AND CREAM
L207 7 S L204 AND CREAM
L208 10 S L206,L207
L209 12 S L204 NOT L208
L210 10 S L209 NOT (CLAY OR KERATOSIS)
L211 20 S L208,L210
L212 135 S L192 AND L176
L213 100 S L212 AND COSMETIC#/SC
L214 93 S L213 AND SKIN
L215 31 S L212-L214 AND L30,L25,L71
L216 4 S L215 NOT 62/SC,SX
L217 2 S L216 NOT (3 OR 18)/SC,SX
L218 2 S L216 NOT L217
L219 29 S L215 NOT L218
L220 72 S L214 NOT L215-L219
L221 35 S L212 NOT L213
L222 15 S L221 AND 62/SC,SX
L223 106 S L219,L220,L211

L224 32 S L212 NOT L223
 L225 4 S L224 AND (TOPICAL AND (SKIN DISORDER OR COMPOSITION))/TI
 L226 2 S L224 AND PENETRATION/TI
 L227 6 S L225,L226
 L228 4 S L227 NOT METHOTREXATE
 L229 110 S L223,L228

=> fil hcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1967 - 13 Mar 2001 VOL 134 ISS 12
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 12 Mar 2001 (20010312/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

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=> d all tot

L229 ANSWER 1 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 2000:738879 HCAPLUS
 DN 133:301197
 TI Oxalic acid or oxalate compositions and methods for bacterial, viral, and other diseases or conditions
 IN Hart, Francis J.
 PA USA
 SO U.S., 50 pp., Cont.-in-part of U. S. Ser. No. 629,538.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-194
 ICS A61K031-225
 NCL 514574000
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 17, 18, 62
 FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 6133318	A	20001017	US 1998-14943	19980128 <--
PI US 6133317	A	20001017	US 1996-629538	19960409 <--
PRAI US 1995-6785	19951115	<--		
PRAI US 1996-629538	19960409	<--		
PRAI US 1997-36983	19970129	<--		
AB A single medicine oxalic acid or oxalate or "magic bullet" and method for treatment or prevention of infectious or pathogenic microbial, bacterial, viral and other diseases in warm-blooded animals, including humans and				

pets, is provided. A compn. includes at least one therapeutically effective form of oxalic acid or oxalate selected from ester, lactone or salt form including sodium oxalate, oxalic acid dihydrate, anhyd. oxalic acid, oxamide, and oxalate salts, natural or processed foods including molds, plants or vegetables contg. oxalic acid or oxalate, beverages, liqus. or juices contg. oxalic acid or oxalate, additives contg. oxalic acid or oxalate, and combinations thereof. The compn. may also contain a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent for the therapeutically effective form of oxalic acid or oxalate. Methods are provided including the steps of periodically administering, by topical, oral, or parenteral application, a therapeutically effective dosage of a compn. including at least one therapeutically effective form of oxalic acid or oxalate and improving chemotherapy reducing the intake of oxalic acid or oxalate blockers such as **citric acid, ascorbic acid (vitamin C)**, pyridoxine hydrochloride

(vitamin B6), calcium, alc., resins, clays, foods contg. calcium, beverages contg. alc., **citric acid, or ascorbic acid**, red meat or white meat of fowl contg. pyridoxine hydrochloride, or other foods nutritional supplements or beverages contg. oxalic acid or oxalate blockers.

ST oxalate antitumor antibacterial antiviral nutrient food

IT Brain, disease

(Creutzfeldt-Jakob; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Imaging

(NMR; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases and protection from radiation)

IT Streptococcus

(Viridans-group; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Actinomyces

(actinomycosis from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Bacilli

(anaerobic; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Bacillus anthracis

(anthrax from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Antiarteriosclerotics

(antiatherosclerotics; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Food

(aq.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Tomography

(axial, computerized; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases and protection from radiation)

IT Bartonella

(bartonellosis from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Antitumor agents

(brain; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

(capsules; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Fruit and vegetable juices

(carrot juice; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Uterus, neoplasm

(cervix, inhibitors; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Antitumor agents

(cervix; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Meat
(chicken; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Digestive tract
(disease, oxalate-induced; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Nervous system
(disease, viral; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Blood
(disease; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(drops; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Plant (Embryophyta)
(edible; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Treponema
(endemic treponematoses from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Intestine, disease
(enterocolitis; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Cosmetics
(exfoliate; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Kidney, disease
(failure, oxalate-induced; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Necrosis
(gas gangrene; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(gels; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Alcoholic beverages
(gin; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Bacilli
(gram-neg.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Bacilli
(gram-pos.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(granules; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Petrolatum
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydrophilic; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Respiratory tract
(infection, viral; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(inhalants; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Brain, neoplasm
(inhibitors; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems

- (injections, i.v.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, s.c.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(injections; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Kidney, disease
(injury, oxalate-induced; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Carrot
(juice; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Leptospira
(leptospirosis from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(liqs.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Listeria monocytogenes
(listeriosis from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(lotions; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(lozenges; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Antitumor agents
(mammary gland; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Radiography
(mammog.; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases and protection from radiation)
- IT Burkholderia pseudomallei
(melioidosis from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(microcapsules; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(nasal sprays; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(nasal; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Mammary gland
(neoplasm, inhibitors; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Clostridium
(of gas gangrene; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Colorimetry
(of oxalate; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(ointments, creams; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(ointments; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(oral; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer,

microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Ear
(otitis; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer,
microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Bakers' yeast

Bread

Carrot

Cereal (grain)

Chive (*Allium schoenoprasum*)

Coconut (*Cocos nucifera*)

Dairy products

Feed

Fruit

Garlic (*Allium sativum*)

Meat

Parsley (*Petroselinum crispum*)

Pepper (spice)

Preservatives

Spinach (*Spinacia oleracea*)

Urine analysis

Wine
(oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of
cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Clays, biological studies

Resins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
USES (Uses)
(oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of
cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Smectite-group minerals

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of
cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Electromagnetic wave

Magnetic field

Microwave

Radiotherapy
(oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of
cancer, microbial infections and other diseases and protection from
radiation)

IT Adenoviridae

Almond (*Prunus amygdalus*)

Alphavirus

Alzheimer's disease

Anti-AIDS agents

Anti-Alzheimer's agents

Antibacterial agents

Antimicrobial agents

Antiparkinsonian agents

Antitumor agents

Antiviral agents

Arbovirus

Arenavirus

Autoimmune disease

B19 virus

Bacteremia

Bacteroides

Beet

Beverages

Biocides

Bunyavirus

Campylobacter

Cardiovascular agents

Cashew (*Anacardium occidentale*)
Cat (*Felis catus*)
Cattle
Celery (*Apium graveolens*)
Chemotherapy
Clostridium botulinum
Clostridium tetani
Cytomegalovirus
Dog (*Canis familiaris*)
Enterobacteriaceae
Enterococcus
Erysipelothrix
Filovirus
Flavivirus
Flavoring materials
Food
Food additives
Fruit and vegetable juices
Goat
Gram-negative bacteria
Gram-positive bacteria (Firmicutes)
Haemophilus
Hepatitis A virus
Hepatitis B virus
Hepatitis C virus
Hepatitis delta virus
Herpes virus B
Hodgkin's disease
Horse (*Equus caballus*)
Human coxsackievirus
Human echovirus
Human herpesvirus
Human herpesvirus 3
Human herpesvirus 4
Human herpesvirus 6
Human immunodeficiency virus 1
Human papillomavirus
Human poliovirus
Immunotherapy
Influenza A virus
Influenza B virus
Influenza C virus
Kale
Leprosy
Lyme disease
Measles virus
Meningitis
Mold (fungus)
Molluscum contagiosum virus
Mouthwashes
Mumps virus
Mycobacterium
Neisseria
Neisseria gonorrhoeae
Neisseria meningitidis
Nocardia
Oribivirus
Osteomyelitis
Parkinson's disease
Parvovirus
Peanut (*Arachis hypogaea*)
Pneumonia
Rabies virus
Radish (*Raphanus sativus*)
Reoviridae
Respiratory syncytial virus

Rhinovirus
Rubella virus
Salmonella
Shigella
Spirochaeta
Staphylococcus
Streptococcus
Streptococcus pneumoniae
Surgery
Togaviridae
Tomato juice
Tuberculosis
Tuberculostatics
Vegetable
Walnut
(oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Mineral elements, biological studies
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Vitamins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(oxalate-contg.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Diarrhea
Dyspepsia
Kidney, disease
(oxalate-induced; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(parenterals; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Meat
(poultry; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(powders; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Respiratory tract
(sinusitis; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(solns.; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Bread
(sourdough; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Brain, disease
(spongiform encephalopathy; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Beverages
(sports; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(sprays; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(sticks; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(sublingual; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT Diet

- (supplements; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (suppositories; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT **Lupus erythematosus**
 (systemic; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (tablets; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Brushes
 Dental materials and appliances
 (toothbrushes, cleaning of; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (topical; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (transdermal; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT **Francisella tularensis**
 (tularemia from; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Meat
 (turkey; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Drugs
 (veterinary; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Alcoholic beverages
 (vodka; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT Imaging
 (x-ray; oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases and protection from radiation)
- IT 12441-09-7D, Sorbitan, esters, polyethoxylated
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Polysorbate; oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 58-56-0, Pyridoxine hydrochloride 77-92-9, biological studies
 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT 65-23-6, Pyridoxine 7440-09-7, Potassium, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)
- IT 67-48-1, Choline chloride 91-53-2, Ethoxyquin 107-35-7,
Taurine 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, biological studies
 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1318-00-9, Vermiculite
 1336-80-7, Iron choline citrate complex 1344-43-0, Manganous oxide, biological studies 1344-67-8, Copper chloride 5700-49-2, Ethylene diamine dihydroiodide 7447-40-7, Potassium chloride, biological studies

7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, biological studies 7542-09-8, Cobalt carbonate 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 7720-78-7, Ferrous sulfate 7757-93-9, Dicalcium phosphate 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 7778-80-5, Potassium sulfate, biological studies 7789-80-2, Calcium iodate 10102-18-8, Sodium selenite
 RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. and oxalate blockers for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT 144-62-7, Ethanedioic acid, biological studies
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT 62-76-0, Sodium oxalate 144-62-7D, Oxalic acid, esters, lactones, or salts 471-46-5, Oxamide 6153-56-6, Oxalic acid dihydrate
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); FFD (Food or feed use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

IT 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, biological studies 67-64-1, Acetone, biological studies
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxalate compns. for prevention and treatment of cancer, microbial infections and other diseases)

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L229 ANSWER 2 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 2000:139142 HCAPLUS

DN 132:185278

TI Cosmetics containing **moisturizers** and polymer **emulsifying** agents

IN Sato, Hiroyoshi; Yajima, Isao

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-02; A61K007-06; A61K007-035

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 2000063258 A2 20000229 JP 1998-250419 19980820

AB Cosmetics which show an excellent **moisturizing** activity, comprise (1) .gtoreq. 1 substances selected from the group consisting of collagens, elastins, keratins, vitamin E, and derivs. thereof and (2) **emulsifying** polymers. A **skin-care** lotion contained isoctyl myristate 5, squalane 5, cetostearyl alc. 2, **citric acid** 0.04, propylene glycol 11, methylparaben 0.3, Na hexametaphosphate 0.1, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate-N-vinylpyrrolidone-stearyl acrylate-tripropylene glycol diacrylate copolymer 0.05, keratin 0.05, xanthan gum 0.1, and ion-exchanged water q.s. to 100 %.

ST **cosmetic emulsifier** aminoalkyl methacrylate copolymer

IT **moisturizer**
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (cleansing; cosmetics contg. **moisturizers** and
 polymer **emulsifying agents**)
 IT Collagens, biological studies
 Elastins
 Keratins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (**cosmetics** contg. **moisturizers** and polymer
 emulsifying agents)
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (**creams**; **cosmetics** contg. **moisturizers**
 and polymer **emulsifying agents**)
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (**emulsions**; **cosmetics** contg. **moisturizers**
 and polymer **emulsifying agents**)
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (**foundations**, **emulsions**; **cosmetics** contg.
 moisturizers and polymer **emulsifying agents**)
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (**lotions**; **cosmetics** contg. **moisturizers**
 and polymer **emulsifying agents**)
 IT 50-14-6, Vitamin D2 58-95-7, Vitamin E acetate 68-26-8, Retinol
 94-44-0, Benzyl nicotinate 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 10191-41-0,
 dl-.alpha.-Tocopherol 146684-33-5
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (**cosmetics** contg. **moisturizers** and polymer
 emulsifying agents)
 IT 160364-67-OP
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); BIOL
 (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (**cosmetics** contg. **moisturizers** and polymer
 emulsifying agents)

L229 ANSWER 3 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1999:648765 HCAPLUS

DN 131:276780

TI Skin preparations containing keratin-softening agents and
 sequestering agents

IN Maruyama, Nao; Nishiyama, Seiji

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-48

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11279018	A2	19991012	JP 1998-102032	19980330.
AB The invention provides a skin prepns., e.g. anti-wrinkle cosmetic , contg. keratin-softening agent, e.g. an oxysterol, and a sequestering agent, e.g. edetate, citrate, and ascorbate , wherein the use of the sequestering agents improves stability of the keratin-softening agent in the prepn. A skin cream contg. 25-hydroxycholesterol 2, cetanol 0.5, vaseline 2, squalene 7, glycerin monostearate 2.5, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monostearate 1.5, pantothenyl Et ether 0.5, jojoba oil 5, propylene glycol 5, glycerin 5, montmorillonite 5, disodium edetate 0.05, ascorbic acid 0.05, KOH 0.3, and water q.s. to 100 % was prep'd.				
ST cosmetic oxysterol stability sequestering agent; edetate hydroxycholesterol antiwrinkle cosmetic stability				

IT Cosmetics
 (creams, wrinkle-preventing; skin cosmetics
 contg. keratin-softening agents and sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 (creams; skin cosmetics contg.
 keratin-softening agents and sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 (foundations; skin cosmetics contg.
 keratin-softening agents and sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 (lipsticks; cosmetics contg. keratin-softening agents and
 sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 (lotions; skin cosmetics contg.
 keratin-softening agents and sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 (packs; skin cosmetics contg. keratin-softening
 agents and sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 Sequestering agents
 (skin cosmetics contg. keratin-softening agents and
 sequestering agents)

IT Sodium polyphosphates
 Sterols
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (skin cosmetics contg. keratin-softening agents and
 sequestering agents)

IT Cosmetics
 (wrinkle-preventing; skin cosmetics contg.
 keratin-softening agents and sequestering agents)

IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 77-92-9, biological studies 139-33-3, Disodium edetate
 150-38-9, Trisodium edetate 526-95-4, Gluconic
 acid 561-63-7, 19-Hydroxy cholesterol 566-28-9,
 7-Ketocholesterol 570-91-2, 6-Ketocholesterol 994-36-5, Sodium citrate
 2140-46-7, 25-Hydroxy cholesterol 13095-61-9, 26-Hydroxy cholesterol
 50921-59-0, 22-Oxcholesterol oxime 82048-76-8
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (skin cosmetics contg. keratin-softening agents and
 sequestering agents)

L229 ANSWER 4 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1999:561584 HCAPLUS

DN 131:175090

TI Topical compositions containing lecithins and
 moisturizers for the treatment skin disorders

IN Crandall, Wilson Trafton

PA USA

SO U.S., 9 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,639,740.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-685

ICS A61K031-23

NCL 514078000

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5945409	A	19990831	US 1997-876764	19970616 <--
	US 5639740	A	19970617	US 1995-403241	19950310 <--
	AU 9725503	A1	19981020	AU 1997-25503	19970325 <--
	WO 9842309	A1	19981001	WO 1998-US5910	19980325

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,
FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9867750 A1 19981020 AU 1998-67750 19980325

PRAI US 1995-403241 19950310 <--
WO 1997-US4985 19970325 <--
US 1997-876764 19970616
WO 1998-US5910 19980325

AB The present invention comprises methods and compns. for topically treating and **moisturizing** keratinous structures of humans and animals including **skin**, hair, fingernails, toenails, hooves, and horns. The compn. comprises **water-dispersible** lecithin and compds. selected from the group consisting of elastin, elastin fragments, elastin-glycolic acid, collagen, collagen fragments, yeast exts., skin respiratory factor, glucosamine, glucosamine sulfate, hyaluronic acid, hyaluronate, chondroitin sulfate, cholic acid, deoxycholic acid, ginseng ext., aloe vera powder, aloe vera oil, RNA and DNA fragments, ascorbyl palmitate, **ascorbic acid**, retinol palmitate, dehydroxycholesterol, vitamin E, vitamin E lineolate, panthenol Et ether, glycerol ceramides, glycogen, DL-pyroglutamic acid, urea, sodium lactate, lactate, glycerin, sorbitol, oils of borage, evening primrose, black currant, almond and canola, vanishing **cream**, cholesterol, flavonoids, witch hazel, chamomile, parsley, hibiscus, capric and caprylic triglycerides, amino acids, allantoin, sodium, calcium, potassium, phosphate, chloride, sodium lactate, alpha hydroxy acids, cocoa butter, coconut oil, jojoba oil, safflower oil, wheat germ oil, sesame oil, selachyl alc., shark oil, cerebrosides, proanthocyanidin, farnesol, candelilla, carnauba wax, vitamin E nicotinate, manganese **ascorbate**, zinc, oleyl alc., polysorbate 80, spermaceti, glycerol monostearate, beeswax, silicone oil, paraffin wax, ozokerite, and PEG 75 lanolin.

ST topical lecithin **moisturizer** **skin** disorder

IT Glycerides, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(C8-10; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for treatment **skin** disorders)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(almond; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for treatment **skin** disorders)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(borage seed; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for treatment **skin** disorders)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(currant, Ribes nigrum seed; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for treatment **skin** disorders)

IT Lanolin

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ethoxylated; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for treatment **skin** disorders)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(evening primrose; topical compns. contg. lecithins and

IT **moisturizers** for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Ginseng (Panax)
IT Yeast
 (exts.; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for
 treatment **skin disorders**)
IT DNA
IT RNA
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (fragments; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (gels, topical; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
 moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (**hydroxy**; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
 moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT **Skin, disease**
 (ichthyosis; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (liposomes; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (lotions; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
 moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Cosmetics
 (**moisturizers**; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
 moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Cosmetics
 (nail lotions; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
 moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (**ointments, creams**; topical compns. contg.
 lecithins and **moisturizers** for treatment **skin**
 disorders)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (**ointments**; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
 moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (sesame; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (shark oil; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Waxes
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (spermaceti; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (sprays; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
IT Aloe barbadensis
Beeswax
Chamomile
Eczema
Hair preparations
Hibiscus
Ozocerite

Parsley (*Petroselinum crispum*)
Psoriasis
 Witch hazel
 (topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for
 treatment **skin disorders**)
 IT Amino acids, biological studies
 Candelilla wax
 Canola oil
 Carnauba wax
 Ceramides
 Cerebrosides
 Cocoa butter
 Coconut oil
 Collagens, biological studies
 Elastins
 Flavonoids
 Jojoba oil
 Lanolin
 Lecithins
 Paraffin waxes, biological studies
 Polysiloxanes, biological studies
 Proanthocyanidins
 Safflower oil
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for
 treatment **skin disorders**)
 IT Drug delivery systems
 (topical, micelles; topical compns. contg. lecithins and
moisturizers for treatment **skin disorders**)
 IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (wheat germ; topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers**
 for treatment **skin disorders**)
 IT 50-21-5, biological studies 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological
 studies 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological
 studies 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea,
 biological studies 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 64-17-5,
 Ethanol, biological studies 69-72-7, biological studies 72-17-3,
 Sodium lactate 77-92-9, biological studies 79-14-1,
 biological studies 79-81-2, Retinol palmitate 81-25-4, Cholic acid
 83-44-3, Deoxycholic acid 97-59-6, Allantoin 110-27-0, Isopropyl
 myristate 111-02-4, Squalene 124-06-1, Ethyl myristate 137-66-6,
 Ascorbyl palmitate 142-91-6, Isopropyl palmitate 143-28-2, Oleyl
 alcohol 149-87-1, DL-Pyroglutamic acid 593-31-7, Selachyl alcohol
 667-83-4 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 3079-28-5, N-Decylmethyl sulfoxide
 3416-24-8, Glucosamine 4602-84-0, Farnesol 5333-42-6 9004-61-9,
 Hyaluronic acid 9005-65-6, Polysorbate 80 9005-79-2, Glycogen,,
 biological studies 9006-65-9, Dimethicone 9007-28-7, Chondroitin
 sulfate 16351-10-3 29031-19-4, Glucosamine sulfate. 31566-31-1,
 Glycerol monostearate 36148-84-2, Vitamin E linoleate 43119-47-7,
 Vitamin E nicotinate, 106392-12-5, Poloxamer 407
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compns. contg. lecithins and **moisturizers** for
 treatment **skin disorders**)

RE.CNT 15

- RE
- (1) Anon; Merck Index, (9th Edition) 1976, P711
 - (2) Catz; US 5238933 1993 HCPLUS
 - (3) Crandall; US 5639740 1997 HCPLUS
 - (4) Elias; The Journal of Investigative Dermatology 1979, V73, P339 HCPLUS
 - (5) Fawzi; US 4783450 1988 HCPLUS
 - (6) Grate; US 3062721 1962
 - (7) Loucks; US 4701471 1987 HCPLUS

- (8) Luisi; Colloid & Polymer Science 1990, V268, P356 HCAPLUS
 (9) Oleniacz; US 3957971 1976 HCAPLUS
 (10) Sakai; US 4760096 1988 HCAPLUS
 (11) Scartazzini; Journal of Physical Chemistry 1988, V92, P829 HCAPLUS
 (12) Schmolka; Journal of Biomedical Material Research 1972, V6, P571 HCAPLUS
 (13) Smith; US 3952099 1976 HCAPLUS
 (14) Tosti; US 4981681 1991 HCAPLUS
 (15) Williman; Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences 1992, V81(9), P871

L229 ANSWER 5 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1999:439233 HCAPLUS

DN 131:92343

TI **Skin cream** composition containing fatty acid esters

IN Mausner, Jack

PA Chanel, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 14 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

NCL 424401000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5922331	A	19990713	US 1997-824524	19970326 <--
AB An improved skin cream compn. according to the present invention provides protection against lumpiness, edema, and other effects of liposuction and cosmetic surgery, as well as increasing the smoothness of the skin . In general, a skin cream compn. according to the present invention comprises: water, and emulsified and dispersed in the water: (1) a long-chain fatty acid ester of ascorbic acid ; (2) a short-chain carboxylic acid ester of tocopherol; (3) a glyceryl ester complex comprising at least one glyceryl ester selected from the group consisting of glyceryl linoleate, glyceryl linolenate, and glyceryl arachidonate; (4) a first complex consisting essentially of water, propylene glycol, lecithin, caffeine benzoate, and palmitoyl carnitine; (5) a second complex consisting essentially of water, caffeine, carnitine, and hydrolyzed glycosaminoglycans; (6) a third complex consisting essentially of glycerol, butcher broom ext., passion flower ext., glycogen, hydrolyzed collagen, and PEG 6-32; (7) calendula ext.; (8) a water-glycol ext. of chamomile; (9) hydrophilic microcapsules; (10) lipophilic microcapsules; and (11) microcapsules comprising methylsilanol elastinate. Other, optional cosmetic ingredients and ancillary ingredients can also be used. Formulation of a cream contg. above ingredients is disclosed.					
ST skin cream fatty acid ester					
IT Tocopherols					
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)					
(butanoic and propanoic acid esters; skin cream compn. contg. fatty acid esters)					
IT Cosmetics					
(creams ; skin cream compn. contg. fatty acid esters)					
IT Tocopherols					
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)					
(esters; skin cream compn. contg. fatty acid esters)					
IT Fatty acids, biological studies					
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)					
(ethoxylated; skin cream compn. contg. fatty acid esters)					

IT Passionflower (*Passiflora*)
 (ext., **skin cream** compn. contg. fatty acid esters)

IT Chamomile
 Ruscus aculeatus
 (ext.; **skin cream** compn. contg. fatty acid esters)

IT Calendula
 (hydrolyzed; **skin cream** compn. contg. fatty acid
 esters)

IT Collagens, biological studies
 Glycosaminoglycans, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (hydrolyzed; **skin cream** compn. contg. fatty acid
 esters)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (long-chain, esters; **skin cream** compn. contg. fatty
 acid esters)

IT Elastins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (methylsilanol derivs.; **skin cream** compn. contg.
 fatty acid esters)

IT Aloe barbadensis
 Antioxidants
 Emulsifying agents
 Microcapsules
 Odor and Odorous substances
 Preservatives
 Solvents
 Thickening agents
 (**skin cream** compn. contg. fatty acid esters)

IT Jojoba oil
 Lecithins
 Paraffin oils
 Petrolatum
 Phospholipids, biological studies
 Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (**skin cream** compn. contg. fatty acid esters)

IT 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid; fatty acid ester
 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological
 studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-81-5,
 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 56-86-0, Glutaminic acid,
 biological studies 56-87-1, Lysine, biological studies 57-10-3,
 Palmitic acid, biological studies 57-10-3D, Palmitic acid, esters
 57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, biological studies 57-11-4D, Stearic acid,
 esters 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 57-50-1, Sucrose, biological
 studies 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, biological studies 58-95-7,
 Tocopheryl acetate 69-65-8, Mannitol 70-26-8, Ornithine 71-00-1,
 Histidine, biological studies 72-17-3, Sodium lactate 72-19-5,
 Threonine, biological studies 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies
 77-92-9, biological studies 79-09-4D, Propionic acid, esters
 with tocopherols 79-63-0, Lanosterol 98-79-3 99-76-3, Methylparaben
 104-29-0, Chlorphenesin 107-21-1, 1,2-Ethanediol, biological studies
 107-88-0, 1,3-Butylene glycol 107-92-6D, Butyric acid, esters with
 tocopherols 111-01-3, Squalane 121-79-9, Propyl gallate 122-87-2,
 Glycin 122-99-6, Phenoxyethanol 124-07-2, Octanoic acid, biological
 studies 143-07-7D, Lauric acid, esters 334-48-5, Capric acid
 372-75-8, Citrulline 506-30-9, Arachidic acid 515-69-5, Bisabolol
 538-23-8, Tricaprylin 544-63-8, Myristic acid, biological studies
 621-70-5, Tricaproin 621-71-6, Tricaprin 1330-84-3 1398-61-4, Chitin
 2364-67-2, Palmitoyl carnitine; 5743-17-9, Caffeine benzoate
 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 9005-32-7, Alginic acid

9005-79-2, Glycogen, biological studies 9006-65-9, Dimethicone
 18089-54-8D, Methylsilanol, elastin derivs. 24937-16-4, Nylon 12
 25322-68-3 25395-66-8, Ascorbyl stearate 27475-47-4, Ascorbyl
 myristate 28874-51-3 34513-50-3, Octyldodecanol 36653-82-4, Cetyl
 alcohol 37348-65-5, Glyceryl linoleate 39236-46-9 72123-35-4
 82785-49-7, Glyceryl linolenate 131257-12-0D, Carbomer 430,
 preneutralized 229473-34-1, Glyceryl arachidonate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(skin cream compn. contg. fatty acid esters)

RE.CNT 36

RE

- (1) Abber; US 4460371 1984 HCPLUS
- (2) Arraudreau; US 4820510 1989 HCPLUS
- (3) Arraudreau; US 5053220 1991 HCPLUS
- (4) Beck; US 5034226 1991
- (5) Coopersmith; US 4125549 1978 HCPLUS
- (6) Deckner; US 4481186 1984 HCPLUS
- (7) Fellow; US 4752496 1988 HCPLUS
- (8) Fellows; US 4925667 1990 HCPLUS
- (9) Goodman; US 4883659 1989 HCPLUS
- (10) Gueyne; US 4927952 1990 HCPLUS
- (11) Gueyne; US 5037803 1991 HCPLUS
- (12) Jones; US 5116607 1992
- (13) Kan; US 3864275 1975
- (14) Kigasawa; US 4952560 1990 HCPLUS
- (15) Matsunaga; US 4369037 1983 HCPLUS
- (16) Mausner; US 5093109 1992 HCPLUS
- (17) Mausner; US 5204105 1993 HCPLUS
- (18) Mausner; US 5215759 1993 HCPLUS
- (19) Mausner; US 5254331 1993 HCPLUS
- (20) Mausner; US 5352441 1994 HCPLUS
- (21) Mausner; US 5391373 1995
- (22) Mausner; US 5571503 1996 HCPLUS
- (23) Minetti; US 4758599 1988 HCPLUS
- (24) Murui; US 4423031 1983 HCPLUS
- (25) Nakane; US 5182103 1993 HCPLUS
- (26) Ootsu; US 4400295 1983 HCPLUS
- (27) Papantoniou; US 3911105 1975 HCPLUS
- (28) Qunanian; US 4988502 1991 HCPLUS
- (29) Robertson; US 5053221 1991
- (30) Seguin; US 4549990 1985 HCPLUS
- (31) Shah; US 4980155 1990 HCPLUS
- (32) Shepherd; US 3697643 1972
- (33) Suzuki; US 5061481 1991 HCPLUS
- (34) Tietjen; US 4574082 1986 HCPLUS
- (35) Vanlerberghe; US 3966398 1976 HCPLUS
- (36) Vanlerberghe; US 4247411 1981 HCPLUS

L229 ANSWER 6 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1999:253707 HCPLUS

DN 130:329024

TI W/O-type cosmetic emulsions

IN Nanba, Tomiyuki; Takahashi, Hideki; Takada, Sadaki; Uenuma, Mikiko

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11106310	A2	19990420	JP 1997-282832	19970930

OS MARPAT 130:329024
 AB W/O-type cosmetic emulsions showing emulsion stability comprise silylated polysaccharides, silicone oils, water and substances selected from glutamate, glycine, sodium chloride, L-ascorbic acid-2-glucoside and citric acid salts. A cream contained decamethylcyclopentasiloxane 10.5, dimethylpolysiloxane 4.0, petrolatum 5.0, squalane 1.0, vitamin E acetate 0.01, silylated polysaccharides 2.0, sodium glutamate 5.0, preservatives 0.2, ethanol 17.0 and purified water to 100 wt.%.
 ST cosmetic emulsion silylated polysaccharide silicone oil
 IT Foundations (cosmetics)
 Skin creams
 Stability
 Sunscreens
 Water-in-oil emulsions
 (W/O-type cosmetic emulsions)
 IT Polysiloxanes, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (W/O-type cosmetic emulsions)
 IT Polysaccharides, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (silylated; W/O-type cosmetic emulsions)
 IT 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 68-04-2, Sodium citrate 142-47-2, Sodium glutamate 541-02-6, Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane 556-67-2, Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane 7732-18-5, Water, biological studies 9004-57-3D, Ethyl cellulose, reaction products with tristrimethylsiloxypropyl glycidyl ether 9005-12-3D, Methylphenyl siloxane, phenyl-modified 9016-00-6, Dimethylpolysiloxane 9057-02-7D, Pullulan, reaction products with tristrimethylsiloxypropylisocyanate 25357-82-8D, reaction products with pullulan 71224-92-5D, reaction products with Et cellulose 129499-78-1, L-Ascorbic acid 2-glucoside
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (W/O-type cosmetic emulsions)

L229 ANSWER 7 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1999:205210 HCPLUS
 DN 130:242155
 TI Functional oxygenated composition containing phospholipids and fluorocarbons
 IN Zastrow, Leonhard; Golz, Karin; Stanzl, Klaus
 PA Lancaster Group G.m.b.H., Germany
 SO U.S., 9 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 596,095, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K009-133
 ICS A61K035-72; A61K035-74
 NCL 424074000
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5885564	A	19990323	US 1997-877040	19970617 <--
	DE 4327679	A1	19950216	DE 1993-4327679	19930813 <--
PRAI	DE 1993-4327679	19930813	<--		
	US 1996-596095	19960507	<--		
AB	The invention provides a skin-care prepn. which contains phospholipids, oxygen-loaded fluorocarbons, nutrients, active and/or protective substances. The proportion of fluorocarbon lies in the 0.2 to				

100% by wt./vol. range. The lipid fraction contains 30-99 % phosphatidylcholines in the form of asym. lamellar aggregates. The compn. also contains a product obtained by gentle disintegration of suspensions or dispersions of cells of plants, bacteria or yeasts by ultrasonic and/or high-pressure homogenization under up to 25 MPa; and a cosmetic or dermatol. carrier suitable for use on the skin. This compn. is based for its oxygen content on the synergy between fluorocarbons and the disintegration products. An aq. phospholipid soln. was homogenized with a high purity fluorocarbon mixt. (90% perfluorodecalin and 10% perfluorodibutylmethylamine, crit. solv. temp. 26.degree.) to give an aggregate dispersion. An emulsion contained the above fluorocarbon aggregates 0.1, yeast exts. 0.1, perfumes 0.3, C12-15 alkyl benzoate 3.5, Steareth-2 3, Steareth-21 1.9, caprylic/capric glyceride PEG ester 2.5, acrylate copolymer 0.4, triethanolamine 0.4, jojoba oil 1.5, Babassu oil 1, vitamin E 0.5, preservatives 0.3, and distd. water q.s. to 100 %.

ST topical oxygenated compn phospholipid fluorocarbon

IT Perfluorocarbons

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(C6-9; functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

IT Chamomile

Cosmetic emulsions

Ointments (drug delivery systems)

Skin cleansers

(functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

IT Enzymes, biological studies

Fluoro hydrocarbons

Hormones (animal), biological studies

Nucleic acids

Phosphatidylcholines, biological studies

Phospholipids, biological studies

Proteins (general), biological studies

Vitamins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

IT Aloe barbadensis

Bacteria (Eubacteria)

Bark

Cereal (grain)

Green algae (Chlorophyta)

Mimosa tenuiflora

Plant (Embryophyta)

Yeast

(homogenized; functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

IT Vegetable

(seeds, homogenized; functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid., biological studies

50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies

77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies

87-69-4, Tartaric acid 110-15-6, Succinic

acid, biological studies 110-17-8, Fumaric acid, biological studies

306-94-5, Perfluorodecalin 311-89-7, Perfluorotributylamine 423-55-2,

Perfluorooctylbromide 514-03-4, Perfluorodibutylmethylamine

526-95-4, Gluconic acid 1340-08-5, Vitamin P

1406-18-4, Vitamin E 6915-15-7, Malic acid

9003-99-0, Peroxidase 11103-57-4, Vitamin A 12001-76-2, Vitamin B

26446-59-3, PerfluoroButyltetrahydrofuran

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

IT 7782-44-7, Oxygen, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (transported in phospholipid fluorocarbon aggregates; functional oxygenated topical compns. contg. phospholipids and fluorocarbons and biol. substances)

RE.CNT 5

RE

- (1) Anon; DE 4127442 1993 HCPLUS
- (2) Fructus; US 5576064 1996 HCPLUS
- (3) Huffstuttler; US 5466455 1995
- (4) Parnell; US 5015474 1991 HCPLUS
- (5) Spearmon; US 4861593 1989

L229 ANSWER 8 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1999:175586 HCPLUS

DN 130:200763

TI Topical administration of catecholamines and related compounds to subcutaneous muscle tissue using percutaneous **penetration** enhancers

IN Perricone, Nicholas V.

PA USA

SO U.S., 8 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,643,586.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

NCL 424401000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 7

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5879690	A	19990309	US 1997-851222	19970505 <--
	US 5643586	A	19970701	US 1995-525977	19950907 <--
	WO 9850014	A1	19981112	WO 1998-US9106	19980504
	W: BR, CA, GB, IL, JP, MX				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,				
	PT, SE				
	GB 2339536	A1	20000202	GB 1999-25341	19980504
	EP 989845	A1	20000405	EP 1998-920978	19980504
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
	IE, FI				
	BR 9809212	A	20000627	BR 1998-9212	19980504
	JP 2000514837	T2	20001107	JP 1998-548365	19980504
PRAI	US 1995-525977	19950907	<--		
	US 1995-435944	19950427	<--		
	US 1997-851222	19970505			
	WO 1998-US9106	19980504			
AB	Compns. for the topical treatment of sagging s.c. muscle and overlying cutaneous tissue contain an active ingredient exhibiting or producing catecholamine activity such as catecholamines and/or related compds. in a dermatol. acceptable carrier that contains at least one percutaneous penetration enhancer. Exemplary catecholamines include adrenaline, norepinephrine, dopamine and their precursors; catecholamine precursors such as tyrosine and phenylalanine are preferred. Many embodiments, particularly those employing tyrosine and/or phenylalanine as a catecholamine precursor, further contain a neurotransmitter synthesis enhancer such as dimethylaminoethanol, and other co-factors such as vitamin B6 and pantothenic acid or calcium pantothenate are included in the compn. to enhance the action of the active ingredients. Other compds. that scavenge free radicals and antioxidants may also be added (no data).				
ST	topical catecholamine muscle tissue penetration enhancer				
IT	Hydrocolloids				

- (patches; topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Radicals, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (scavengers; topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Neurotransmitters
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (synthesis enhancer; topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Absorption
Antiaging cosmetics
Antioxidants
Electroporation
Iontophoresis
Moisturizers (cosmetics)
Permeation enhancers
Sound and Ultrasound
Surfactants
(topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Catecholamines, biological studies
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Alcohols, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Alkanes, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Amides, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Amines, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Esters, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Fatty acids, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Polyhydric alcohols
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c. muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)
- IT Sulfoxides
RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c.

muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)

IT Terpenes, biological studies
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c.
 muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)

IT 50-67-9, Serotonin, biological studies 51-41-2, Norepinephrine
 51-43-4, Adrenaline 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies 51-67-2,
 Tyramine 59-92-7, Dopa, biological studies 60-18-4, Tyrosine,
 biological studies 63-91-2, Phenylalanine, biological studies 65-23-6,
 Pyridoxine 79-83-4, **Pantothenic acid**
 108-01-0, Dimethylaminoethanol 137-08-6, Calcium pantothenate
 299-42-3, Ephedrine 300-62-9, Amphetamine 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6
 17528-72-2, Tetrahydrobiopterin
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c.
 muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)

IT **50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid**, satd. fatty acid
 esters 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 112-80-1, Oleic acid,
 biological studies 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 6829-55-6, Tocotrienol
 12619-70-4, Cyclodextrin
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (topical administration of catecholamines and related compds. to s.c.
 muscle tissue using percutaneous penetration enhancers)

RE.CNT 7

RE

- (1) Meissner; US 4590067 1986 HCPLUS
- (2) Meissner; US 4647453 1987 HCPLUS
- (3) Meissner; US 4772591 1988 HCPLUS
- (4) Perricone; US 5376361 1994 HCPLUS
- (5) Perricone; US 5554647 1996 HCPLUS
- (6) Schinitzky; US 4938969 1990 HCPLUS
- (7) Smith, E; Percutaneous Penetration Enhancers 1995, P1

L229 ANSWER 9 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:677809 HCPLUS

DN 129:280778

TI Compositions for external use for prevention of **environmental stress**

IN Egawa, Mariko; Sakamoto, Tetsuo; Kohno, Yoshiyuki

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-48; A61K031-195; A61K031-235; A61K031-375

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9843597	A1	19981008	WO 1998-JP1420	19980330 <--
	W: KR, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
PRAI	JP 10330244	A2	19981215	JP 1998-96755	19980325 <--
	EP 914815	A1	19990512	EP 1998-911080	19980330 <--
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL				
PRAI	JP 1997-95307		19970330 <--		
	WO 1998-JP1420		19980330		
AB	A topical compn. for prevention of environmental stress , comprises at least one member selected from among sulfo amino acids , metabolic intermediates of the sulfo amino acids , tannin, and				

vitamin C. In this compn., the **sulfo** amino acid is **glutathione** and the metabolic intermediates are **thiotaurine** or **hypotaurine**. Further, the compn. may contain a **hydroxy carboxylic acid**. The compn. is suitable particularly for removing stress having an adverse effect on the skin among stresses created by **airborne** fine particles. A lotion contained tocopherol acetate 0.01, glycerin 4, 1,3-butylene glycol 4, **thiotaurine** 0.1, ethanol 7, polyoxyethylene oleyl ether 0.5, methylparaben 0.2, **citric acid** 0.05, Na citrate 0.1, perfumes 0.05, and distd. water to 100 %.

ST antioxidant **sulfo amino acid**
cosmetic; environmental stress skin
lotion thiotaurine

IT **Airborne particles**
Antioxidants
Cosmetic packs
Lotions (cosmetics)
Skin creams
 (cosmetics contg. antioxidants for prevention of environmental stress)

IT **Hydroxy carboxylic acids**
Tannins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetics contg. antioxidants for prevention of environmental stress)

IT **Stress (animal)**
 (on skin; cosmetics contg. antioxidants for prevention of environmental stress)

IT **Foundations (cosmetics)**
 (powders; cosmetics contg. antioxidants for prevention of environmental stress)

IT **Amino acids, biological studies**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (sulfo; cosmetics contg. antioxidants for prevention of environmental stress)

IT 50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies
 300-84-5, Hypotaurine. 2937-54-4,
Thiotaurine
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetics contg. antioxidants for prevention of environmental stress)

L229 ANSWER 10 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:672448 HCPLUS

DN 129:280777

TI Topical moisturizing composition containing water-dispersible lecithin

IN Crandall, Wilson T.

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-06

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9842309	A1	19981001	WO 1998-US5910	19980325
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,			

DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
 KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
 NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
 UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,
 FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
 GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 AU 9725503 A1 19981020 AU 1997-25503 19970325 <--
 US 5945409 A 19990831 US 1997-876764 19970616 <--
 AU 9867750 A1 19981020 AU 1998-67750 19980325
 PRAI US 1997-876764 19970616
 US 1995-403241 19950310 <--
 WO 1997-US4985 19970325 <--
 WO 1998-US5910 19980325
 AB Methods and compns. for topically treating and **moisturizing**
 keratinous structures of humans and animals including **skin**,
 hair, fingernails, toenails, hooves and horns are disclosed. The methods
 and compns. comprise applying to the keratinous tissue a water-
dispersible lecithin. A soln. of 20 g soy lecithin in 20 mL
 iso-Pr palmitate was mixed with 2 mL of almond oil and 80 mL of 20%
 Pluronic soln. to obtain a gel. The **moisturizing** effect of the
 gel on the **skin** of volunteers was studied.
 ST topical **moisturizer** lecithin cosmetic hair fingernail
 IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (almond; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (aloe vera; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Vegetable oils
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (borage seed; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Essential oils
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (chamomile; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Lanolin
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (ethoxylated; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Ginseng (Panax)
 Yeast
 (ext.; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT DNA
 RNA
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (fragments; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Ceramides
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (glycerol; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-
dispersible lecithin)
 IT Fish oils
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(shark oil; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

IT Waxes
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (spermaceti; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

IT Cosmetics
 (sprays; topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

IT Antibacterial agents
 Antimicrobial agents
 Antiviral agents
 Beeswax
Cosmetic gels
 Fungicides
 Hair preparations
 Liposomes (**cosmetics**)
Lotions (**cosmetics**)
 Nail (anatomical)
 Ozocerite
 Protozoacides
Skin creams
 Solvents
 (topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

IT Amino acids, biological studies
 Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 Carnauba wax
 Cerebrosides
 Cocoa butter
 Coconut oil
 Collagens, biological studies
 Elastins
 Evening primrose oil
 Flavonoids
 Glycerides, biological studies
 Jojoba oil
 Lanolin
 Lecithins
 Paraffin waxes, biological studies
 Polysiloxanes, biological studies
 Proanthocyanidins
 Safflower oil
 Sesame oil
 Tocopherols
 Wheat germ oil
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical **moisturizing** compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

IT **50-21-5, Lactic acid**, biological studies
50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies **50-81-7, Ascorbic acid**, biological studies 56-81-5, Glycerol, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 72-17-3, Sodium lactate 77-92-9, **Citric acid**, biological studies 79-14-1, **Glycolic acid**, biological studies 79-81-2, Retinol palmitate 81-25-4, Cholic acid 83-44-3, Deoxycholic acid 97-59-6, Allantoin 111-02-4, Squalene 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 143-28-2, Oleyl alcohol 149-87-1, DL-Pyroglutamic acid 434-16-2, 7-Dehydrocholesterol 593-31-7, Selachyl alcohol 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 3416-24-8, Glucosamine 4602-84-0, Farnesol 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-65-6, Polysorbate 80 9005-79-2, Glycogen, biological studies 9006-65-9, Dimethicone 9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfate 10527-68-1 16351-10-3 29031-19-4, Glucosamine

sulfate 31566-31-1, Glycerol monostearate 36148-84-2, Vitamin e linoleate 43119-47-7, Vitamin e nicotinate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(topical moisturizing compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

IT 3079-28-5, N-Decylmethyl sulfoxide 106392-12-5, Poloxamer 407
 RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (topical moisturizing compn. contg. water-dispersible lecithin)

L229 ANSWER 11 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:672445 HCAPLUS

DN 129:293690

TI Cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores

IN Crotty, Brian Andrew; Miner, Philip Edward; Johnson, Anthony William; Znaiden, Alexander Paul; Corey, Joseph Michael; Vargas, Anthony; Meyers, Alan Joel; Lange, Beth Anne

PA Unilever PLC, UK; UNILEVER N.V.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 9842303	A1	19981001	WO 1998-EP1423	19980310 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GH, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5968537	A	19991019	US 1997-904712	19970801
AU 9868308	A1	19981020	AU 1998-68308	19980310 <--
EP 969806	A1	20000112	EP 1998-913708	19980310 <--
R: AT, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, SE, IE				
BR 9808272	A	20000516	BR 1998-8272	19980310 <--
US 6174536	B1	20010116	US 1999-236163	19990122 <--
PRAI US 1997-39378	19970320	<--		
US 1998-72355	19980123			
US 1997-904712	19970801			
WO 1998-EP1423	19980310			

AB A cosmetic product is provided for delivery of skin actives through adhesive strips which concurrently remove keratotic plugs from skin pores. The product is a strip including a flexible substrate sheet onto which a compn. contg. an adhesive polymer is deposited. The compn. is essentially a polymer of anionic, cationic, nonionic, amphoteric or zwitterionic variety which increases in tackiness upon being wetted, with wetting occurring just prior to application onto the skin thereby enhancing the compn.'s adhesivity.

Skin agents delivered through the adhesive strip include vitamins, herbal exts., alpha- and beta-hydroxycarboxylic acids, ceramides, anti-inflammatories, antimicrobials, vasoconstrictors, zinc salts and mixts. thereof. The strips are sealably enclosed within a pouch for purposes of moisture protection. Poly(Me vinyl ether-maleic anhydride) (Gantrez S97) was coated on PGI 5255 rayon and dried at 75.degree. and cut into small patches. The patches were applied to the faces of panelists in an area contg. several plugged pores. The patches

were allowed to dry, then peeled off to show 90-100% of plugs were removed.

ST cosmetic polymer keratotic plug skin remover

IT Anti-inflammatory drugs

Antimicrobial agents

Vasoconstrictors
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Keratins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Ceramides
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Hydroxy carboxylic acids
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Polymers, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Vitamins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Polyester fibers, biological studies
 Polypropene fibers, biological studies
 Rayon, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DEV (Device component use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT Herb
 (exts.; cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 124-68-5, 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate
 490-83-5, Dehydroascorbic acid 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 7440-66-6D, Zinc, salts 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-20-7, Polyvinyl acetate 9003-39-8, Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9004-53-9, Dextrin 9011-16-9, Poly(methyl vinyl ether-maleic anhydride) 11103-57-4, Vitamin a 12001-76-2, Vitamin b 25395-66-8, L-Ascorbyl stearate 29061-67-4 38599-26-7 75537-01-8, Gantrez s 97 167973-55-9, Vitazyme c
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

IT 214121-64-9, Veratec 9408810
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DEV (Device component use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic product comprising polymers for removing keratotic plugs from skin pores)

L229 ANSWER 12 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:479389 HCPLUS

DN 129:99841

TI Gel compositions containing gellants in the form of alkyl amides of tri-carboxylic acids

IN Guskey, Gerald John; Swaile, David Frederick

PA Procter & Gamble Co., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-32
 ICS A61K007-027; A61K007-48; C11D003-32; C07C233-18
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9827948	A1	19980702	WO 1997-US22953	19971205 <--
	W: AU, BR, CA, CN, JP, MX				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 6190673	B1	20010220	US 1996-771090	19961220 <--
	AU 9857003	A1	19980717	AU 1998-57003	19971205 <--
	EP 952812	A1	19991103	EP 1997-953202	19971205 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
	CN 1245421	A	20000223	CN 1997-181570	19971205 <--
	BR 9714163	A	20000425	BR 1997-14163	19971205 <--
PRAI	US 1996-771090		19961220 <--		
	WO 1997-US22953		19971205		
OS	MARPAT 129:99841				
AB	The present invention relates to gel compns. comprising alkyl amides of tri-basic carboxylic acids and methods of making gel compns. In particular, the present invention relates to select compns. in the form of gels that provide improved residue characteristics and efficacy performance. A cosmetic gel contained cyclomethicone 72, octyldodecanol 18, and 1,2,3-propanetributylamide 10%.				
ST	antiperspirant gellant amide hydroxystearate				
IT	Soaps				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(bars; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)				
IT	Aloe barbadensis				
	Cosmetic gels				
	Gelation agents				
	Lipsticks				
	Makeups				
	Moisturizers (cosmetics)				
	Skin creams				
	Yeast				
	(gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)				
IT	Amides, biological studies				
	Kaolin, biological studies				
	Lanolin				
	Petrolatum				
	Tannins				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)				
IT	Polysiloxanes, biological studies				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(polyether-, solvents; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)				
IT	Polyethers, biological studies				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(polysiloxane-, solvents; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)				
IT	Fish oils				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(shark-liver oil; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)				

IT Paraffin oils
 Polysiloxanes, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (solvents; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)

IT Cosmetics
 (sticks; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)

IT 31807-55-3, Isododecane 34464-38-5, Isodecane 60908-77-2,
 Isohexadecane
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (anhyd. carriers; gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or
 hardness)

IT 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 77-92-9D, alkyl
 amides 97-59-6, Allantoin 99-14-9D, Tricarballylic acid, alkyl amides
 106-14-9 139-13-9D, Nitrilotriacetic acid, alkyl amides 141-23-1,
 Methyl 12-hydroxystearate 144-55-8, Sodium bicarbonate, biological
 studies 499-12-7D, Aconitic acid, alkyl amides 505-95-3 506-13-8
 557-34-6, Zinc acetate 1304-85-4, Bismuth subnitrate 1314-13-2, Zinc
 oxide, biological studies 3397-16-8D, N-Stearoylglutamic acid, alkyl and
 alkylamine derivs. 3397-65-7D, N-Lauroylglutamic acid, alkyl and
 alkylamide derivs. 3486-35-9, Zinc carbonate 7059-49-6,
 12-Hydroxystearamide 7354-07-6 7704-34-9, Sulfur, biological studies
 8011-96-9, Calamine 9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies 9006-65-9,
 Dimethicone 10043-35-3, Boric acid (H₃BO₃), biological studies
 16169-46-3 16170-20-0 17449-63-7 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide,
 biological studies 36826-83-2, Stearyl 12-hydroxystearate 74815-67-1
 89332-54-7 109570-04-9D, alkyl and alkylamine derivs. 133849-08-8D,
 alkyl and alkylamine derivs. 166527-38-4 166527-39-5 166527-40-8
 166527-41-9 166527-42-0 209805-26-5 209805-27-6 209805-28-7
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (gelling agents for improved gel stability and/or hardness)

L229 ANSWER 13 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:457162 HCPLUS

DN 129:113305

TI Antiaging cosmetics containing tocopherol ascorbic phosphoric
 diester

IN Tokue, Wataru; Ito, Kenzo; Tominaga, Naoki

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO U.S., 6 pp. Cont.-in-part of U. S. Ser. No. 371,484, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-42

ICS A61K031-66

NCL 424059000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 5776438	A	19980707	US 1996-645681	19960514 <--
PRAI US 1992-854624		19920626 <--		
		US 1995-371484	19950111 <--	

AB An external prepn. contg. DL-.alpha.-tocopherol 2-L-ascorbic phosphoric
 diester (I) and/or a salt thereof, and at least one UV absorbing agent is
 disclosed. The crosslinking of collagen is suppressed and an excellent
 cutaneous aging resisting effect is obtained. A lotion
 contained I 0.05, sodium 2-hydroxy 4-methoxybenzophenone-5-sulfonate 0.1,
 tocopherol acetate 0.01, glycerin 4.0, 1,3-butylene glycol 4.0, ethanol
 8.0, polyoxyethylene (60) hardened castor oil 0.5, Me para-hydroxybenzoate
 0.2, citric acid 0.05, sodium citrate 0.1, perfume
 0.05, and water q.s. 100%. The antiaging effect of the lotion
 is shown in the mice.

ST antiaging cosmetic tocopherol ascorbic phosphoric diester

IT Antiaging cosmetics
 Cosmetics
 Lotions (cosmetics)
 Skin creams
 (antiaging cosmetics contg. tocopherol ascorbic phosphoric diester)

IT Cosmetics
 (foams; antiaging cosmetics contg. tocopherol ascorbic phosphoric diester)

IT 131-57-7, 2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy-benzophenone 21245-02-3 70356-09-1,
 4-tert-Butyl-4'-methoxy-dibenzoylmethane 96436-87-2 **146614-91-7**
 209978-89-2
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (antiaging cosmetics contg. tocopherol ascorbic phosphoric diester)

L229 ANSWER 14 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1998:385476 HCAPLUS
 DN 129:58791
 TI Stabilized ascorbic acid compositions containing solvents and penetration enhancer
 IN Perricone, Nicholas V.; Potini, Chim
 PA Perricone, Nicholas V., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A01N043-08
 ICS A61K031-34
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 Section cross-reference(s): 62
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9823152	A1	19980604	WO 1997-US20900	19971117 <--
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 6162419	A	20001219	US 1996-756461	19961126 <--
	EP 944310	A1	19990929	EP 1997-947537	19971117 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRAI	US 1996-756461	19961126 <--			
	WO 1997-US20900	19971117			
AB	Fatty acid esters of ascorbic acid, particularly satd. fatty acid esters such as ascorbyl palmitate, their salts, ascorbic acid and its salts are solubilized in large amts., e.g., up to about 25 % by wt., and stabilized using special solvent systems. Useful solvents include polyethylene glycol, ethoxydiglycol, propylene glycol, butylene glycol, propylene carbonate, glycerin, a capric glyceride, a caprylic glyceride, an alkyl lactate, an alkyl adipate, an isosorbide, and mixts. thereof. Preferred dermatol. compns. made using these solvents with ascorbic acid and/or at least one of its derivs. also include dimethylaminoethanol, tyrosine, proline, cystine, a penetration enhancer such as oleic acid, urea or mixts. thereof, and at least 1 natural and/or chem. antioxidant. Natural antioxidants that contain at least about 50 % polyphenols and 50 % catachins such as grape seed or green tea exts. are employed in some embodiments. Thus, a cream contained ascorbyl palmitate 5.00, L-tyrosine 5.00, urea 3.50, propylene glycol 3.00, glyceryl monostearate 3.00, myristyl myristate 2.00, DMAE 2.00, PEG-20 stearate 0:60, zinc sulfate 0.50, pentithiene 0.50, Germaben-11É 0.50, xanthan gum 0.40, TiO2 0.25, disodium-EDTA 0.25, vitamin E linoleate 0.20, and water qs to 100.0%.				
ST	ascorbic acid stabilization topical				
IT	Antioxidants				

Cosmetics
 Skin creams
 Topical drug delivery systems
 (stabilized **ascorbic acid** compns. contg. solvents
 and penetration enhancer)
 IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (stabilized **ascorbic acid** compns. contg. solvents
 and penetration enhancer)
 IT 51-84-3, Acetylcholine, biological studies
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (precursors; stabilized **ascorbic acid** compns.
 contg. solvents and penetration enhancer)
 IT 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, alkyl esters
50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, fatty acid esters or salts 56-45-1, L-Serine, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 60-18-4, L-Tyrosine, biological studies 62-49-7, Choline 106-19-4, Dipropyl adipate 108-01-0 108-32-7 111-90-0 112-80-1, 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, biological studies 124-07-2D, Caprylic acid, glycerides 141-43-5, biological studies 334-48-5D, Decanoic acid, glycerides 1421-89-2, Dimethylaminoethanol acetate 1854-30-4 6183-26-2 6283-92-7, Lauryl lactate 6938-94-9, Diisopropyl adipate 25265-75-2, Butylene glycol 25322-68-3 42131-28-2, Isostearyl lactate 51222-59-4 59686-69-0, Diisocetyl adipate 64296-33-9 185323-25-5 185323-27-7 208461-65-8 208534-73-0 208539-84-8
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (stabilized **ascorbic acid** compns. contg. solvents
 and penetration enhancer)

L229 ANSWER 15 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:323122 HCAPLUS

DN 129:19525

TI Potentilla erecta extract in the **cosmetic** and pharmaceutical field

IN Bonte, Frederic; Dumas, Marc; Chaudagne, Catherine; Meybeck, Alain

PA LVMH Recherche, Fr.; Bonte, Frederic; Dumas, Marc; Chaudagne, Catherine; Meybeck, Alain

SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-06; A61K035-78

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and **Cosmetics**)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9819664	A2	19980514	WO 1997-FR1988	19971106 <-- W: JP, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE FR 2755367 A1 19980507 FR 1996-13585 19961107 <-- EP 946138 A2 19991006 EP 1997-913260 19971106 <-- R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT

PRAI FR 1996-13585 19961107 <--
WO 1997-FR1988 19971106

AB The invention concerns the use of an ext. of *P. erecta* in the **cosmetic** and pharmaceutical field, in particular in **dermatol**. It concerns more particularly all the applications seeking to reinforce the **dermo-epidermic** junction or to improve hair condition, by improving the synthesis of collagen VII by keratinocytes and/or fibroblasts. Particularly, these applications concern the strengthening of the **skin**, the redn. of wrinkles or hair care. The invention also concerns a novel method of cell culture, in

particular of human fibroblasts or keratinocytes, for promoting the formation of collagen VII. Thus, an antiaging **cosmetic** contained *Potentilla ext.0.2*, vitamin A palmitate 0.08, magnesium ascorbyl phosphate 2.0, wheat ceramides 0.3, and perfume qsp 100 g.

ST **Potentilla ext cosmetic pharmaceutical**

IT **Glycols, uses**
 RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (C2-6; *Potentilla erecta ext.* for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Hydroxy carboxylic acids**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (C3-12; *Potentilla erecta ext.* for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Antiaging cosmetics**
Cosmetics
Epidermolysis bullosa
Hair lotions
Makeups
Powders (cosmetics)
Seborrhea
Skin
Sunscreens
Wrinkle-preventing cosmetics
 (Potentilla erecta ext. for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Amino acids, biological studies**
Ceramides
Cerebrosides
Phospholipids, biological studies
Retinoids
Tocopherols
Vitamins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Potentilla erecta ext. for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **C1-4 alcohols**
 RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (Potentilla erecta ext. for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Collagens, biological studies**
 RL: MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
 (VII; *Potentilla erecta ext.* for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Flavonoids**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (biflavonoids; *Potentilla erecta ext.* for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Arctium lappa**
Centella asiatica
Coleus
Commiphora mukul
Loquat (Eriobotrya japonica)
Potentilla recta
Pygeum africanum
Siegesbeckia orientalis
Tephrosia
 (ext.; *Potentilla erecta ext.* for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **Skin aging**
 (wrinkles; *Potentilla erecta ext.* for **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals)

IT **50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies**
50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
50-81-7D, Vitamin C, derivs. 58-08-2,
Caffeine, biological studies 58-55-9, Theophylline, biological studies

68-26-8, Retinol 68-26-8D, Vitamin A, derivs. 69-89-6D, Xanthine, derivs. 72-19-5, Threonine, biological studies 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies 79-81-2, Vitamin A palmitate 93-60-7, Methyl nicotinate 108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, biological studies 372-75-8, Citrulline 464-92-6, Asiatic acid 481-49-2, Cepharanthine 1321-23-9, Chloroxylenol 5466-77-3, Parsol MCX 6805-41-0, Escin 6915-15-7, Malic acid 13463-41-7, Zinc pyrithione 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, biological studies 16830-15-2, Asiaticoside 18449-41-7, Madecassic acid 34540-22-2, Madecassoside 66575-29-9, Forskolin 108910-78-7, Ascorbic acid, phosphate, magnesium salt
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Potentilla erecta ext. for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals)

IT 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, uses 64-17-5, Ethanol, uses 67-56-1, Methanol, uses 107-21-1, 1,2-Ethanediol, uses 110-63-4, 1,4-Butanediol, uses
 RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (Potentilla erecta ext. for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals)

IT 9081-34-9, 5.alpha.-Reductase
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (inhibitor; Potentilla erecta ext. for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals)

L229 ANSWER 16 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:248467 HCPLUS

DN 128:312728

TI Means and procedure for decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and decolorization of hair

IN Kunz, Manuela; Le Cruer, Dominique

PA Wella A.-G., Germany

SO Ger., 10 pp.

CODEN: GWXXAW

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A61K007-13

ICS A61K007-135; D06P001-19; D06P003-04; D06L003-10

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 19649242	C1	19980416	DE 1996-19649242	19961128 <--
	WO 9823247	A1	19980604	WO 1997-EP5457	19971004 <--
	W: BR, JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 877593	A1	19981118	EP 1997-912112	19971004 <--
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	BR 9707311	A	19990413	BR 1997-7311	19971004 <--
	JP 2000505162	T2	20000425	JP 1998-524177	19971004 <--
PRAI	DE 1996-19649242	19961128	<--		
	DE 1996-19649243	19961128	<--		
	WO 1997-EP5457	19971004			
AB	A method is disclosed for non-oxidative coloring of hair and a means for decolorization of non-oxidatively colored hair, e.g., hair colored with a nitro dye.				
ST	hair nitro dye decolorization kit				
IT	Dyes (aniline; decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and decolorization of hair)				
IT	Cosmetic emulsions				
	Cosmetic gels				
	Decolorizing agents				
	Skin creams (decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and decolorization of hair)				

IT Tablets (drug delivery systems)
 (effervescent tablets; decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and
 decolorization of hair)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or
 chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy; decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and
 decolorization of hair)

IT Hair dyes
 (non-oxidative; decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and
 decolorization of hair)

IT Effervescent materials
 (pharmaceutical tablets; decolorization of hair and kits for coloring
 and decolorization of hair)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 69-72-7, Salicylic acid,
 biological studies 70-18-8, Reduced glutathione,
 biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid,
 biological studies 79-14-1, Glycolic acid,
 biological studies 87-69-4, Tartaric acid,
 biological studies 89-65-6, Isoascorbic acid 90-80-2,
 Gluconic acid lactone 610-81-1, 4-Amino-3-nitrophenol
 6358-09-4 6915-15-7, Malic acid 7664-38-2,
 Phosphoric acid, biological studies 29705-39-3 33229-34-4 84041-77-0
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or
 chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (decolorization of hair and kits for coloring and decolorization of
 hair)

L229 ANSWER 17 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:198237 HCAPLUS

DN 128:208784

TI Cosmetic and/or dermatological acid composition
 containing poly(2-acrylamido-2-methylpropane sulfonic acid) crosslinked
 and neutralized to at least 90%

IN Dupuis, Christine; Hansenne, Isabelle; Maubru, Mireille; Sebillotte,
 Arnaud Laurence; Lorant, Raluca

PA L'Oreal S. A., Fr.

SO Fr. Demande, 19 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-06; A61K007-02; A61K007-42; A61K007-16; A61K009-06;
 A61K047-32; A61K007-04

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 37, 38, 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	FR 2750326	A1	19980102	FR 1996-8108	19960628 <--
	FR 2750326	B1	19980731		
	EP 815845	A1	19980107	EP 1997-401255	19970604 <--
	EP 815845	B1	20000126		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
	AT 189117	E	20000215	AT 1997-401255	19970604 <--
	ES 2144831	T3	20000616	ES 1997-401255	19970604 <--
	JP 10067616	A2	19980310	JP 1997-170758	19970626 <--
	JP 2941234	B2	19990825		
	CA 2209430	AA	19971228	CA 1997-2209430	19970627 <--
	BR 9702539	A	19980929	BR 1997-2539	19970627 <--

PRAI FR 1996-8108 19960628 <--

AB Cosmetic and/or dermatol. compns. having an aq. acid
 medium contain .gtoreq.1 poly(2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonate) which

is crosslinked and .gtoreq.90% neutralized. The compns. are characterized in that the pH of the aq. medium .ltoeq.5 and preferably 1-4 and the polymer is crosslinked with .gtoreq.1 monomer having .gtoreq.2 olefinic double bonds. The compns. may be used in shampoos or hair-care products; hygienic products; cosmetics; sunscreens; non-therapeutic cosmetics for the skin, scalp, eyelashes, eyebrows, nails or mucus membranes; or non-therapeutic products for depigmentation of the face or body. The compns. may also be used to thicken or form gels for dermatol. ointments. Thus, 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid was polymd. and neutralized with NH3 and then crosslinked with trimethylolpropane triacrylate to give a neutralized crosslinked polymer having hydrodynamic radius 440 nm. The prepnd. crosslinked polymer was used to prep. a thick, transparent stable gel sunscreen.

- ST polyacrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate crosslinked neutralized cosmetic dermatol compn
- IT Oral drug delivery systems
 - (buccal; neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Bath preparations
 - (douches; neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Ointments (drug delivery systems)
 - (gels; neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 - RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (hydroxy, active org. acid; neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Crosslinking
 - Crosslinking agents
 - (in prepn. of neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Insect repellents
 - (mosquito; neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Antiaging cosmetics
 - Cosmetics
 - Hair preparations
 - Moisturizers (cosmetics)
 - Mouthwashes
 - Ointments (drug delivery systems)
 - Shampoos
 - Skin preparations (pharmaceutical)
 - Skin-lightening cosmetics
 - Sunscreens
 - (neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT Gels (drug delivery systems)
 - (ointments; neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for cosmetic and/or dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)
- IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 - 65-85-0, Benzoic acid, biological studies 69-72-7D, Salicylic acid, derivs. 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 80-69-3, Tartronic acid
- IT 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies
 - 90-64-2, Mandelic acid 104-98-3, Urocanic acid 110-17-8, Fumaric acid,

biological studies 302-79-4D, Retinoic acid, derivs. 331-39-5
 501-30-4, Kojic acid 526-95-4, Gluconic acid
 685-73-4, Galacturonic acid 828-01-3 6915-15-7,
Malic acid 17812-24-7, Ribonic
 acid 17941-34-3, Aleuritic acid 27503-81-7,
 2-Phenylbenzimidazole-5-sulfonic acid 56039-58-8 92761-26-7
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (active org. acid; neutralized crosslinked
 poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for **cosmetic** and/or
dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)

IT 15625-89-5, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (crosslinking agent; neutralized crosslinked
 poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for **cosmetic** and/or
dermatolog. compns. in aq. acid medium)

IT 201338-10-5P, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-trimethylolpropane
 triacrylate copolymer ammonium salt
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
 (Uses)
 (neutralized crosslinked poly(acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonate) for
cosmetic and/or **dermatolog.** compns. in aq. acid
 medium)

L229 ANSWER 18 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:65788 HCPLUS

DN 128:132271

TI **Skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic**
 compositions

IN Stork Nunes, Almir; Chitarra Souza, Simoni; Martins Matheus, Luiz Gustavo
 PA Industria e Comercio de Cosmeticos Natura Ltda., Brazil; Stork Nunes,
 Almir; Chitarra Souza, Simoni; Martins Matheus, Luiz Gustavo

SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-42

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9801107	A1	19980115	WO 1997-BR25	19970704 <--
	W: CA, MX, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	BR 9602991	A	19980428	BR 1996-2991	19960705 <--
	CA 2231275	AA	19980115	CA 1997-2231275	19970704 <--
	EP 859589	A1	19980826	EP 1997-935379	19970704 <--
	R: ES, FR, GB, IT				

PRAI BR 1996-2991 19960705 <--

WO 1997-BR25 19970704

AB The present invention refers to **skin moisturizing** and
 protective **cosmetic** compns. against UV and IR radiation,
 comprising a new active components assocn., formulated with vehicles and
 additives. Specifically, these compns. contain an active component set
 comprising: (a) a phys. filter, constituted of coated titanium dioxide
 and/or titanium dioxide and mica, at 0.5-6.0 %; (b) a chem. filter,
 constituted of at least one component of the group constituted of octyl
 metoxycinnamate, Bu methoxy dibenzoyl methane, benzophenone 3, at 2.7-20.0
 %; (c) an antiradicals agent, being this natural melanin, at 0.005-1.0 %;
 (d) a **moisturizing** agent, which can be assocd. with a
 complementary antiradical agent, at 0.1-2.0 %; (e) oligoelements, which
 can exhibit **moisturizing** action, at 0.5-5.0 %.

ST sunscreen **moisturizer** antioxidant combination

IT Flavonoids

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)
 (bioflavonoids; skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT Vinyl polymers
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (carboxy-contg.; skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT Cosmetics
 (emollients; skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT Seaweed
 (exts.; skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (lanolin; skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT Antioxidants
 Preservatives
 Radical scavengers
 Sequestering agents
Sunscreens
 (skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT Lactoferrins
 Melanins
 Mica-group minerals, biological studies
 Paraffin oils
 Polysiloxanes, biological studies
 Vegetable oils
 Waxes
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

IT 50-00-0, Formaldehyde, biological studies 50-21-5D,
Lactic acid, esters 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies 52-51-7, 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol 57-10-3D, Palmitic acid, esters 57-11-4D, Stearic acid, esters 60-00-4, EDTA, biological studies 60-33-3D, Linoleic acid, esters 65-85-0, Benzoic acid, biological studies 65-85-0D, Benzoic acid, esters 70-51-9, Deferrioxamine 112-80-1D, Oleic acid, esters 112-92-5, Octadecanol 119-61-9, Benzophenone, biological studies 122-99-6, Phenoxyethanol 128-37-0, BHT, biological studies 143-07-7D, Lauric acid, esters 143-28-2, Oleyl alcohol 153-18-4, Rutin 488-28-8, Rhamnitol 531-75-9, Esculin 661-19-8, Behenyl alcohol 1335-30-4, Aluminum silicate 1343-88-0, Magnesium silicate 4080-31-3, Quaternium 15 5466-77-3 9004-34-6D, Cellulose, derivs. 9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies 10191-41-0, dl-.alpha.-Tocopherol 13463-67-7, Titania, biological studies 25013-16-5, BHA 39236-46-9, Imidazolidinylurea 62076-18-0 78491-02-8, Diazolidinylurea 112725-59-4, Butyl methoxy dibenzoylmethane
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (skin moisturizing and protective cosmetic compns.)

L229 ANSWER 19 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1997:809805 HCPLUS
 DN 128:93012
 TI Topical composition containing natural herb extracts for the treatment of spider veins
 IN Becker, Philip E.; Doepler, Mary Lou
 PA Swedish Herbal Systems, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 4 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-00
 NCL 424401000
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5698206	A	19971216	US 1996-760981	19961205 <--
AB	A compn. for topical application to the skin having an effective amt. of natural herbs placed in a carrier oil for use in combination with an oral vitamin C is disclosed. The compn. provides for treatment of surface vein disorders, namely spider and varicose veins, by rejuvenating the veins and assocd. vein valves providing normal blood transfer. A lotion contained water 63.80, mineral oil 4.00, sesame oil 2.50, sea kelp 0.8, soybean oil 4.40, alga ext. 1.90, stearic acid. 3.00, glyceryl stearate 5.00, PEG-100 cetyl alc. 0.5, panthenol 0.05, jojoba oil 0.30, Germaben II 0.50, triethanolamine 0.50, calendula oil 0.20, marigold ext. 0.60, chickweed ext. 0.80, lactic acid 2.50, carrot oil 0.02, niacin 0.02, propylene glycol 5.00, vitamin E 0.01, white willow ext. 0.8, arnica ext. 0.80, horse chestnut ext. 0.80, red clover ext. .80, and glidant/hydanthion 0.40%. When the lotion is gently rubbed into the skin it begins to reduce the size and coloration of the spider veins in 4 wk. Continuation of the lotion in a reduced amt. provides maintenance by helping to further reduce spider veins as well as inhibition the causation of new veins.				
ST	topical cosmetic herb ext spider vein				
IT	Chickweed (ext.; topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)				
IT	Algae Arnica Clover (Trifolium pratense) Herb Horse chestnut (Aesculus) Marigold Willow (Salix) (exts.; topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)				
IT	Calendula Carrot (oils; topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)				
IT	Vein (spider; topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)				
IT	Cosmetic gels Cosmetics Lotions (cosmetics) Seaweed Skin creams (topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)				
IT	Jojoba oil Paraffin oils Sesame oil Soybean oil RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)				
IT	Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); MOA (Modifier or additive use);				

BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)

IT Venous diseases
 (varicose vein; topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, Vitamin c, biological studies
 59-67-6, Niacin, biological studies 81-13-0, Panthenol 1406-18-4,
 Vitamin e
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)

IT 57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol,
 biological studies 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, biological studies
 461-72-3, Hydantoin 11099-07-3, Glyceryl stearate 25322-68-3, Peg
 36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
 BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compn. contg. natural herb exts. for treatment of spider veins)

L229 ANSWER 20 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:754297 HCAPLUS

DN 128:53070

TI Skin preparations containing Tiliaceae plant extracts

IN Imahori, Atsuko

PA NOEVIR Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K035-78

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61K031-20; A61K031-23; A61K031-70;
 A61K035-28; A61K035-50; A61K038-00; A61K038-22; A61K038-27

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09301880	A2	19971125	JP 1996-148052	19960517 <--

AB The skin prepns., useful for conditioning skin,
 preventing skin aging, and promoting wound healing, etc.,
 contain Tiliaceae plant exts. and .gtoreq.1 selected from C2-22 .alpha.-
hydroxycarboxylic acid, their salts, their derivs.,
 vitamins, animal-derived bioactive substances, e.g. placenta ext., FGF,
 FGF, nucleic acids, etc., which are capable of activating cells. A
lotion contg. .alpha.-hydroxyacetic acid and essential oils of
 Tilia cordata flower diminished age-related skin symptoms, e.g.
 wrinkle, elasticity, etc.

ST skin conditioner Tiliaceae plant ext; cell activator Tiliaceae
 plant ext cosmetic; **hydroxycarboxylate** Tiliaceae plant
 ext skin conditioner; vitamin Tiliaceae plant ext ski
 conditioner

IT Proteins (specific proteins and subclasses)

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
 use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(eggshell membrane; skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant
 exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-
hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)

IT Placenta

Spleen

(exts.; skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and
 bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-**hydroxycarboxylates**,

IT vitamins, etc.)
Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy, C2-22; skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)
 IT Egg shell
 (membrane, sol. proteins of; skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)
 IT Anti-inflammatory drugs
Antiaging cosmetics
 Linden (Tilia europaea)
 Linden (Tilia grandifolia)
 Linden (Tilia platyphyllos)
 Linden (Tilia ulmifolia)
Skin conditioners
 Tiliaceae
 Topical drug delivery systems
 Wound healing promoters
 (skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)
 IT Nucleic acids
 Vitamins
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)
 IT Linden (Tilia cordata)
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (wrinkle-preventing; skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)
 IT 50-14-6, Ergocalciferol 50-81-7, Vitamin C,
 biological studies 58-85-5, Vitamin H 59-67-6, Nicotinic acid,
 biological studies 67-97-0, Cholecalciferol 79-14-1,
 .alpha.-Hydroxyacetic acid, biological studies 83-88-5, Vitamin B2,
 biological studies 1340-08-5, Vitamin P 1406-16-2, Vitamin D
 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6 11103-57-4, Vitamin A
 62229-50-9, **Epidermal growth factor** 106096-92-8, Acidic
 fibroblast growth factor 106096-93-9, Basic fibroblast growth factor
 108910-78-7
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (skin conditioners contg. Tiliaceae plant exts. and bioactive substances, e.g. .alpha.-hydroxycarboxylates, vitamins, etc.)

L229 ANSWER 21 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:743975 HCPLUS
 DN 127:362479
 TI **Foamable cosmetic mask product containing an effervescent agent and an acid**
 IN Davis, Jeffrey
 PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Co., USA
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-50

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 806201	A2	19971112	EP 1997-303055	19970502 <--
	EP 806201	A3	19981216		
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, SE, IE				
	US 5720949	A	19980224	US 1996-643814	19960506 <--
	CA 2202735	AA	19971106	CA 1997-2202735	19970415 <--

PRAI US 1996-643814 19960506 <--

AB A cosmetic mask product is disclosed comprising first and second compns. for sequential application to the face of a consumer, one of said compn. contg. an effervescent agent and the other of said compn. contg. an acid component. A cream contained sodium bicarbonate 5.0, sodium Me cocoyl taurate 5.0, cetearyl alc. 3.5, glyceryl stearate 1.5, cetyl alc. 5.0, PEG-100 stearate 1.5, PEG-40 castor oil 1.5, essential oil 0.01, preservative 1.0, colors 0.4, xanthan gum 1.5, trisodium EDTA 0.2, and water q.s. 100%. A gel activator contained butylene glycol 78.0, hydroxyethyl Et cellulose 1.0, sodium hydroxide 2.0, lactic acid 9.1, and water q.s. 100%. The cream is applied on the face uniformly followed by application of the gel activator compn. over the cream and admixed into the cream by gentle massage. After about 10 min the mask is removed from the face and the face is washed.

ST cosmetic mask effervescent agent acid; bicarbonate lactate
 cosmetic mask foam

IT Sulfates, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(alkyl derivs.; foamable cosmetic mask product contg.
 effervescent agent and acid)

IT Fatty acid salts

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ammonium salts; foamable cosmetic mask product contg.
 effervescent agent and acid)

IT Irritants

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(counter; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent
 agent and acid)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(esters; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent
 agent and acid)

IT Alkyl phenols

Fatty acids, biological studies

Fatty alcohols

Lanolin

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ethoxylated; foamable cosmetic mask product contg.
 effervescent agent and acid)

IT Cosmetics

(face masks; foamable cosmetic mask product contg.
 effervescent agent and acid)

IT Ethoxylated alcohols

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(fatty; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent
 agent and acid)

IT Skin creams

(foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and

acid)
IT Abrasives
Amphoteric surfactants
Anionic surfactants
Betaines
Biocides
Carbohydrates, biological studies
Chelating agents
Clays, biological studies
Cosmetic gels
Effervescent materials
Emulsifying agents
Fatty acid esters
Fatty alcohols
Gelation agents
Nonionic surfactants
Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
Sulfobetaines
Surfactants
Thickening agents
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and acid)
IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydroxy; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and acid)
IT **Acne**
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(inhibitors; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and acid)
IT Fatty acid salts
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(potassium salts; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and acid)
IT Fatty acid salts
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sodium salts; foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and acid)
IT 50-21-5, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies
79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies
87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies
90-64-2, Mandelic acid 107-36-8D, Isethionic acid, fatty acid esters
107-97-1D, Sarcosin, fatty acyl derivs. 144-55-8, Carbonic acid monosodium salt, biological studies 298-14-6, Potassium bicarbonate 497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, biological studies 506-87-6, Ammonium carbonate 584-08-7, Potassium carbonate 1066-33-7, Ammonium bicarbonate 4316-74-9D, Sodium methyl taurate, cocoyl derivs.
6915-15-7, Malic acid 9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies 9004-58-4, Hydroxyethyl ethyl cellulose 11099-07-3, Glyceryl stearate 12441-09-7D, Sorbitan, ethoxylated esters 23522-05-6D, Taurin, fatty acid esters 25322-68-3 25322-68-3D, esters 106392-12-5, Polyoxyethylene polyoxypropylene block copolymer
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(foamable cosmetic mask product contg. effervescent agent and acid)

DN 128:16289
 TI Compositions for external use
 IN Kondo, Chiharu; Senoo, Masami
 PA Kosei Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-00
 ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-42; A61K007-48
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 09291011	A2	19971111	JP 1996-127955	19960424 <--
AB	Compns. [cosmetics or topical prepns.] for external use comprise: (A) apple exts. and (B) tyrosinase inhibitors, active oxygen scavengers, antioxidants, cell activators, antiinflammatories and/or moisturizers . A skin-care and antiaging lotion contained glycerin 5.0, 1,3-butylene glycol 6.5, POE sorbitan monolaurate 1.2, ethanol 8.0, apple exts. 0.01, superoxide dismutase 0.01, preservatives, perfumes, and purified water to 100 %.				
ST	skin cosmetic apple ext tyrosinase inhibitor; active oxygen scavenger apple ext cosmetic ; antioxidant apple ext cosmetic ; cell activator apple ext cosmetic ; antiinflammatory moisturizer apple ext cosmetic				
IT	Animal cells (activators; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)				
IT	Apple (exts.; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)				
IT	Carboxylic acids, biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (hydroxy; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)				
IT	Plant (Embryophyta) (medicinal, exts.; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)				
IT	Cosmetics (packs; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)				
IT	Anti-inflammatory drugs Antiaging cosmetics Antioxidants Cosmetic emulsions Cosmetic gels Cosmetics Lotions (cosmetics) Moisturizers (cosmetics) Ointments (drug delivery systems) Skin cleansers Skin creams Topical drug delivery systems (skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)				
IT	Carotenes, biological studies Collagens, biological studies DNA Elastins Mucopolysaccharides, biological studies Proteins (general), biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				

(skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)

IT Hair conditioners
 (tonics; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)

IT 7782-44-7, Oxygen, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (active, scavengers; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (inhibitors; skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)

IT 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 50-33-9, Phenylbutazone, biological studies 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 50-81-7, Vitamin c, biological studies 52-90-4D, Cysteine, derivs. 53-86-1, Indomethacin 56-65-5, Atp, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 60-32-2, .epsilon.-Aminocaproic acid 61-19-8, Amp, biological studies 61-68-7, Mefenamic acid 69-65-8, Mannitol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 69-89-6, Xanthine 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies 73-22-3, Tryptophan, biological studies 73-40-5, Guanine 79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies 87-89-8, myo-Inositol 97-59-6, Allantoin 98-79-3, Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid 99-20-7 110-15-6, Butanedioic acid, biological studies 117-39-5, Quercetin 120-80-9, 1,2-Benzenediol, biological studies 123-31-9, Hydroquinone, biological studies 128-37-0, Bht, biological studies 149-91-7, Gallic acid, biological studies 463-40-1 471-53-4, Glycyrrhetic acid 489-84-9, Guaiazulene 499-44-5, Hinokitiol 506-26-3, .gamma.-Linolenic acid 522-12-3, Quercitrin 635-65-4, Bilirubin, biological studies 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1406-16-2, Vitamin d 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies 9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfate 9050-30-0, Heparan sulfate 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 9056-36-4, Keratan sulfate 10417-94-4, Eicosapentaenoic acid 11103-57-4, Vitamin a 12001-76-2, Vitamin b 15307-79-6, Diclofenac sodium salt 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 22071-15-4, Ketoprofen 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate 25013-16-5, Bha 103000-77-7, Glycyrrhezinic acid 169799-44-4, Keratin
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (skin-care cosmetics contg. apple exts. and other substances)

L229 ANSWER 23 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:666029 HCAPLUS

DN 127:298550

TI Rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics

IN Tokue, Wataru; Ito, Kenzo

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-42; A61K007-48

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09263514	A2	19971007	JP 1996-103894	19960329 <--

AB Rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics comprise: (A) L-ascorbic acid or its derivs., hydroquinone glycoside or its derivs. and/or kojic acid or its derivs., (B) UV absorbers, and (C) .alpha.-hydroxy acids selected from lactic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, glycolic acid and their salts. A lotion contained ethanol 5.0, POE oleyl ether 0.8, methylparaben 0.1, arbutin 2.0, lactic acid 0.5, Na hydroxymethoxybenzophenonesulfonate 1.0 and purified water to 100 parts.

ST skin cosmetic ascorbate hydroquinone glycoside

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy; rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics)

IT Cosmetics
 (packs; rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics)

IT Cosmetic emulsions

Lotions (cosmetics)

Skin creams

Skin-lightening cosmetics

UV stabilizers
 (rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics)

IT Skin diseases
 (rough skin; rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics)

IT Cosmetics
 (skin; rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
 79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies
 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies
 123-31-9D, Hydroquinone, glycosides 501-30-4, Kojic acid 5466-77-3, 2-Ethylhexyl p-methoxycinnamate 6628-37-1, Sodium 5-Benzoyl-4-hydroxy-2-methoxy-Benzenesulfonate 37627-95-5, L-Ascorbic acid-2-sulfate 70356-09-1 76840-16-9 108910-78-7, L-Ascorbic acid phosphate Magnesium salt
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (rough skin-preventing and skin-lightening cosmetics)

L229 ANSWER 24 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:616931 HCAPLUS

DN 127:267823

TI X-ray induced skin damage protective composition containing glutathione and a selenoamino acid

IN Hersh, Theodore; Warshaw, Michael A.

PA Thione International, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

NCL 424401000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5667791	A	19970916	US 1996-658105	19960531 <--
	US 5840681	A	19981124	US 1997-929397	19970915 <--

PRAI US 1996-658105 19960531 <--
 AB A topical compn. contg. **glutathione** and a selenoamino acid in a carrier for reducing and repairing X-ray radiation-induced **skin** damage is disclosed. An **ointment** contained propylene glycol 1, vitamin B5 1, cholesterol 2.8, stearyl alc. 2.9, white wax 8, white petrolatum 83.46, **glutathione** 0.15, selenomethionine 0.03, acetyl L-carnitine hydrochloride 0.03, superoxide dismutase 0.03, and green tea 0.6%.
 ST X ray **skin** damage selenoamino acid; **glutathione** X ray **skin** damage **ointment**
 IT Tea products
 (green, japanese; x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)
 IT Skin diseases
 (injury; x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)
 IT Amino acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (selenium derivs.; x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)
 IT Injury
 (skin; x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)
 IT Cosmetic emulsions
 Cosmetic gels
 Lotions (cosmetics)
 Skin creams
 X-ray
 (x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)
 IT 50-81-7, Vitamin c, biological studies
 79-83-4, Vitamin b5 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 11103-57-4, Vitamin a
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)
 IT 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 1464-42-2,
 Selenomethionine 3040-38-8, Acetyl L-carnitine 5080-50-2, Acetyl L-carnitine hydrochloride
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (x-ray induced **skin** damage protective compn. contg. **glutathione** and selenoamino acid)

L229 ANSWER 25 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1997:590240 HCPLUS
 DN 127:225114
 TI Cosmetics containing L-ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt and pionin
 IN Shirano, Minoru; Karakida, Fumihiro; Shigematsu, Masatsune; Kawasaki, Yoshimi
 PA Tsumura and Co., Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09227352	A2	19970902	JP 1996-61616	19960226 <--

 AB Cosmetics showing skin-lightening and antioxidant activities comprise L-ascorbic acid phosphate

magnesium salt 0.001-5.0 and pionin 0.00001-0.005 wt.%. A cosmetic lotion contained L-ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt 3.0, pionin 0.002, citric acid 0.005, 1,3-butyleneglycol 5.0, Et p-hydroxybenzoate 0.25, POE oleate 1.0 and water to 100 parts.

ST cosmetic ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium pionin

IT Antioxidants

Lotions (cosmetics)

Skin-lightening cosmetics

(cosmetics contg. L-ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt and pionin)

IT 15763-48-1, Pionin 108910-78-7, L-Ascorbic acid

phosphate magnesium salt

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetics contg. L-ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt and pionin)

L229 ANSWER 26 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:575486 HCPLUS

DN 127:166783

TI Compositions for external use

IN Kondo, Chiharu; Takayama, Akemi; Senoo, Masaki; Takemoto, Hiroko

PA Kosei Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-06; A61K007-50

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 09183718	A2	19970715	JP 1995-353525	19951229 <--
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AB Compns. for external use comprise: (A) phytic acid and/or its salts and (B) active oxygen scavengers, antioxidants, antiinflammatories, cell activators and/or moisturizers. Ointments and other dosage forms are formulated. Cosmetic formulations also are described.

ST external pharmaceutical dosage form phytic acid; cosmetic phytic acid

IT Animal cells

(activators; compns. for external use)

IT Anti-inflammatory drugs

Antioxidants

Chinese medicines

Cosmetics

Moisturizers (cosmetics)

Royal jelly

(compns. for external use)

IT Carotenes, biological studies

Collagens, biological studies

Elastins

Flavonoids

Proteins (general), biological studies

RNA

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. for external use)

IT Drug delivery systems

(external; compns. for external use)

IT Bifidobacterium

Carrot
 Cork tree (*Phellodendron*)
 Ganoderma lucidum
 Garlic (*Allium sativum*)
Lactic acid bacteria
 Placenta
 Rosemary
Swertia japonica
 Yeast
 (exts.; compns. for external use)
IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy; compns. for external use)
IT Plant (Embryophyta)
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (medicinal, exts.; compns. for external use)
IT Natural products (pharmaceutical)
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (toki and other exts.; compns. for external use)
IT 7782-44-7, Oxygen, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (active scavengers; compns. for external use)
IT 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 50-28-2D, Estradiol, derivs.
50-33-9, Phenylbutazone, biological studies 50-81-7,
Vitamin C, biological studies 50-81-7D,
Vitamin C, derivs. 53-86-1, Indomethacin 56-65-5,
ATP, biological studies 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies
60-32-2 61-19-8, 5'-Adenylic acid, biological studies 61-19-8D,
5'-Adenylic acid, derivs. 61-68-7, Mefenamic acid 69-65-8, Mannitol
69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 69-72-7D, Salicylic acid,
derivs. 69-89-6D, Xanthine, derivs. 70-18-8,
Glutathione, biological studies 70-18-8D,
Glutathione, derivs. 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies
73-22-3, Tryptophan, biological studies 73-40-5D, Guanine, derivs.
79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies
79-14-1D, Glycolic acid, derivs. 83-86-3,
Phytic acid 83-86-3D, Phytic acid, derivs. 97-59-6, Allantoin
110-15-6, Butanedioic acid, biological studies 110-15-6D, Butanedioic
acid, derivs. 117-39-5, Quercetin 120-80-9, Catechin, biological
studies 120-80-9D, Catechin, derivs. 123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol,
biological studies 128-37-0, biological studies 149-91-7, Gallic acid,
biological studies 149-91-7D, Gallic acid, derivs. 463-40-1
463-40-1D, derivs. 471-53-4, Glycyrrhetic acid 481-49-2, Cepharantin
489-84-9, Guaiazulene 499-44-5, Hinokitiol 506-26-3, .gamma.-Linolenic
acid 506-26-3D, .gamma.-Linolenic acid, derivs. 522-12-3, Quercitrin
635-65-4, Bilirubin, biological studies 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide,
biological studies 1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizinic acid 1406-16-2D, Vitamin
D, derivs. 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 1406-18-4D, Vitamin E, derivs.
6915-15-7, Malic acid 6915-15-7D,
Malic acid, derivs. 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene
9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies
9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfate 9050-30-0, Heparan sulfate 9054-89-1,
Superoxide dismutase 9056-36-4, Keratan sulfate 10417-94-4,
Eicosapentaenoic acid 10417-94-4D, Eicosapentaenoic acid, derivs.
11103-57-4D, Vitamin A, derivs. 12001-76-2D, Vitamin B, derivs.
15307-79-6, Sodium diclofenac 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 22071-15-4,
Ketoprofen 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate 25013-16-5, BHA
169799-44-4, Keratin
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (compns. for external use)

L229 ANSWER 27 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:571494 HCAPLUS

DN 127:180929

TI **Skin moisturizers** containing amine compounds,
antioxidants, and amino acids

IN Nakajima, Atsushi; Fukuda, Masataka

PA Kao Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09175983	A2	19970708	JP 1995-343197	19951228 <--

OS MARPAT 127:180929

AB **Skin** preps. which improve **skin** conditions and prevent aging, comprise (1) amine compds. with general formula R₁XCH₂CH(OH)CH₂NR₂CR₃R₄CR₅R₆(OH) [I; R₁ = (hetero)hydrocarbyl; R₂-R₆ = H, (hetero)carbyl; X = O, COO], (2) antioxidants, and (3) amino acids. A skin essence contained I (R₁= Me, R₂ = CH₂CH₂OH, R₃ - R₆ = H, X= O) 0.1, ethoxylated hydrogenated castor oils 1, carotene 0.2, urea 1, .epsilon.-aminocaproic acid 0.3, Na₂HPO₄ 0.75, citric acid 0.25, glycerol 10, ethanol 4, glycine 0.2, Carbopol-941 1.5, KOH 0.45, preservatives q.s., and distd. water to 100 %.

ST **skin moisturizer** amine antioxidant amino acid

IT Antiaging cosmetics

Antioxidants

Moisturizers (cosmetics)

(**skin moisturizers** contg. amine compds. and
antioxidants and amino acids)

IT Amino acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**skin moisturizers** contg. amine compds. and
antioxidants and amino acids)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies

52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 54-12-6,
Tryptophan 56-12-2, .gamma.-Aminobutyric acid, biological studies
56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological
studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-84-8, Asparagine acid,
biological studies 56-85-9, Glutamine, biological studies 56-86-0,
L-Glutamic acid, biological studies 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological
studies 59-02-9, .alpha.-Tocopherol 70-47-3, Asparagine, biological
studies 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies 74-79-3, Arginine,
biological studies 119-13-1, .delta.-Tocopherol 121-79-9, Propyl
gallate 128-37-0, biological studies 148-03-8, .beta.-Tocopherol
432-70-2, .alpha.-Carotene 472-93-5, .gamma.-Carotene 1034-01-1, Octyl
gallate 1166-52-5, Dodecyl gallate 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene
7616-22-0, .gamma.-Tocopherol 9001-05-2, Catalase 9001-48-3,
Glutathione reductase 9013-66-5, **Glutathione**
peroxidase 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 25013-16-5 158314-48-8
163340-07-6 193982-22-8

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**skin moisturizers** contg. amine compds. and
antioxidants and amino acids)

L229 ANSWER 28 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:534460 HCAPLUS

DN 127:135789

TI L-2-Oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid derivatives and their use for
skin care

IN Galey, Jean-Baptiste
 PA Oreal S. A., Fr.
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA French
 IC ICM C07D277-14
 ICS A61K007-48
 CC 28-7 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
 Section cross-reference(s): 62

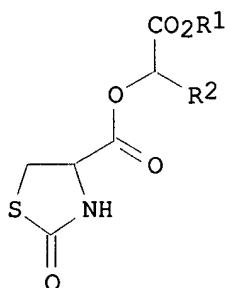
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 780383	A1	19970625	EP 1996-402549	19961126 <--
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	FR 2742750	A1	19970627	FR 1995-15334	19951222 <--
	FR 2742750	B1	19980130		
	JP 09176138	A2	19970708	JP 1996-340211	19961219 <--
	CN 1159447	A	19970917	CN 1996-123167	19961221 <--
	US 6004543	A	19991221	US 1996-771836	19961223 <--

PRAI FR 1995-15334 19951222 <--

OS MARPAT 127:135789

GI



I

AB Title compds. I [R1 = H, optionally branched, unsatd., or substituted C1-8 alkyl, optionally substituted benzyl; R2 = H, optionally branched, unsatd., or substituted C1-24 alkyl, optionally substituted arom. groups, optionally unsatd. heterocycles] are useful in skin care products. The compds. are precursors of cysteine and .alpha.-hydroxy acids, and are thereby useful for prevention or treatment of skin photo-aging, and for depigmentation of skin (no data). In particular, I [R1/R2 = Et/Me (II), Et/H, Et/Pr, Et/Ph, Et/dodecyl, PhCH2/Me] were prep'd. by reaction of L-2-oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid with corresponding .alpha.-bromo esters R2CHBrCO2R1 and K2CO3 in DMF at 90.degree.. A protective cream contained (by wt.) 1% II, 3% ethoxylated PEG 50, 3% diglyceryl monostearate, 24% vaseline, 5% cetyl alc., and water qsp. 100%.

ST oxothiazolidinecarboxylate ester prepn skin antiaging agent; photoaging skin oxothiazolidinecarboxylate hydroxy acid ester

IT Carboxylic acids, preparation

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)
 (hydroxy, precursors of; prepn. of oxothiazolidinecarboxylic acid esters for skin care)

IT Antiaging cosmetics

Cosmetics

Skin

Skin aging

Skin-lightening cosmetics

(prepn. of oxothiazolidinecarboxylic acid esters for skin care)

IT **3374-22-9P, Cysteine**

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)
 (precursors of; prepn. of oxothiazolidinecarboxylic acid esters for
 skin care)

IT 192932-50-6P, 2-Oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl
 ester 192932-52-8P, 2-Oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid
 (ethoxycarbonyl)methyl ester 192932-54-0P, 2-Oxothiazolidine-4-
 carboxylic acid 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)butyl ester 192932-56-2P,
 2-Oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid (ethoxycarbonyl)phenylmethyl ester
 192932-58-4P, 2-Oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid 1-
 (ethoxycarbonyl)tridecyl ester 192932-60-8P, 2-Oxothiazolidine-4-
 carboxylic acid 1-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]ethyl ester
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
 use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study);
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of oxothiazolidinecarboxylic acid esters for skin
 care)

IT 105-36-2, Ethyl bromoacetate 535-11-5, Ethyl 2-bromopropanoate
 615-83-8, Ethyl 2-bromopentanoate 2882-19-1, Ethyl bromophenylacetate
 3017-53-6, Benzyl 2-bromopropanoate 14980-92-8, Ethyl
 2-bromotetradecanoate 19771-63-2, L-2-Oxothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (starting material; prepn. of oxothiazolidinecarboxylic acid esters for
 skin care)

L229 ANSWER 29.OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:499089 HCAPLUS

DN 127:140210

TI Cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active
substances

IN Menzel, Anette; Macchio, Ralph; Stanzl, Klaus; Zastrow, Leonhard

PA Lancaster Group G.m.b.H., Germany; Menzel, Anette; Macchio, Ralph; Stanzl,
Klaus; Zastrow, Leonhard

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A61K007-50

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9725974	A1	19970724	WO 1997-DE117	19970117 <--
	W: CA, MX, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	DE 19603019	A1	19970807	DE 1996-19603019	19960117 <--
	DE 19603019	C2	19981015		
	CA 2240457	AA	19970724	CA 1997-2240457	19970117 <--
	EP 877597	A1	19981118	EP 1997-908122	19970117 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
	US 5993857	A	19991130	US 1998-91975	19980626 <--
PRAI	DE 1996-19603019	19960117 <--			
	WO 1997-DE117	19970117 <--			
AB	A cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances, with a particularly gentle and mild effect on the skin, consists of an aq., non-oily suspension consisting of:				
	poly(oxymethylene-urea) microspheres (160-200 .mu.m diam.) carrying a liq. natural vegetable oil in their interior; naturally based agents for increasing water deposits on the skin selected from aloe vera gel, jojoba oil, cetearyl glucosides, Lipacide PVB, and mixts. thereof as well as propylene glycol, .gtoreq.1 natural emulsifier, natural substances having a cleansing effect, and further additives and carrier substances. On rubbing the compn. on the skin, the microspheres exert a mild abrasive action, removing dead cells from the skin;				

the microspheres are ruptured during this process, releasing the oil contained therein. Thus, a cleanser was prep'd. by successively mixing and homogenizing the following 8 phases: (A) cetearyl glucoside 5, hexyl laurate 7, beeswax 1, isononyl isononanoate 8, wheat proteins 0.3, and vitamins C and E 0.1; (B) D-gluconic acid 5, propylene glycol 2, triethanolamine 0.2, and water 42.1; (C) laureth-7/polyacrylamide/C13-14 isoparaffin 4; (D) preservative 0.8; (E) perfume 0.5; (F) decyl polyglucose 7; (G) aloe vera gel 1, deionized water 1; (H) polyethylene 11 wt.%, and combining with 4 wt.% poly(oxymethylene-urea) capsules contg. .apprx.65% jojoba oil.

ST Vegetable oil microsphere skin cleanser

IT Alkyl glycosides

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(C16-18; cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT Antioxidants

Microspheres

Moisturizers (cosmetics)

Radical scavengers

Skin cleansers

(cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT Jojoba oil

Proteins (general), biological studies

Vegetable oils

Vitamins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT Aloe barbadensis

(gel; cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT Aminoplasts

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(microspheres; cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT Wheat

(proteins of; cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT 50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies

1406-18-4, Vitamin E 53240-01-0, Decyl polyglucose 167139-92-6, Lipacide PVB

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); MOA (Modifier or additive use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

IT 9011-05-6, Urea/formaldehyde copolymer

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(microspheres; cosmetic skin cleanser based on natural active substances)

L229 ANSWER 30 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:491402 HCPLUS

DN 127:99538

TI Topical compositions

IN Hoshino, Taku; Kondo, Chiharu; Senoo, Masami; Yamashita, Eiji

PA Kosei K. K., Japan; Itano Reito K. K.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K031-12
 ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61K031-045; A61K031-07; A61K031-095;
 A61K031-19; A61K031-21; A61K031-35; A61K031-355; A61K031-375;
 A61K031-40; A61K031-415; A61K031-44; A61K031-51; A61K031-525;
 A61K031-575; A61K031-59; A61K031-70; A61K031-715

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09143063	A2	19970603	JP 1995-326241	19951122 <--

PI AB Topical compns. for cosmetic or therapeutic use comprise (A) astaxanthin and (B) active ingredients such as moisturizers, antioxidants and active oxygen removers. As an example, a cosmetic emulsion contained stearic acid 18.0, cetanol 4.0, triethanolamine 2.0, glycerin 5.0, astaxanthin 1.0, lactic acid 1.0, and purified water to 100%.

ST topical compn astaxanthin

IT Animal cells

Anti-inflammatory drugs
 (activators; topical compns.)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy; topical compns.)

IT Plant (Embryophyta)
 (medicinal; topical compns.)

IT Antioxidants

Cosmetics

Euphausia

Moisturizers (cosmetics)

Topical drug delivery systems
 (topical compns.)

IT Collagens, biological studies

Elastins

Keratins

Mucopolysaccharides, biological studies

Natural products (pharmaceutical)

Nucleic acids

RNA

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compns.)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (inhibitors; topical compns.)

IT 472-61-7P

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery);
 THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (topical compns.)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies

50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 50-33-9, Phenylbutazon,
 biological studies 50-81-7, Vitamin C,
 biological studies 53-86-1, Indomethacin 56-65-5, ATP, biological
 studies 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 58-85-5, Biotin
 60-32-2, .epsilon.-Aminocaproic acid 61-19-8, AMP, biological studies
 61-68-7, Mefenamic acid 69-65-8, Mannitol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid,
 biological studies 69-89-6, Xanthine 71-00-1, Histidine, biological
 studies 73-22-3, Tryptophan, biological studies 73-40-5, Guanine
 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies

79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies
 97-59-6, Allantoin 110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies
 117-39-5, Quercetin 123-31-9, Hydroquinone, biological studies
 128-37-0, BHT, biological studies 149-91-7, Gallic acid, biological
 studies 463-40-1, .alpha.-Linolenic acid 471-53-4, Glycyrrhetic acid
 481-49-2, Cepharanthin 489-84-9, Guaiazulene 506-26-3,
 .gamma.-Linolenic acid 522-12-3, Quercitrin 564-73-8, Hinokiol
 635-65-4, Bilirubin, biological studies 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide,
 biological studies 1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizic acid 1406-16-2, Vitamin D
 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 6915-15-7, Malic acid
 7782-44-7, Oxygen, biological studies 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid
 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies 9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfate
 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 9056-36-4, Keratan sulfate 11103-57-4,
 Vitamin A 12001-76-2, Vitamin B 15307-79-6, Sodium diclofenac
 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 22071-15-4, Ketoprofen 24967-94-0,
Dermatan sulfate 25013-16-5, BHA 25378-27-2, Eicosapentaenoic
 acid
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical compns.)

L229 ANSWER 31 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:433153 HCPLUS

DN 127:55657

TI Collagenase inhibitors containing dicarboxylic acids

IN Sakaki, Sachiko; Masaki, Hitoshi

PA Noevir K. K., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K031-19

ICS A61K031-19; C12N009-99

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 7, 17, 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 09124472	A2	19970513	JP 1995-303897	19951027 <--
AB	Collagenase inhibitors contain .gtoreq.1 dicarboxylic acids. The inhibitors preferably contain chelating agents. The inhibitors are useful for treatment of aging- and UV-induced skin disorders, osteoporosis, corneal ulcer, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, etc., and promote wound healing. Azelaic acid (I) inhibited collagenase activity. A cream contg. I, 1,10-decamethylenedicarboxylic acid, and ascorbic acid promoted healing from surfactant-induced ulcer formed on the back of mice.				
ST	dicarboxylic acid collagenase inhibitor; chelating agent dicarboxylic acid collagenase inhibitor				
IT	Antiaging cosmetics Chelating agents Health food Wound healing promoters (collagenase inhibitors contg. dicarboxylic acids and optional chelating agents)				
IT	Sodium polyphosphates RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (collagenase inhibitors contg. dicarboxylic acids and optional chelating agents)				
IT	50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies 70-51-9, Deferoxamine 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies 110-94-1, Glutaric acid 111-16-0, Pimelic acid 111-20-6, Sebacic acid, biological studies 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies 124-04-9, Adipic acid, biological studies 139-33-3 505-48-6, Suberic				

acid 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 693-23-2,
 Dodecanedioic acid 1852-04-6, Undecanedioic acid 50813-16-6, Sodium
 Metaphosphate

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (collagenase inhibitors contg. dicarboxylic acids and optional
 chelating agents)

IT 9001-12-1, Collagenase

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (collagenase inhibitors contg. dicarboxylic acids and optional
 chelating agents)

L229 ANSWER 32 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:383489 HCAPLUS

DN 127:23560

TI Antiaging cosmetics containing aminoethyl compounds and alga
 extracts

IN Tominaga, Naoki

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan; Sogo Yatsuko K. K.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61K031-185; A61K035-80

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 11

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 09095415	A2	19970408	JP 1995-276830	19950929 <--
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AB . Antiaging cosmetics contain aminoethyl compds. such as
 2-aminoethylsulfonic acid and 2-aminoethylsulfinic acid in combination
 with alga exts. to inhibit skin collagen crosslinking. A
 skin lotion contained 2-aminoethylsulfonic acid 0.05,
 alga exts. 1.0, tocopherol acetate 0.01, glycerin 4.0, 1,3-butylene glycol
 4.0, ethanol 4.0, ethoxylated hardened castor oil 0.5, methylparaben 0.2,
 citric acid 0.05, Na citrate 0.1, perfumes 0.05, and
 purified water to 100 wt.%.

ST antiaging cosmetic aminoethyl compd alga ext

IT Algae

Antiaging cosmetics

(antiaging cosmetics contg. aminoethyl compds. and alga
 exts.)

IT Seaweed

(exts.; antiaging cosmetics contg. aminoethyl compds. and
 alga exts.)

IT 107-35-7, 2-Aminoethylsulfonic acid 300-84-5,

2-Aminoethylsulfinic acid

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(antiaging cosmetics contg. aminoethyl compds. and alga
 exts.)

L229 ANSWER 33 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:383488 HCAPLUS

DN 127:23559

TI Antiaging cosmetics containing aminoethyl compounds and tea
 extracts

IN Tominaga, Naoki

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan; Sogo Yatsuko K. K.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48; A61K031-185; A61K035-78
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 11
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 09095414	A2	19970408	JP 1995-276829	19950929 <--
AB	Antiaging cosmetics contain aminoethyl compds. such as 2-aminoethylsulfonic acid and 2-aminoethylsulfinic acid in combination with tea exts. to inhibit skin collagen crosslinking. A skin lotion contained 2-aminoethylsulfonic acid 0.05, tea exts. 1.0, tocopherol acetate 0.01, glycerin 4.0, 1,3-butyleneglycol 4.0, ethanol 4.0, ethoxylated hardened castor oil 0.5, methylparaben 0.2, citric acid 0.05, Na citrate 0.1, perfumes 0.05, and purified water to 100 wt.%.				
ST	antiaging cosmetic aminoethyl compd tea ext				
IT	Antiaging cosmetics Tea products (antiaging cosmetics contg. aminoethyl compds. and tea exts.)				
IT	Seaweed (exts.; antiaging cosmetics contg. aminoethyl compds. and alga exts.)				
IT	107-35-7, 2-Aminoethylsulfonic acid 300-84-5, 2-Aminoethylsulfinic acid RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antiaging cosmetics contg. aminoethyl compds. and tea exts.)				

L229 ANSWER 34 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1997:361733 HCAPLUS
 DN 126:334215
 TI Skin and hair cosmetic compositions containing amides for improving water retention
 IN Nakajima, Atsushi; Fukuda, Masataka; Morita, Takeshi; Uesaka, Toshio; Sadahiro, Tomoko
 PA Kao Corporation, Japan; Nakajima, Atsushi; Fukuda, Masataka; Morita, Takeshi; Uesaka, Toshio; Sadahiro, Tomoko
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-06
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9714401	A1	19970424	WO 1996-JP2982	19961015 <--
	W: CN, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
PRAI	JP 09110667	A2	19970428	JP 1995-267422	19951016 <--
	JP 09165313	A2	19970624	JP 1995-327224	19951215 <--
	JP 09208442	A2	19970812	JP 1996-13917	19960130 <--
	EP 805674	A1	19971112	EP 1996-933648	19961015 <--
	R: DE, FR, GB				
PRAI	JP 1995-267422	19951016 <--			
	JP 1995-327224	19951215 <--			
	JP 1996-13917	19960130 <--			
	WO 1996-JP2982	19961015 <--			
OS	MARPAT 126:334215				
AB	Cosmetic compns. comprising .gtoreq.1 amide HOCH ₂ CH(OH)CH ₂ OCH(CH ₂ OR ₁)CH ₂ N(R ₃ R ₄)C(O)R ₂ [I; R ₁ , R ₂ = C ₁₋₄ 0 (hydroxylated) hydrocarbyl; R ₃ = C ₁₋₆ alkylene, single bond; R ₄ = H, C ₁₋₁₂ alkoxy, HOCH ₂ CH(OH)CH ₂ O] or related compds. and .gtoreq.1 ingredient selected from polyhydric alcs., vegetable exts., and org. acids or salts thereof can enhance the water-retaining ability of the horny layer,				

decrease **skin** roughness, and prevent the formation of wrinkles. Thus, an oil-in-water-type **moisturizing lotion** contained I [R1 = C16H33, R2 = C13H27, R3 = (CH₂)₃, R4 = OMe] 3.0, cholesterol 0.5, 1-(2-hydroxyethylamino)-3-isostearylxyloxy-2-propanol 0.2, 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethylguanidine 0.5, cetyl alc. 1.0, Vaseline 2.0, squalane 5.0, dimethylpolysiloxane 2.0, glycerol 4.0, 1,3-propanediol 2.0, PEG-20 sorbitan monooleate 0.5, sorbitan monostearate 0.3, tuberose acid polysaccharide 5.0, cholesteryl mono-n-hexadecenyl succinate 1.0, stearyl glycyrrhetinate 1.0, tocopherol 1.0, succinic acid 0.55, NaH₂PO₄ 0.9, Carbopol 940 0.15, KOH 0.045, and water to 100.0%.

ST amide polyol **skin** humectant

IT Catalpa
 (Japanese, ext.; **skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns.
 contg. amides for improving water retention)

IT Polianthes
 (acidic heteropolysaccharide of callus of; **skin** and hair
cosmetic compns. contg. amides for improving water retention)

IT Alkyl glycosides
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (alkoxylated; **skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns. contg.
 amides for improving water retention)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (dicarboxylic, monoesters; **skin** and hair **cosmetic**
 compns. contg. amides for improving water retention)

IT Sterols
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (esters, with dicarboxylic acids; **skin** and hair
cosmetic compns. contg. amides for improving water retention)

IT Agrimony

Citrus

Euphorbia lathyris

Hamamelis

Peony

Plectranthus glaucocalyx

Thujopsis dolabrata
 (ext.; **skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns. contg. amides
 for improving water retention)

IT Plant (Embryophyta)
 (exts.; **skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns. contg.
 amides for improving water retention)

IT Acidic polysaccharides
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (hetero-; **skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns. contg.
 amides for improving water retention)

IT Conditioning shampoos

Cosmetics

Hair conditioners

Hair preparations

Humectants

Moisturizers (**cosmetics**)

Skin creams
 (**skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns. contg. amides for
 improving water retention)

IT Amides, biological studies

Carboxylic acids, biological studies

Polyhydric alcohols

Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (**skin** and hair **cosmetic** compns. contg. amides for
 improving water retention)

IT Cosmetics

(wrinkle-preventing; skin and hair cosmetic compns.

contg. amides for improving water retention)

IT 50-21-5, biological studies 50-70-4, D-Glucitol, biological studies 50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies 52-90-4, L-Cysteine, biological studies 56-12-2, .gamma.-Aminobutyric acid, biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7, L-Alanine, biological studies 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 56-84-8, L-Aspartic acid, biological studies 56-85-9, L-Glutamine, biological studies 56-86-0, L-Glutamic acid, biological studies 57-10-3, Hexadecanoic acid, biological studies 57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, biological studies 57-48-7, D-Fructose, biological studies 57-50-1, Sucrose, biological studies 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, biological studies 60-33-3, 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (Z,Z)-, biological studies 70-47-3, L-Asparagine, biological studies 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 79-14-1, biological studies 87-99-0, Xylitol 107-21-1, 1,2-Ethanediol, biological studies 107-88-0, 1,3-Butylene glycol 110-15-6, Butanedioic acid, biological studies 110-16-7, 2-Butenedioic acid (Z)-, biological studies 110-17-8, 2-Butenedioic acid (E)-, biological studies 110-63-4, 1,4-Butanediol, biological studies 110-94-1, Pentanedioic acid 141-82-2, Malonic acid, biological studies 149-32-6 463-40-1, Linolenic acid 504-63-2, 1,3-Propanediol 506-32-1, Arachidonic acid 544-63-8, Myristic acid, biological studies 585-88-6, Maltitol 617-73-2, 2-Hydroxyoctanoic acid 1109-28-0, Maltotriose 7493-90-5, Threitol 9004-53-9D, Dextrin, limit, reduced 25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 25322-68-3 30399-84-9, Isooctadecanoic acid 56090-54-1, Triglycerol 56491-53-3, Tetraglycerol 59113-36-9, Diglycerol

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(skin and hair cosmetic compns. contg. amides for improving water retention)

L229 ANSWER 35 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:276777 HCAPLUS

DN 126:320918

TI Cosmetic compositions containing N-acyl-ethylene-triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation

IN Ptchelintsev, Dmitri

PA Avon Products, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 6 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A01N037-12

ICS A61K031-195

NCL 514561000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 23

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5621008	A	19970415	US 1995-549419	19951027 <--
	US 5728733	A	19980317	US 1996-762716	19961210 <--

PRAI US 1995-549419 19951027 <--

OS MARPAT 126:320918

AB Disclosed is the novel use of N-acyl-N,N',N'-ethylenediaminetriacetic acids and N-acyl-N,N',N'-(ethylenedioxy) diethylenedinitrilotriacetic acids as active ingredients in preventative as well as therapeutic topical compns. to promote exfoliation and alleviate symptoms of skin conditions caused by abnormal keratinization. Efficacy of a 0.2% hydroalcl. soln. of N-lauroyl-N,N',N''-ethylenediaminetriacetic acid in exfoliation of skin was shown in human volunteers. A lotion contained sodium N-acyl-N,N',N'-ethylenediaminetriacetic 1.0, glycerin 5.0, ammonium hydroxide 2.5, thickener 0.5,

octylmethoxycinnamate 2.0, polyoxyethylene stearate 3.5, alc. 10.0,
fragrance 10.0, water q.s. 100%.

ST cosmetic acyl ethylenetriacetic acid **skin exfoliation**

IT Keratins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(agents for lysis of; **cosmetic** compns. contg.
acylethylenetriacetic acids for promotion of **skin**
exfoliation)

IT **Skin diseases**
(corn; **cosmetic** compns. contg. acylethylenetriacetic acids
for promotion of **skin exfoliation**)

IT Analgesics
Antiaging cosmetics
Antibiotics
Dandruff
Fungicides
Lotions (cosmetics)
Perfumes
Skin creams
Sunscreens
Suntanning agents
(**cosmetic** compns. contg. acylethylenetriacetic acids for
promotion of **skin exfoliation**)

IT Ceramides
Essential fatty acids
Hormones (animal), biological studies
Retinoids
Steroids, biological studies
Tocopherols
Vitamins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. contg. acylethylenetriacetic acids for
promotion of **skin exfoliation**)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
Paraffin oils
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. contg. acylethylenetriacetic acids for
promotion of **skin exfoliation**)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(di-Me, Me hydrogen polysiloxane-; **cosmetic** compns. contg.
acylethylenetriacetic acids for promotion of **skin**
exfoliation)

IT Polysiloxanes, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(di-Me, Me hydrogen, polyoxyalkylene-; **cosmetic** compns.
contg. acylethylenetriacetic acids for promotion of **skin**
exfoliation)

IT Cyclosiloxanes
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(di-Me; **cosmetic** compns. contg. acylethylenetriacetic acids
for promotion of **skin exfoliation**)

IT **Skin diseases**
(dry skin; **cosmetic** compns. contg.
acylethylenetriacetic acids for promotion of **skin**
exfoliation)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydroxy; **cosmetic** compns. contg.
acylethylenetriacetic acids for promotion of **skin**

exfoliation)

IT Skin diseases
 (ichthyosis; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT Skin diseases
 (keratinization; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxo; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT Radicals, biological studies
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (scavengers; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT Exfoliation
 (skin; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT Foot
 (toe, disease, corn; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT Cosmetics
 (wrinkle-preventing; cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT 50-23-7, Hydrocortisone 50-27-1, Estradiol 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 50-81-7, Vitamin c, biological studies 58-95-7, Tocopheryl acetate 60-54-8, Tetracycline 68-26-8, Retinol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 73-31-4, Melatonin 79-81-2, Retinyl palmitate 94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 96-26-4, Dihydroxyacetone 106-51-4, 2,5-Cyclohexadiene-1,4-dione, biological studies 114-07-8, Erythromycin 137-58-6, Lidocaine 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 501-30-4, Kojic acid 688-57-3D, N-acyl derivs. 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 2398-96-1, Tolnaftate 11111-12-9, Cephalosporin 12001-79-5, Vitamin k 22916-47-8, Miconazole 23593-75-1, Clotrimazole 65277-42-1, Ketoconazole 65472-88-0, Naftifine 102641-08-7, Bth 148124-42-9
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

IT 56-81-5, Glycerin, biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide 5466-77-3 9004-99-3, Polyoxyethylene stearate 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, biological studies 15087-24-8, Benzylidene camphor 70356-09-1, Parsol 1789
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. contg. acylethylene triacetic acids for promotion of skin exfoliation)

L229 ANSWER 36 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:267030 HCAPLUS

DN 126:255278

TI Cosmetics containing hydroxycarboxylic acids and plant extracts

IN Dampeirou, Christian

PA C3d Sarl, Fr.

SO Fr. Demande, 28 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K035-78
 ICI A61K035-78, A61K031-335, A61K031-19
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	FR 2736263	A1	19970110	FR 1995-8242	19950707 <--
	FR 2736263	B1	19970926		
	WO 9702807	A1	19970130	WO 1996-FR1051	19960705 <--
	W: CN, JP, KR, US				
	CN 1195285	A	19981007	CN 1996-196759	19960705 <--
	JP 11508910	T2	19990803	JP 1996-505552	19960705 <--
	US 6190664	B1	20010220	US 1998-981701	19980206 <--

PRAI FR 1995-8242 19950707 <--
 WO 1996-FR1051 19960705 <--

AB Cosmetic compns. with depigmentation activity contain a mixt. of hydroxycarboxylic acids or their derivs., at least 1 component chosen from e.g., kojic acid, caffeic acid, fusaric acid, and an active component from the exts. of plants such as Morus alba, lemon, Gingko biloba, ginseng. Thus, a compn. contained kojic acid 10, EDTA 0.5, Na sulfite 0.3, Na metabisulfite 0.3, glycolic acid 28.5, and exts. from Tanlex VB 2, Saxifraga 1, naringin (ext. from grape-fruit) 0.75, Sohakuhi 7.5, Morus alba 13, lemon 2.5, and water 0.5%. The effectiveness of this compn. in depigmentation of skin was demonstrated in rats.

ST cosmetic hydroxycarboxylate plant ext; carboxylate hydroxy cosmetic plant ext

IT Aloe ferox

Barberry

Birch

Calluna

Corn

Cosmetics

Cucumber

Drug delivery systems

Eclipta alba

Elder

Ginkgo biloba

Ginseng

Grapefruit

Hop

Laminaria

Lemon

Lettuce

Licorice (Glycyrrhiza)

Linden

Matricaria

Mulberry

Mulberry (Morus alba)

Plant (Embryophyta)

Poria cocos

Rose

Sage

Sanguisorba

Saxifraga

Scutellaria

Skin creams

Soybean

Spirulina

Strawberry

Vegetable

(cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids
 and plant exts.)

IT Ceramides

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids
 and plant exts.)

IT Skin pigmentation disorders
 (depigmentation; cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids
 and plant exts.)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy; cosmetics contg.
 hydroxycarboxylic acids and plant exts.)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids
 and plant exts.)

IT 11042-64-1, .gamma.-Oryzanol
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids
 and plant exts.)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
 79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies
 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies 331-39-5, Caffeic acid
 501-30-4, Kojic acid 536-69-6, Fusaric acid 6915-15-7,
 Malic acid 28805-76-7, Aminobutyric acid 31883-16-6,
 5-Hydroxy-2-hydroxymethyl-.gamma.-pyridone
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids
 and plant exts.)

L229 ANSWER 37 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:218613 HCAPLUS

DN 126:216458

TI Cosmetic compositions for topical delivery of active ingredients containing surfactants

IN McAtee, David Michael; Albacarys, Lourdes Dessus; Listro, Joseph Anthony

PA Procter & Gamble Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-50

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9703648	A1	19970206	WO 1996-US11789	19960717 <--
	W: AU, CA, CN, CZ, JP, KR, MX RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 5665364	A	19970909	US 1995-506149	19950724 <--
	CA 2227956	AA	19970206	CA 1996-2227956	19960717 <--
	AU 9666770	A1	19970218	AU 1996-66770	19960717 <--
	AU 706920	B2	19990701		
	EP 841899	A1	19980520	EP 1996-926730	19960717 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
	CN 1195980	A	19981014	CN 1996-196874	19960717 <--
	JP 11509553	T2	19990824	JP 1996-506809	19960717 <--
	US 5811111	A	19980922	US 1997-833016	19970403 <--
PRAI	US 1995-506149	19950724	<--		
	WO 1996-US11789	19960717	<--		
OS	MARPAT	126:216458			
AB	The compns. of the present invention are useful for the topical delivery				

of a wide variety of active ingredients. These compns. are particularly useful for treating conditions such as acne and its attendant skin lesions, blemishes, and other imperfections. These compns. are nonirritating to the skin and also provide skin feel benefits. These compns. can be in the form of leave-on products and products that are rinsed or wiped from the skin after use. A cleansing gel contained glycerin 4.00, Na2EDTA, dimethicone 0.20, PVP/MA decadiene cross-polymer 1.00, **glycolic acid** 2.00, sodium hydroxide 0.80, cetyl di-Me betaine 1.00, sodium lauryl sulfate 0.5, and water q.s. 100%.

ST **cosmetic** cleansing compn surfactant

IT Sulfobetaines

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cocoamidopropyl hydroxy deriv.; **cosmetic** compns. for topical delivery of active ingredients contg. surfactants)

IT **Acne**

Amphoteric surfactants

Anionic surfactants

Cationic surfactants

Cosmetic gels

Humectants

Lotions (**cosmetics**)

Skin cleansers

(**cosmetic** compns. for topical delivery of active ingredients contg. surfactants)

IT 50-21-5, **Lactic acid**, biological studies

50-23-7, Hydrocortisone 56-81-5, Glycerol, biological studies 68-26-8,

Retinol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 79-14-1,

Glycolic acid, biological studies 83-86-3, Phytic acid

94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 96-26-4, Dihydroxyacetone

101-20-2, 3,4,4'-Trichlorocarbanilide 107-43-7D, Betaine,

cocoamidopropyl deriv. 108-46-3, Resorcinol, biological studies

122-99-6, Phenoxyethanol 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies

131-57-7, Oxybenzone 137-16-6, Sodium lauroyl sarcosinate 151-21-3,

Sodium lauryl sulfate, biological studies 302-79-4, trans-Retinoic acid

616-91-1, n-Acetyl **cysteine** 693-33-4 770-35-4,

Phenoxyisopropanol 820-66-6, Stearyldimethyl betaine 1120-01-0,

Sodiumcetyl sulfate 3380-34-5, 2,4,4'-Trichloro-2'-hydroxydiphenyl ether

4759-48-2 6180-61-6 7381-01-3, Sodiumlauroyl isethionate 15687-27-1,

Ibuprofen 22204-53-1, Naproxen 27503-81-7, 2-Phenylbenzimidazole-5-

sulfonic acid 57267-78-4D, Ammonium isethionate, cocoacyl derives.

57828-26-9, Lipoic acid

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)

(**cosmetic** compns. for topical delivery of active ingredients contg. surfactants)

L229 ANSWER 38 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:218612 HCPLUS

DN 126:216457

TI Topical **cosmetic** compositions having improved skin feel containing surfactants

IN McAtee, David Michael; Albacarys, Lourdes Dessus; Hasenoehrl, Eric John; Listro, Joseph Anthony

PA Procter & Gamble Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-50

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI. WO 9703647	A1	19970206	WO 1996-US11788	19960717 <--

W: AU, CA, CN, CZ, JP, KR, MX
 RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
 US 5607980 A 19970304 US 1995-505988 19950724 <--
 CA 2227967 AA 19970206 CA 1996-2227967 19960717 <--
 AU 9666769 A1 19970218 AU 1996-66769 19960717 <--
 AU 706358 B2 19990617
 EP 841898 A1 19980520 EP 1996-926729 19960717 <--
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
 CN 1200030 A 19981125 CN 1996-196875 19960717 <--
 JP 11509552 T2 19990824 JP 1996-506808 19960717 <--
 PRAI US 1995-505988 19950724 <--
 WO 1996-US11788 19960717 <--
 OS MARPAT 126:216457

AB Topical cosmetic compns. having improved skin feel are claimed. These compns. can be in the form of leave-on products or products that are rinsed or wiped from the skin after use. These compns. are also useful for conditioning, desquamating, and cleansing the skin and for relieving dry skin. A topical personal care compn. comprising: (a) from 0.1 % to 20 % by wt. of an amphoteric surfactant R1[CONH(CH₂)_m]nN+R2R3R₄X (R₁ = C₉-22 alkyls; m = 1-3; n = 0, 1; R₂, R₃ = C₁-3 alkyl, monohydroxyalkyl; R₄ = C₁-5 alkyl, monohydroxyalkyl; X = CO₂, SO₃, and SO₄) and pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the foregoing compds.; (b) from 0.1 % to 20 % by wt. of an anionic surfactant; (c) from 0.1 % to 15 % by wt. of a cationic surfactant; and (d) from 0.1 % to 99.7 % by wt. water. Formulations of various cosmetic cleansers are disclosed.

ST topical cosmetic skin feel surfactant

IT Sulfoacetaines

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cocoamidopropyl hydroxy deriv.; topical cosmetic compns.
having improved skin feel contg. surfactants)

IT Amphoteric surfactants

Anionic surfactants

Cationic surfactants

Cosmetic gels

Humectants

Lotions (cosmetics)

Skin cleansers

(topical cosmetic compns. having improved skin feel
contg. surfactants)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies

50-23-7, Hydrocortisone 56-81-5, Glycerol, biological studies 68-26-8,

Retinol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 79-14-1,

Glycolic acid, biological studies 83-86-3, Phytic acid

94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 96-26-4, Dihydroxyacetone

101-20-2, 3,4,4'-Trichlorocarbanilide 107-43-7D, Betaine,

cocoamidopropyl deriv. 108-46-3, Resorcinol, biological studies

122-99-6, Phenoxyethanol 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies

131-57-7, Oxybenzone 137-16-6, Sodium lauroyl sarcosinate 151-21-3,

Sodium lauryl sulfate, biological studies 302-79-4, trans-Retinoic acid

616-91-1, n-Acetyl cysteine 693-33-4, Cetyl betaine

770-35-4, Phenoxyisopropanol 820-66-6, Stearyltrimethyl betaine

1120-01-0, Sodiumcetyl sulfate 3380-34-5, 2,4,4'-Trichloro-2'-

hydroxydiphenyl ether 4759-48-2, 13 cis-Retinoic acid 6180-61-6

7381-01-3, Sodiumlauroyl isethionate 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 22204-53-1,

Naproxen 27503-81-7, 2-Phenylbenzimidazole-5-sulfonic acid

57267-78-4D, Ammonium isethionate, cocoacyl derives. 57828-26-9, Lipoic acid

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(topical cosmetic compns. having improved skin feel
contg. surfactants)

DN 126:135447
 TI Alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of **skin aging**
 IN Yu, Ruey J.; Van Scott, Eugene J.
 PA Yu, Ruey J., USA; Van Scott, Eugene J.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-44
 CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63
 FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9640047	A1	19961219	WO 1996-US8605	19960606 <--
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA				
	JP 3016588	B2	20000306	JP 1991-505539	19910121 <--
	US 5686489	A	19971111	US 1995-486045	19950607 <--
	AU 9660357	A1	19961230	AU 1996-60357	19960606 <--
	AU 701517	B2	19990128		
	EP 831767	A1	19980401	EP 1996-917991	19960606 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI				
	US 6051609	A	20000418	US 1998-222997	19981230
	US 6191167	B1	20010220	US 1999-255702	19990223
PRAI	US 1995-486045		19950607 <--		
	US 1986-945680		19861223 <--		
	US 1990-467958		19900122 <--		
	WO 1991-US412		19910121 <--		
	WO 1996-US8605		19960606 <--		
	US 1997-926030		19970909		
	US 1997-998864		19971229		
	US 1998-185608		19981104		
OS	MARPAT 126:135447				
AB	Alpha hydroxyacid esters and related compds. on topical application induced increased skin thickness due to new biosynthesis of dermal components including glycosaminoglycans, proteoglycans, collagen and elastin. Such dermal effects are desirable and beneficial for topical use and treatment of aging related integumental changes including age spots, skin lines , wrinkles, photoaging and aging skin . Thus, 30 g tri-Et citrate (I) and 5 mL propylene glycol were mixed with 65 g of a hydrophilic ointment until a consistent cream was obtained. Efficacy of formulations contg. I in treatment of skin disorders is disclosed.				
ST	hydroxyacid ester skin aging cosmetic ; skin disorder ethyl citrate cream				
IT	Tocopherols				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(Tocopherol; alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)				
IT	Antiaging cosmetics				
	(alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)				
IT	Collagens, biological studies				
	Glycosaminoglycans, biological studies				
	Proteoglycans, biological studies				
	Skin creams				
	RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)				
IT	Coal tar				

Elastins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (esters; alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)

IT **Cosmetics**

(wrinkle-preventing; alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)

IT **50-21-5D, esters 50-81-7D, Ascorbic**

acid, esters 76-93-7D, esters 77-92-9D, esters 77-95-2D, Quinic acid, esters 79-14-1D, esters 80-69-3D, esters 87-69-4D, esters 89-65-6D, Isoascorbic acid, esters 90-64-2D, esters 96-82-2D, Lactobionic acid, esters 300-85-6D, 3-Hydroxybutanoic acid, esters 320-77-4D, Isocitric acid, esters 473-81-4D, 2,3-Dihydroxypropanoic acid, esters 515-30-0D, esters 526-95-4D, Gluconic acid, esters 526-99-8D, Galactaric acid, esters 544-57-0D, 2-Hydroxytetracosanoic acid, esters 552-63-6D, Tropic acid, esters 594-61-6D, 2-Methyl lactic acid, esters 597-44-4D, Citramalic acid, esters 600-15-7D, 2-Hydroxybutanoic acid, esters 617-31-2D, 2-Hydroxypentanoic acid, esters 617-73-2D, 2-Hydroxyoctanoic acid, esters 629-22-1D, 2-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, esters 636-69-1D, 2-Hydroxyheptanoic acid, esters 666-99-9D, Agaricic acid, esters 685-73-4D, D-Galacturonic acid, esters 764-67-0D, 2-Hydroxyhexadecanoic acid, esters 828-01-3D, esters 1112-33-0D, Pantoic acid, esters 1713-85-5D, Chlorolactic acid, esters 2507-55-3D, 2-Hydroxytetradecanoic acid, esters 2782-86-7D, Heptonic acid, esters 2984-55-6D, 2-Hydroxydodecanoic acid, esters 3402-98-0D, Iduronic acid, esters 3956-93-2D, Idonic acid, esters 5393-81-7D, 2-Hydroxydecanoic acid, esters 6064-63-7D, 2-Hydroxyhexanoic acid, esters 6556-12-3D, D-Glucuronic acid, esters 6814-36-4D, Mannuronic acid, esters 6906-37-2D, Mannonic acid, esters 6915-15-7D, esters 7007-81-0D, Trethocanic acid, esters 7558-19-2D, Hexanic acid, esters 7760-07-8D, Hexonic acid, esters 10191-35-2D, 2,3,4-Trihydroxybutanoic acid, esters 13171-74-9D, Pentonic acid, esters 13382-27-9D, Galactonic acid, esters 13752-83-5D, Arabinonic acid, esters 15769-56-9D, Guluronic acid, esters 15896-36-3D, 2-Hydroxynonanoic acid, esters 16742-48-6D, 2-Hydroxyeicosanoic acid, esters 17812-24-7D, Ribonic acid, esters 17828-56-7D, Xyloonic acid, esters 18299-27-9D, Aleuritic acid, esters 19790-86-4D, 2-Hydroxyundecanoic acid, esters 20246-52-0D, Talonic acid, esters 20246-53-1D, Gulonic acid, esters 23351-51-1D, Glucoheptonic acid, esters 24871-35-0D, Altronic acid, esters 25525-21-7D, Glucaric acid, esters 28223-40-7D, Lyxonic acid, esters 28223-42-9D, Allonic acid, esters 28223-51-0D, Alluronic acid, esters 28223-52-1D, Taluronic acid, esters 30923-19-4D, Lyxuronic acid, esters 30923-20-7D, Riburonic acid, esters 30923-21-8D, Xyluronic acid, esters 30923-39-8D, Arabinuronic acid, esters 35388-57-9D, Piscidic acid, esters 38742-06-2D, Hexulosonic acid, esters 73689-06-2D, esters 84710-55-4D, Threuronic acid, esters 84710-56-5D, Eryththuronic acid, esters 84710-57-6D, Altruronic acid, esters 136599-01-4D, esters

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)

IT 50-03-3, Hydrocortisone 21 acetate 50-23-7, Hydrocortisone 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil 55-56-1, Chlorhexidine 57-41-0, Phenytoin 58-32-2, Dipyridamole 58-73-1, Diphenhydramine 58-95-7, Tocopheryl acetate 59-01-8, Kanamycin 59-46-1, Procaine 60-54-8, Tetracycline 68-26-8, Retinol 76-25-5, Triamcinolone acetonide 79-81-2, Retinyl palmitate 94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 114-07-8, Erythromycin

118-60-5, Octyl salicylate 123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol, biological studies
 123-31-9D, 1,4-Benzenediol, monomethyl and benzyl ethers 126-07-8,
 Griseofulvin 127-47-9, Retinyl acetate 131-53-3, Dioxybenzone
 131-57-7, Oxybenzone 137-58-6, Lidocaine 140-65-8, Pramoxine
 150-13-0, p-Aminobenzoic acid 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 356-12-7,
 Fluocinonide 443-48-1, Metronidazole 483-63-6, Crotamiton 1400-61-9,
 Nystatin 1404-04-2, Neomycin 2152-44-5, Betamethasone valerate
 5466-77-3 5593-20-4, Betamethasone dipropionate 10118-90-8,
 Minocycline 12633-72-6, Amphotericin 13463-41-7, Zinc pyrithione
 13609-67-1, Hydrocortisone 17-butyrate 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen
 16110-51-3, Cromolyn 18323-44-9, Clindamycin 22204-53-1, Naproxen
 22916-47-8, Miconazole 23593-75-1, Clotrimazole 25122-46-7, Clobetasol
 propionate 27220-47-9, Econazole 38304-91-5, Minoxidil 56093-45-9,
 Selenium sulfide 57524-89-7, Hydrocortisone 17 valerate 58817-05-3
 59277-89-3, Acyclovir 65277-42-1, Ketoconazole
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (alpha hydroxyacid esters for treatment of skin aging)

L229 ANSWER 40 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:107334 HCAPLUS

DN 126:122314

TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing Brassica extracts

IN Naito, Kazufumi; Yamada, Katsuhisa; Sawaki, Shigeru

PA Kyoei Chemical Ind, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 11

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

PI JP 08325130 A2 19961210 JP 1995-130465 19950529 <--

AB Skin-lightening cosmetics contg. Brassica exts.

(showing inhibitory effects on tyrosinase and lipoxygenase activities) are claimed. A lotion contained ascorbic acid

phosphate magnesium salt 2.0, ethanol 10.0, glycerin 3

.0, 1,3-butylene glycol 2.0, citric acid

0.1, sodium citrate 0.3, carboxyvinyl polymer 0.1, the ext. 10.0

parts and purified water q.s.

ST skin lightening cosmetic Brassica ext

IT Brassica campestris

Brassica hirta

Brassica juncea

Brassica nigra

Skin-lightening cosmetics

(skin-lightening cosmetics contg. Brassica exts.)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase 9029-60-1, Lipoxygenase

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use,

unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(inhibitors; skin-lightening cosmetics contg.

Brassica exts.)

L229 ANSWER 41 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:107069 HCAPLUS

DN 126:122295

TI Skin and hair preparations with good moisturizing property

IN Yamamoto, Kazumi

PA Yamamoto Kazumi, Japan; Nippon Kankyo Yakuhin Kk

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-06; A61K007-50
 CC 62-1 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08325134	A2	19961210	JP 1995-152648	19950526 <--

PI AB Skin and hair preps. contain lactic acid, Ca lactate, ascorbic acid, mineral-contg. water, and Me benzoate. The preps. remove damaged stratum cornea by scrubbing and moisturize the skin and hair. Lactic acid, Ca lactate, ascorbic acid, Me benzoate, and com. available mineral water contg. Ca, P, Mg, S, Si, K, Fe, Zn, Mn, etc., were mixed, dried, and pulverized into powders.
 ST skin hair prep lactate ascorbate moisturizer ; methyl benzoate calcium lactate moisturizer cosmetic ; mineral water ascorbate skin hair prep
 IT Mineral waters (in skin and hair preps. with good moisturizing property)
 IT Hair preparations
Moisturizers (cosmetics)
Powders (cosmetics)
 (skin and hair preps. with good moisturizing property)
 IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 93-58-3, Methyl benzoate 814-80-2, Calcium lactate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (in skin and hair preps. with good moisturizing property)

L229 ANSWER 42 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:93425 HCAPLUS
 DN 126:108673
 TI Skin-care bath preparations containing moisturizers
 IN Nakamura, Kenji; Nakagawa, Momoki
 PA Nakamura Kenji, Japan; Nakagawa Momoki
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-50
 ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08319230	A2	19961203	JP 1995-148166	19950523 <--

PI AB The title preps. contain moisturizers comprising reaction products of carboxylic acid-modified chitosan with hydrolyzed collagen. Powd. chitosan was treated with lactic acid in H₂O at 40.degree. for 5 h, then treated with hydrolyzed collagen at 30.degree. for 3 h to give a moisturizer. The moisturizer was mixed with Na₂CO₃, vitamins, and Ag zeolite and molded into a bath prepn.
 ST moisturizer acylated chitosan collagen bath prep
 IT Zeolites (synthetic), biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Ag; bath preps. contg. silver-contg. bactericides and moisturizers prep'd. from acylated chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen)
 IT Bath preparations

Moisturizers (cosmetics)

(bath prepns. contg. **moisturizers** prepd. from acylated chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen)

IT Antibacterial agents

(bath prepns. contg. silver-contg. bactericides and **moisturizers** prepd. from acylated chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen)

IT Collagens, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (hydrolyzates, reaction products with acylated chitosan; bath prepns.
 contg. **moisturizers** prepd. from acylated chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (reaction product with chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen; bath prepns.
 contg. **moisturizers** prepd. from acylated chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen)

IT 50-21-5DP, reaction products with chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen

50-81-7DP, **Ascorbic acid**, reaction products
 with chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen 77-92-9DP, **Citric acid**, reaction products with chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen
 124-04-9DP, Hexanedioic acid, reaction products with chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen 6915-15-7DP, reaction products with chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen 9012-76-4DP, Chitosan, reaction products with carboxylic acids and hydrolyzed collagen
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (bath prepns. contg. **moisturizers** prepd. from acylated chitosan and hydrolyzed collagen)

L229 ANSWER 43 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1997:44459 HCPLUS

DN 126:65184

TI Cosmetics containing novel **ascorbic acid** derivatives

IN Motoyoshi, Katsuhiro; Suzuki, Toshimitsu

PA Pola Kasei Kogyo Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

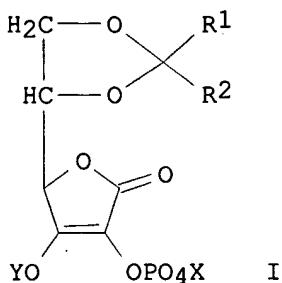
IC ICM C07F009-655

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-48; C07D407-04

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and **Cosmetics**)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08269074	A2	19961015	JP 1995-96259	19950329 <--
OS MARPAT				
GI				



AB Cosmetics esp. for rough skin contain novel ascorbic acid derivs. (I) [R1-2 = H, alkyl, (un)substituted Ph, or linkage; X, Y = Mg or other metal, org. amines] in addn. to other ingredients. 5,6-O-benzylideneascorbic acid phosphate K salt was prep'd. by reaction of L-ascorbic acid with benzylidenedimethylacetal to form 6-O-benzylideneascorbic acid and then reaction with phosphorus oxychloride and KOH to yield 5,6-O-benzylideneascorbic acid phosphate K salt. A cosmetic lotion contain 5,6-O-benzylideneascorbic acid phosphate K salt 0.5, sodium citrate 0.15, citric acid 0.1, perfumes 0.05, Et paraben 0.05, ethoxylated hardened castor oil 1, 1,3-butylene glycol 2, ethanol 15 and purified water to 100 parts.

ST cosmetic ascorbic acid deriv prep'n

IT Cosmetic emulsions

Cosmetics

Lotions (cosmetics)

Skin creams

(cosmetics contg. novel ascorbic acid derivs.)

IT Skin diseases

(rough skin; cosmetics contg. novel ascorbic acid derivs.)

IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, reactions

10025-87-3, Phosphorus oxychloride 184356-58-9 184356-59-0

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(cosmetics contg. novel ascorbic acid derivs.)

IT 15042-01-0P 184356-60-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(cosmetics contg. novel ascorbic acid derivs.)

IT 185077-00-3P 185077-01-4P 185226-04-4P 185226-05-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cosmetics contg. novel ascorbic acid derivs.)

L229 ANSWER 44 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:607483 HCPLUS

DN 125:230177

TI Cosmetic compositions having containing plant extracts for skin depigmentation

IN Hanna, Raja

PA Hanna, Claude, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K035-78

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9624327	A1	19960815	WO 1996-FR211	19960208 <--
	W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	FR 2730408	A1	19960814	FR 1995-1498	19950209 <--
	FR 2730408	B1	19970905		
	AU 9647232	A1	19960827	AU 1996-47232	19960208 <--
PRAI	FR 1995-1498		19950209 <--		
	WO 1996-FR211		19960208 <--		
AB	Compns. and preps. having depigmenting activity, and the pharmaceutical and cosmetic uses thereof, are disclosed. Such plant-based compns. regulate skin pigmentation and essentially comprise a fruit exts., aq. exts., or hydroalcoholic exts. of Punica granatum, Terminalia chebula, T. bellerica, Phyllanthus emblica, and Cydonia oblonga, contg. at least one .alpha.-hydroxyacid, ascorbic acid , and at least one polyphenol as the active ingredients. The juices have tyrosinase inhibition activity. Thus 100 kg of fresh fruits of Punica g. was pressed to obtain 72 kg juices which was filtered and lyophilized. A lotion contained glycerol stearate 3, cetostearylalc. 2, ethoxylated cetostearylalc. 3, glycerol monooleate 0.5, octyldodecanol 10, dioctylcyclohexane 6, lyophilized Punica g. exts. 1, mixt. of nipaesters in phenoxyethanol 0.5, fragrances 0.2, and water q.s. 73.8%.				
ST	cosmetic pharmaceutical plant ext skin depigmentation; lotion Punica ext skin depigmentation				
IT	Pomegranate Terminalia bellirica Terminalia chebula (cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Embllic (ext.; cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Quince (Cydonia oblonga, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Cosmetics (creams, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Skin, disease (depigmentation, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Cosmetics (emulsions, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Cosmetics (gels, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Carboxylic acids, biological studies RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses) (hydroxy, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	Cosmetics (lotions, cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)				
IT	50-81-7, Ascorbic acid , biological studies 27073-41-2 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU				

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)

IT 64-17-5, Ethanol, uses 67-56-1, Methanol, uses 67-64-1, Acetone, uses 78-93-3, Methyl ethyl ketone, uses
 RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (inhibitors; cosmetic compns. having contg. plant exts. for skin depigmentation)

L229 ANSWER 45 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:567279 HCAPLUS

DN 125:204120

TI Sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin

IN Hikima, Toshio; Oota, Cheko

PA Kanebo Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K035-72

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 08188517	A2	19960723	JP 1995-18657	19950110 <--
AB	Sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin comprise baker's yeast exts. with/without astringents selected from citric acid, tartaric acid, lactic acid, malic acid, zinc p-phenolsulfonate, aluminum chlorhydroxide and tannin. A skin lotion contained ethanol 10.0, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate 0.5, perfumes 0.05, glycerin 5.0, Saccharomyces cerevisiae exts. 0.1, and purified water 84.35 wt.%.				
ST	sebum secretion inhibitor oily skin; Saccharomyces ext sebum inhibitor oily skin; astringent sebum inhibitor oily skin				
IT	Saccharomyces cerevisiae (exts.; sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)				
IT	Skin, disease (oily skin; sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)				
IT	Astringents Sebum (sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)				
IT	Tannins RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)				
IT	Cosmetics (skin; sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)				
IT	Yeast (bakers', exts.; sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)				
IT	50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies 87-69-4, biological studies 127-82-2, Zinc p-phenolsulfonate 1327-41-9, Aluminum chlorhydroxide 6915-15-7, Malic acid RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				

(sebum secretion inhibitors for improvement of oily skin)

L229 ANSWER 46 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1996:494351 HCAPLUS

DN 125:150781

TI Anti-irritant skin formulations containing potassium or lithium cations

IN Hahn, Gary Scott; Thueson, David Orel

PA Cosmederm Technologies, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9619181	A1	19960627	WO 1995-US16751	19951221 <--
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5756107	A	19980526	US 1994-362055	19941221 <--
	CA 2208079	AA	19960627	CA 1995-2208079	19951221 <--
	AU 9646060	A1	19960710	AU 1996-46060	19951221 <--
	EP 796078	A1	19970924	EP 1995-944196	19951221 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				

PRAI US 1994-362055 19941221 <--

WO 1995-US16751 19951221 <--

AB Cosmetic and pharmaceutical compns. for inhibiting skin irritation attributable to chem. irritants or environment conditions, contain an anti-irritant amt. of aq.-sol. potassium or lithium cation. A soln. of 250 mM lithium acetate decreased the skin irritation caused by application of 7.5% lactic acid in 10% ethanol by 70%.

ST antiirritant skin formulation potassium lithium cation;
cosmetic skin irritation potassium lithium cation;
 pharmaceutical skin irritation potassium lithium cation

IT Antiperspirants

Asthma

Bath preparations

Burn

Deodorants

Dermatitis**Eczema**

Hair preparations

Infection

Insect repellents

Mouthwashes

Pruritus**Psoriasis**

Shampoos

Sunscreens

(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Alcohols, biological studies

Carboxylic acids, biological studies

Peroxides, biological studies

Retinoids

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium or lithium

cations)
IT Aloe barbadensis
Chamomile
Cola nitida
Detergents
Inflammation inhibitors
Soaps
Steroids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)
IT Analgesics
Antibiotics
Contraceptives
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)
IT Acne
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(inhibitors; anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)
IT Cold
Wind
(irritation from; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Humidity
(low, irritation from; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Amino acids, biological studies
Borates
Carbonates, biological studies
Caseins, biological studies
Fatty acids, biological studies
Hypophosphates
Lanolin
Nitrates, biological studies
Peroxysulfates
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(potassium or lithium salts; anti-irritant skin formulations
contg. potassium or lithium cations)
IT Peptides, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(potassium salts; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Essential oils
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Melaleuca, ext.; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Shaving preparations
(aftershaves, anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Hair preparations
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antidandruff, anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Hair preparations
(bleaches, anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium
or lithium cations)
IT Cosmetics
(body rinses, anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
potassium or lithium cations)
IT Ion channel blockers

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(calcium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(cleansing, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Hair preparations
(conditioners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Eye, disease
(conjunctivitis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(creams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(depilatories, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Digestive tract
Respiratory tract
(disease, irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Nose
(disease, rhinitis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Hair preparations
(dyes, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(emulsions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(enemas, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Skin
(epidermis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Skin, disease
(epidermis, irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(exfoliating, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(face cleansers, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(foams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(gels, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Tea products
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(green, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(hydroxy, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(inhalants, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Eye, disease
Skin, disease
(irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical natural products
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(licorice, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(liqs., anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Peptides, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(lithium salts, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(lotions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(lozenges, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(moisturizers, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ointments, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ointments, creams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ophthalmic, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(oral, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(oxo, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Amino acids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polycarboxylic, potassium or lithium salts; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(potassium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(rectal, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sodium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Light
(solar, irritation from; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
(sticks, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Hair preparations
 (straighteners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
 potassium or lithium cations)

IT Sunburn and Suntan
 (suntanning agents, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
 potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
 (suspensions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations
 contg. potassium or lithium cations)

IT Cosmetics
 (toners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or
 lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or
 lithium cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (vaginal, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or
 lithium cations)

IT Hair preparations
 (wave-setting, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
 potassium or lithium cations)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, salts 64-19-7, Acetic
 acid, biological studies 68-26-8, Retinol 69-72-7, biological studies
 69-72-7D, salts 76-03-9, Trichloroacetic acid, biological studies
 76-93-7, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies
 77-92-9D, salts 79-14-1, biological studies
 79-14-1D, salts 87-69-4, biological studies 90-64-2,
 Mandelic acid 90-80-2, Gluconolactone 94-36-0,
 Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 98-79-3 108-95-2, Phenol,
 biological studies 116-31-4, Retinal 127-17-3, Pyruvic
 acid, biological studies 144-62-7, Ethanedioic acid, biological
 studies 302-79-4, Tretinoin 404-86-4, Capsaicin 526-95-4,
 Gluconic acid 5393-81-7, .alpha.-Hydroxy decanoic acid
 6915-15-7, Malic acid 70424-62-3
 126094-21-1
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. potassium or lithium
 cations)

IT 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, potassium or lithium
 salts 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, potassium or
 lithium salts 56-84-8D, L-Aspartic acid, potassium or lithium salts
 57-03-4D, potassium or lithium salts 57-10-3D, Hexadecanoic acid,
 potassium or lithium salts 57-11-4D, Octadecanoic acid, potassium or
 lithium salts 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 58-05-9D, Folinic
 acid, potassium or lithium salts 58-08-2, Caffein, biological studies
 64-18-6D, Formic acid, potassium or lithium salts 64-19-7D, Acetic acid,
 potassium or lithium salts 65-85-0D, Benzoic acid, potassium or lithium
 salts 68-11-1D, Thioglycolic acid, potassium or lithium salts
 69-72-7D, potassium or lithium salts 69-89-6, Xanthine 77-92-9D
 , potassium or lithium salts 79-09-4D, Propionic acid, potassium or
 lithium salts 79-83-4D, potassium or lithium salts 81-07-2D,
 potassium or lithium salts 87-69-4D, potassium or lithium salts
 88-99-3D, Phthalic acid, potassium or lithium salts 94-13-3D, Propyl
 paraben, potassium or lithium salts 97-59-6, Allantoin 99-76-3D,
 Methyl paraben, potassium or lithium salts 100-88-9D, Cyclamate,
 potassium or lithium salts 110-15-6D, Butanedioic acid, potassium or
 lithium salts 110-16-7D, Maleic acid, potassium or lithium salts
 110-44-1D, Sorbic acid, potassium or lithium salts 112-80-1D,
 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, potassium or lithium salts 112-85-6D, Behenic
 acid, potassium or lithium salts 141-22-0D, Ricinoleic acid, potassium
 or lithium salts 143-07-7D, Dodecanoic acid, potassium or lithium salts
 144-62-7D, Ethanedioic acid, potassium or lithium salts 151-41-7D,
 Lauryl sulfate, potassium or lithium salts 515-69-5, .alpha.-Bisabolol

526-95-4D, Gluconic acid, potassium or lithium salts 544-63-8D, Tetradecanoic acid, potassium or lithium salts
546-89-4, Lithium acetate 1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizinic acid 7447-40-7,
Potassium chloride, biological studies 7447-41-8, Lithium chloride
 (LiCl), biological studies 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric acid, potassium or lithium salts 7757-79-1, Potassium nitrate, biological studies
 7778-80-5, Potassium sulfate, biological studies 7790-69-4, Lithium nitrate 10377-48-7, Lithiumsulfate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (anti-irritant skin formulations contg. potassium or lithium cations)

L229 ANSWER 47 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:494350 HCAPLUS

DN 125:150780

TI Anti-irritant skin formulations containing magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations

IN Hahn, Gary Scott; Thueson, David Orel

PA Cosmederm Technologies, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9619182	A1	19960627	WO 1995-US16763	19951221 <--
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2208500	AA	19960627	CA 1995-2208500	19951221 <--
	AU 9646064	A1	19960710	AU 1996-46064	19951221 <--
	EP 799018	A1	19971008	EP 1995-944200	19951221 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				

PRAI US 1994-362097 19941221 <--

WO 1995-US16763 19951221 <--

AB Cosmetic and pharmaceutical compns. for inhibiting skin irritation attributable to chem. irritants or environment conditions, contain an anti-irritant amt. of aq.-sol. divalent magnesium cation or divalent manganese cation, or trivalent lanthanide cations of at. nos. 56-71. A soln. of 250 mM manganese acetate decreased the skin irritation caused by application of 7.5% lactic acid in 10% ethanol by 65%.

ST antiirritant skin formulation magnesium manganese cation; cosmetic skin irritation magnesium manganese cation; pharmaceutical skin irritation magnesium manganese cation; lanthanide magnesium cation antiirritant skin formulation

IT Antiperspirants

Asthma

Bath preparations

Burn

Deodorants

Dermatitis

Eczema

Hair preparations

Infection

Insect repellents

Mouthwashes

Pruritus
Psoriasis
Shampoos
Sunscreens
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. magnesium, manganese,
or lanthanide cations)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
Carboxylic acids, biological studies
Peroxides, biological studies
Retinoids
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. magnesium, manganese,
or lanthanide cations)

IT Aloe barbadensis
Chamomile
Cola nitida
Detergents
Inflammation inhibitors
Soaps
Steroids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. magnesium, manganese,
or lanthanide cations)

IT Analgesics
Antibiotics
Contraceptives
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. magnesium, manganese,
or lanthanide cations)

IT Acne
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(inhibitors; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cold
Wind
(irritation from; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Humidity
(low, irritation from; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Amino acids, biological studies
Borates
Carbonates, biological studies
Caseins, biological studies
Fatty acids, biological studies
Hypophosphates
Lanolin
Nitrates, biological studies
Peptides, biological studies
Peroxsulfates
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts; anti-irritant
skin formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide
cations)

IT Essential oils
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Melaleuca, ext.; anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Shaving preparations
(aftershaves, anti-irritant skin formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Hair preparations
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antidandruff, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Hair preparations
(bleaches, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(body rinses, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(calcium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(cleansing, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Hair preparations
(conditioners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Eye, disease
(conjunctivitis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(creams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(depilatories, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Digestive tract

Respiratory tract
(disease, irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Nose
(disease, rhinitis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Hair preparations
(dyes, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(emulsions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(enemas, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Skin
(epidermis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Skin, disease
(epidermis, irritation, anti-irritant **skin**
formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(exfoliating, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
(face cleansers, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(foams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Cosmetics
Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(gels, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT Tea products
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

- (green, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(hydroxy, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(inhalants, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Eye, disease
Skin, disease
(irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical natural products
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(licorice, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Cosmetics
(liqs., anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Cosmetics
(lotions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(lozenges, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Cosmetics
(moisturizers, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ointments, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ointments, creams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ophthalmic, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(oral, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(oxo, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Amino acids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polycarboxylic, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(potassium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(rectal, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sodium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)
- IT Light

(solar, irritation from; anti-irritant **skin** formulations
contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (sticks, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Hair preparations**
 (straighteners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Sunburn and Suntan**
 (suntanning agents, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (susensions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations
contg. magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (toners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Pharmaceutical dosage forms**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (topical, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Pharmaceutical dosage forms**
 (vaginal, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium,
manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **Hair preparations**
 (wave-setting, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
magnesium, manganese, or lanthanide cations)

IT **50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies**
 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 68-26-8, Retinol 69-72-7,
biological studies 69-72-7D, salts 76-03-9, Trichloroacetic acid,
biological studies 76-93-7, biological studies 77-92-9
, biological studies 77-92-9D, salts 79-14-1,
biological studies 79-14-1D, salts 87-69-4, biological
studies 90-64-2, Mandelic acid 90-80-2, **Gluconolactone**
94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 98-79-3 108-95-2,
Phenol, biological studies 116-31-4, Retinal 127-17-3,
Pyruvic acid, biological studies 144-62-7, Ethanedioic
acid, biological studies 302-79-4, Tretinoin 404-86-4, Capsaicin
526-95-4, Gluconic acid 5393-81-7,
.alpha.-Hydroxy decanoic acid **6915-15-7, Malic**
acid 70424-62-3 126094-21-1
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. magnesium, manganese,
or lanthanide cations)

IT **50-21-5D, Lactic acid, magnesium and manganese
and lanthanide salts 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid**
 , magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 56-84-8D, L-Aspartic
acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 57-03-4D, magnesium
and manganese and lanthanide salts 57-10-3D, Hexadecanoic acid,
magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 57-11-4D, Octadecanoic
acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 57-13-6, Urea,
biological studies 58-05-9D, Folinic acid, magnesium and manganese and
lanthanide salts 58-08-2, Caffein, biological studies 64-18-6D, Formic
acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 64-19-7D, Acetic
acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 65-85-0D, Benzoic
acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 68-11-1D,
Thioglycolic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
69-72-7D, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 69-89-6, Xanthine
77-92-9D, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 79-09-4D,
Propionic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
79-83-4D, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 81-07-2D,
magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 87-69-4D, magnesium
and manganese and lanthanide salts 88-99-3D, Phthalic acid, magnesium
and manganese and lanthanide salts 94-13-3D, Propyl paraben, magnesium
and manganese and lanthanide salts 97-59-6, Allantoin 99-76-3D, Methyl

paraben, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 100-88-9D,
 Cyclamate, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 110-15-6D,
 Butanedioic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
 110-16-7D, Maleic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
 110-44-1D, Sorbic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
 112-80-1D, 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, magnesium and manganese and
 lanthanide salts 112-85-6D, Behenic acid, magnesium and manganese and
 lanthanide salts 141-22-0D, Ricinoleic acid, magnesium and manganese and
 lanthanide salts 142-72-3, Magnesium acetate 143-07-7D, Dodecanoic
 acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 144-62-7D,
 Ethanedioic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
 151-41-7D, Lauryl sulfate, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
 515-69-5, .alpha.-Bisabolol 526-95-4D, Gluconic
 acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts 544-63-8D,
 Tetradecanoic acid, magnesium and manganese and lanthanide salts
 1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizinic acid 3632-91-5, Magnesium gluconate
 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, biological studies 7647-17-8, Cesium
 chloride, biological studies 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric acid, magnesium and
 manganese and lanthanide salts 7786-30-3, Magnesium chloride, biological
 studies 7789-18-6, Cesium nitrate 10099-58-8, Lanthanum chloride
 10099-59-9, Lanthanum nitrate 10138-52-0, Gadolinium chloride
 10168-81-7, Gadolinium nitrate 10361-79-2, Praseodymium chloride
 10361-80-5, Praseodymium nitrate 10377-60-3, Magnesium nitrate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (anti-irritant skin formulations contg. magnesium, manganese,
 or lanthanide cations)

L229 ANSWER 48 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:494349 HCAPLUS

DN 125:150779

TI Anti-irritant skin formulations containing aluminum or tin
 cations

IN Hahn, Gary Scott; Thueson, David Orel

PA Cosmederm Technologies, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9619183	A1	19960627	WO 1995-US16765	19951221 <--
	W:	AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT			
	RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	CA 2208078	AA	19960627	CA 1995-2208078	19951221 <--
	AU 9645285	A1	19960710	AU 1996-45285	19951221 <--
	EP 801554	A1	19971022	EP 1995-943956	19951221 <--
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE			
	BR 9510478	A	19981215	BR 1995-10478	19951221 <--
PRAI	US 1994-362058	19941221	<--		
	WO 1995-US16765	19951221	<--		
AB	Cosmetic and pharmaceutical compns. for inhibiting skin irritation attributable to chem. irritants or environment conditions, contain an anti-irritant amt. of aq.-sol. trivalent aluminum cation or divalent tin cation. A soln. of 250 mM stannous chloride decreased the skin irritation caused by application of 7.5% lactic acid in 10% ethanol by 50%.				

ST antiirritant skin formulation aluminum tin cation;
cosmetic skin irritation aluminum tin cation;
pharmaceutical skin irritation aluminum tin cation

IT Amino acids, biological studies
Borates
Carbonates, biological studies
Caseins, biological studies
Fatty acids, biological studies
Hypophosphates
Lanolin
Nitrates, biological studies
Peptides, biological studies
Peroxysulfates
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(aluminum and tin salts; anti-irritant skin formulations
contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Antiperspirants
Asthma
Bath preparations
Burn
Deodorants
Dermatitis
Eczema
Hair preparations
Infection
Insect repellents
Mouthwashes
Pruritus
Psoriasis
Shampoos
Sunscreens
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin
cations).

IT Alcohols, biological studies
Carboxylic acids, biological studies
Peroxides, biological studies
Retinoids
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin
cations)

IT Aloe barbadensis
Chamomile
Detergents
Inflammation inhibitors
Soaps
Steroids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin
cations)

IT Analgesics
Antibiotics
Contraceptives
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin
cations)

IT Cola nitida
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ext.; anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin
cations)

IT Acne
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(inhibitors; anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum
or tin cations)

IT Cold
Wind
(irritation from; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Humidity
(low, irritation from; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Essential oils
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Melaleuca, ext.; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Shaving preparations
(aftershaves, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum
or tin cations)

IT Hair preparations
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antidandruff, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Hair preparations
(bleaches, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or
tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(body rinses, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum
or tin cations)

IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(calcium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or
tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(cleansing, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum
or tin cations)

IT Hair preparations
(conditioners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Eye, disease
(conjunctivitis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(creams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(depilatories, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Digestive tract
Respiratory tract
(disease, irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Nose
(disease, rhinitis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Hair preparations
(dyes, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin
cations)

IT Cosmetics
(emulsions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(enemas, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or
tin cations)

IT Skin
(epidermis, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg.
aluminum or tin cations)

IT Skin, disease
(epidermis, irritation, anti-irritant **skin**

formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
(exfoliating, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
(face cleansers, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(foams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(gels, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Tea products
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(green, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(hydroxy, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(inhalants, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Skin, disease**
(irritation, Anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Eye, disease
(irritation, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical natural products
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(licorice, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
(liqs., anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
(lotions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(lozenges, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Cosmetics**
(moisturizers, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ointments, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ointments, creams, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(ophthalmic, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(oral, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(oxo, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT **Amino acids, biological studies**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polycarboxylic, aluminum and tin salts; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(potassium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(rectal, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Ion channel blockers
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sodium, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Light
(solar, irritation from; anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(sticks, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Hair preparations
(straighteners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Sunburn and Suntan
(suntanning agents, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(suspensions, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Cosmetics
(toners, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(topical, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
(vaginal, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT Hair preparations
(wave-setting, anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT 7446-70-0, Aluminum chloride, biological studies 7783-47-3, Stannous fluoride
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Anti-irritant **skin** formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
50-21-5D, Lactic acid, salts 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 68-26-8, Retinol 69-72-7, biological studies 69-72-7D, salts 76-03-9, Trichloroacetic acid, biological studies 76-93-7, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies 77-92-9D, salts 79-14-1, biological studies 79-14-1D, salts 87-69-4, biological studies 90-64-2, Mandelic acid 90-80-2, Gluconolactone 94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 98-79-3 108-95-2, Phenol, biological studies 116-31-4, Retinal 127-17-3, Pyruvic acid, biological studies 144-62-7, Ethanedioic acid, biological studies 302-79-4, Tretinoin 404-86-4, Capsaicin 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 5393-81-7, .alpha.-Hydroxy decanoic acid 6915-15-7, Malic acid 70424-62-3

126094-21-1

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

IT 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, aluminum and tin salts
 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, aluminum and tin salts 56-84-8D, L-Aspartic acid, aluminum and tin salts 57-03-4D, aluminum and tin salts 57-10-3D, Hexadecanoic acid, aluminum and tin salts 57-11-4D, Octadecanoic acid, aluminum and tin salts 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 58-05-9D, Folinic acid, aluminum and tin salts 58-08-2, Caffein, biological studies 64-18-6D, Formic acid, aluminum and tin salts 64-19-7D, Acetic acid, aluminum and tin salts 65-85-0D, Benzoic acid, aluminum and tin salts 68-11-1D, Thioglycolic acid, aluminum and tin salts 69-72-7D, aluminum and tin salts 69-89-6, Xanthine 77-92-9D, aluminum and tin salts 79-09-4D, Propionic acid, aluminum and tin salts 79-83-4D, aluminum and tin salts 81-07-2D, aluminum and tin salts 87-69-4D, aluminum and tin salts 88-99-3D, Phthalic acid, aluminum and tin salts 94-13-3D, Propyl paraben, aluminum and tin salts 97-59-6, Allantoin 99-76-3D, Methyl paraben, aluminum and tin salts 100-88-9D, Cyclamate, aluminum and tin salts 110-15-6D, Butanedioic acid, aluminum and tin salts 110-16-7D, Maleic acid, aluminum and tin salts 110-44-1D, Sorbic acid, aluminum and tin salts 112-80-1D, 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, aluminum and tin salts 112-85-6D, Behenic acid, aluminum and tin salts 141-22-0D, Ricinoleic acid, aluminum and tin salts 143-07-7D, Dodecanoic acid, aluminum and tin salts 144-62-7D, Ethanedioic acid, aluminum and tin salts 151-41-7D, Lauryl sulfate, aluminum and tin salts 515-69-5, .alpha.-Bisabolol 526-95-4D, Gluconic acid, aluminum and tin salts 544-63-8D, Tetradecanoic acid, aluminum and tin salts 1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizinic acid 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric acid, aluminum and tin salts 7772-99-8, Stannous chloride, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (anti-irritant skin formulations contg. aluminum or tin cations)

L229 ANSWER 49 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:494170 HCAPLUS

DN 125:132809

TI Bioactive agent-containing biocomplex for correcting biological information transfer using three biological information blocks

IN Danielov, Michael M.

PA Dns Scientific, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 149 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K038-21

ICS A61K039-395; A61K031-55; A61K031-44; A61K031-24

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 62, 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9617621	A1	19960613	WO 1995-US15919	19951206 <--
	W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5885974	A	19990323	US 1994-350234	19941206 <--
PRAI	AU 9645108	A1	19960626	AU 1996-45108	19951206 <--
	US 1994-350234		19941206 <--		
	WO 1995-US15919		19951206 <--		

AB Methods are disclosed for correcting biol. information transfer in a patient in need of such therapy which comprise administration of a compn. comprising a therapeutically effective amt. of a biocomplex comprising .gtoreq.1 bioactive agent from each of the 3 informational blocks of biol. information transfer, each agent present in an amt. sufficient to correct the biol. information transfer of the patient under treatment and resulting in the resumption of normal cell metab., and the amt. being less than the buffering amt. of said agent; together with a carrier therefor.

ST biol information transfer block therapeutic; cell metab information transfer biocomplex therapeutic

IT

- Acne
- Alopecia
- Animal cell
- Antioxidants
- Circulation
- Cosmetics
- Eczema
- Metabolism
- Pharmaceutical dosage forms
- Pharmaceuticals
- Pruritus
- Psoriasis
- Seborrhea
- Signal transduction, biological
- Skin, disease
- Therapeutics
 - (bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT

- Albumins, biological studies
- Calmodulins
- Carbohydrates and Sugars, biological studies
- Catecholamines
- Cerebrosides
- Coenzymes
- Collagens, biological studies
- Elastins
- Gelatins, biological studies
- Glycolipids
- Lipids, biological studies
- Orosomucoids
- Peptides, biological studies
- Phosphatidic acids
- Phosphatidylcholines, biological studies
- Phosphatidylethanolamines
- Phosphatidylinositols
- Phosphatidylserines
- Phosphoinositides
- Phospholipids, biological studies
- Prostaglandins
- Protamines
- Proteins, biological studies
- Sphingolipids
- Steroids, biological studies
- Sulfatides
- Vitamins
- RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT

- Animal growth regulator receptors
- Estrogen receptors
- Prostaglandin receptors
- RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 - (bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Brain
(ext.; bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Shock
(post-trauma; bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Cell membrane
(substitute cell membrane delivery system; bioactive agent-contg.
biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab.,
and therapeutic use)

IT Prostaglandins
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(A, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information
transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Prostaglandins
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(D, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information
transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Prostaglandins
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(E, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information
transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(animal growth regulator, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for
correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic
use)

IT Skin
(cellulite, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Glycerides
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(di-, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Phosphoinositides
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(di-, 4-phosphates, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting
biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Skin, disease
(dry, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(estrogen, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Corticosteroid receptors
Receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(glucocorticosteroid, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting
biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Lipoproteins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(high-d., bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Phosphatidylcholines, biological studies
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(hydrogenated, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.
information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

- IT Elastins
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydrolyzates, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Lipoproteins
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (low-d., bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Corticosteroid receptors
 Receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (mineralocorticosteroid, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Dermatitis
 (neuro-, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Skin, disease
 (oily, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (ointments, creams, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (ophthalmic, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (parenterals, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (prostaglandin, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Sunburn and Suntan
 (suntanning agents, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (topical, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Injury
 (trauma, shock following; bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Phosphoinositides
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (tri-, 4,5-bis(phosphates), bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (type I, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (type II, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol.)

information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)
IT Collagens, biological studies
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(type III, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Lipoproteins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(very-low-d., bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Skin, disease
(wrinkle, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(.alpha.2-adrenergic, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT Receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(.beta.2-adrenergic, bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT 60-92-4, Cyclic AMP
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT 50-14-6, Ergocalciferol 50-23-7, Hydrocortisone 50-28-2, .beta.-Estradiol, biological studies 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies 52-39-1, Aldosterone 52-89-1, L-Cysteine hydrochloride 53-59-8, .beta.-NADP 53-84-9, .beta.-NAD 54-47-7, Pyridoxal-5-phosphate 55-31-2, Epinephrine hydrochloride 56-65-5, Adenosine triphosphate, biological studies 56-81-5D, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, 1,2-diacyl derivs. 56-89-3, L-Cystine, biological studies 57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, biological studies 57-83-0, Progesterone, biological studies 57-87-4, Ergosterol 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 58-56-0, Pyridoxine hydrochloride 58-85-5, Biotin 58-95-7, .alpha.-Tocopherol acetate 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies 60-18-4, L-Tyrosine, biological studies 60-33-3, 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (Z,Z)-, biological studies 63-91-2, L-Phenylalanine, biological studies 65-71-4, Thymine 66-22-8, Uracil, biological studies 67-03-8, Thiamine hydrochloride 71-30-7, Cytosine 73-22-3, L-Tryptophan, biological studies 73-24-5, Adenine, biological studies 73-40-5, Guanine 79-81-2, Retinol palmitate 85-61-0, Coenzyme A, biological studies 86-01-1, Guanosine triphosphate 96-26-4, Dihydroxyacetone 98-92-0, Nicotinamide 112-85-6, Behenic acid 113-79-1, Arginine vasopressin 117-39-5, Quercetin 122-32-7, Triolein 123-33-1, Maleic hydrazide 135-16-0, Tetrahydrofolic acid 137-08-6, Pantethenic acid hemicalcium salt 145-42-6, Sodium taurocholate 154-87-0, Cocarboxylase 329-56-6, Arterenol hydrochloride 361-09-1, Sodium cholate 363-24-6, Prostaglandin E2 463-40-1, Linolenic acid 481-39-0, Juglone 506-21-8, Linolelaidic acid 506-30-9, Arachidic acid 537-40-6, Trilinolein 551-11-1, Prostaglandin F2.alpha. 555-43-1, Tristearin 606-68-8 620-64-4, Triarachidin 745-65-3, Prostaglandin E1 863-57-0, Sodium glycocholate 987-65-5, Adenosine triphosphate disodium salt 1105-02-8, Corticosterone-21-sulfate 1184-16-3 1340-08-5, Vitamin P 1407-47-2, Angiotensin 1731-94-8, Nonadecanoic acid methyl ester 2566-90-7 2644-64-6, Dipalmitoylphosphatidylcholine 2752-99-0, Trierucin 3026-45-7, Dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine 4537-76-2, Distearoylphosphatidylethanolamine 4537-77-3, Dipalmitoylphosphatidylglycerol 4537-78-4, Distearoylphosphatidylglycero

1 4539-70-2, Distearoylphosphatidylcholine 4999-79-5,
 Estradiol-3-sulfate sodium salt 6064-90-0, Heneicosanoic acid methyl
 ester 6610-25-9, Arachidonic acid sodium salt 7235-40-7,
 .beta.-Carotene 7665-99-8, Cyclic GMP 9001-62-1, Lipase 9002-60-2,
 Adrenocorticotropic hormone, biological studies 9002-60-2D,
 Adrenocorticotropic hormone, 1-24 fragment 9002-64-6, Parathyroid
 hormone 9002-64-6D, Parathyroid hormone, 1-36 fragment 9002-67-9,
 Luteinizing hormone 9002-68-0, Follicle-stimulating hormone 9002-71-5,
 Thyrotropic hormone 9002-72-6, Somatotropin 9004-10-8, Insulin,
 biological studies 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6, Heparin
 sulfate, biological studies 9007-12-9, Thyrocalcitonin 9007-92-5,
 Glucagon, biological studies 9015-73-0 9026-43-1, Protein kinase
 9041-08-1, Heparin sodium salt 10417-94-4 10529-43-8, Cholecalciferol
 sulfate 11000-17-2, Vasopressin 11061-68-0, Human insulin
 11128-99-7, Angiotensin II 12629-01-5, Human growth hormone 13487-42-8
 13699-48-4, Dimyristoylphosphatidylcholine 14465-68-0 15866-84-9,
 Adenosine triphosphate calcium salt 18641-57-1, Tribenhenin 20255-95-2,
 Dimyristoylphosphatidylethanolamine 20290-75-9 22251-85-0, Flavin
 mononucleotide sodium salt 24967-93-9, Chondroitin sulfate A
 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate 25322-46-7, Chondroitin sulfate C
 26536-13-0, Trinonadecanoic 27964-99-4, Poly-D-lysine hydrobromide
 28845-86-5, 13,16,19-Docosatrienoic acid, (Z,Z,Z)- 28874-58-0
 35121-78-9, Prostaglandin I2 37221-79-7, Vasoactive intestinal peptide
 37377-93-8, .beta.-Lipotropin 37377-93-8D, .beta.-Lipotropin, fragment
 37839-81-9, Cyclic AMP sodium salt 40245-60-1, Cyclic GMP sodium salt
 41598-07-6, Prostaglandin D2 52910-82-4, Aldosterone-21-hemisuccinate
 55672-92-9, Coenzyme A sodium salt 59392-49-3, Gastric inhibitory
 peptide 60617-12-1, .beta.-Endorphin 60617-12-1D, .beta.-Endorphin,
 fragment 61361-72-6, Dimyristoylphosphatidylglycerol 61849-14-7,
 Prostaglandin I2 sodium salt 78392-27-5, Cholecalciferol sulfate sodium
 salt 80380-39-8, Tri-11-eicosenoic 85166-31-0, D-myo-Inositol-1,4,5-
 triphosphate 92216-45-0, D-myo-Inositol-2,4,5-triphosphate 96012-99-6,
 Guanosine triphosphate lithium salt 99660-95-4 100775-23-3,
 Corticosterone-21-sulfate potassium salt 108340-81-4, D-myo-Inositol,
 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), hexasodium salt 135271-36-2,
 D-myo-Inositol-1,4,5-triphosphate potassium salt
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
 use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for correcting biol. information
 transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic use)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (intracellular, mobilization; bioactive agent-contg. biocomplex for
 correcting biol. information transfer and cell metab., and therapeutic
 use)

L229 ANSWER 50 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:464554 HCPLUS

DN 125:123264

TI Shelf-stable skin cleansing liquid with gel-forming polymer,
 lipid, and crystalline ethylene glycol fatty acid ester

IN Kacher, Mark Leslie; Dixon, Thomas Jefferson; Koczwarra, Constance Sagel;
 Tollens, Fernando Ray; Schmidt, Robert Raymond; Evans, Marcus Wayne;
 Geary, Nicholas William

PA Procter and Gamble Co., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-50

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 9617592	A2	19960613	WO 1995-US15674	19951201 <--

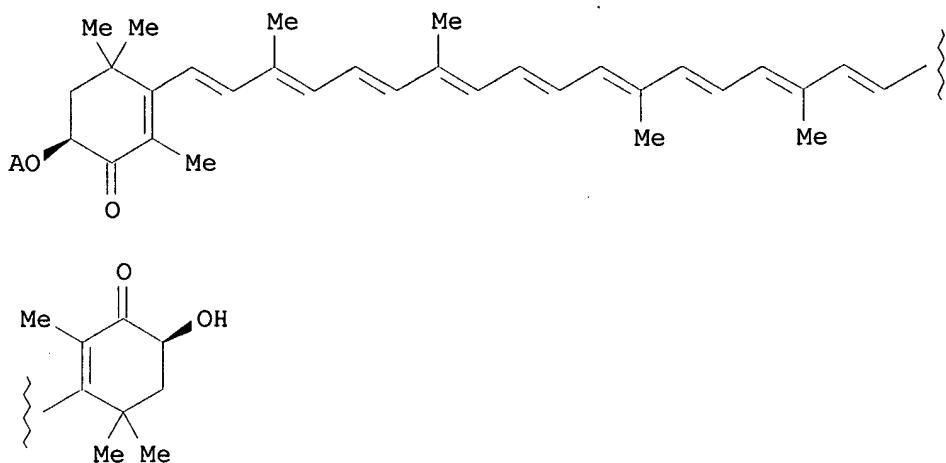
W: BR, CA, CN, JP, MX
 RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
 CA 2207031 AA 19960613 CA 1995-2207031 19951201 <--
 EP 796084 A2 19970924 EP 1995-942536 19951201 <--
 EP 796084 B1 19990506
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
 BR 9509865 A 19970930 BR 1995-9865 19951201 <--
 CN 1169112 A 19971231 CN 1995-196673 19951201 <--
 AT 179595 E 19990515 AT 1995-942536 19951201 <--
 JP 11507323 T2 19990629 JP 1995-517676 19951201 <--
 US 5674511 A 19971007 US 1996-722699 19960930 <--
 PRAI US 1994-350368 19941206 <--
 WO 1995-US15674 19951201 <--
 AB The title cleansing liq. can provide good cleansing, lather, and good sensory feel and yet provides a **lipid-moisturizing** benefit via deposition of the lipid on the **skin** of the user. The liq. compn. is stable and on a macro scale is homogeneous. The dual cleansing and **lipid-moisturizing** liq. compn. comprises: (1) 5-30 parts **lipid skin-moisturizing** agent; (2) 1-15 parts ethylene glycol fatty acid ester as stabilizer; (3) 0.05-3 parts water-dispersible gel-forming polymer; (4) 5-30 parts lathering synthetic surfactant; and (5) water. The synthetic surfactant and any soap has a combined crit. micelle concn. equil. surface tension value of 15-50, and the lathering **skin** cleansing liq. compn. has a lipid deposition value (LDV) of 5-1000 .mu.g lipid/cm² of **skin**. Thus, ethylene glycol distearate (EGDS) was added to a mixt. of various surfactant types in water at 71.degree. to maximize solubilization of EGDS, and quickly cooled to 27-43.degree. to induce crystn. of EGDS. A cleanser contained K myristate 6.0, myristic acid 0.3, Na C12-14 alkyl glycetyl ether sulfonate 5.8, triethanolamine lauroyl sarcosinate 2.7, coco betaine 3.8, EGDS 4.2, Polyquaternium 10 0.25, petrolatum 13.6, mineral oil 3.4, glycerin 8.6, perfume 0.8, tetra-Na EDTA 0.15, DMDM hydantoin (preservative) 0.4, and H2O 49.9 parts.
 ST ethylene glycol fatty ester stabilizer cleanser
 IT Polymers, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (gel-forming, water-dispersible; shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
 IT Glycosides
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (poly-, alkyl; shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
 IT Beeswax
 Surfactants
 (shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
 IT Betaines
 Esters, biological studies
 Glycerides, biological studies
 Lanolin
 Lipids, biological studies
 Paraffin oils
 Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, biological studies
 Petrolatum
 Phospholipids, biological studies
 Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies
 Soaps
 Waxes and Waxy substances
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)

- IT Amines, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(N-oxides, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Phenols, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(alkyl, ethoxylated, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Polysaccharides, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(cationic, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Cosmetics
(cleansing, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Glycerides
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(di-, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(esters, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Sulfonic acids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(esters, with alkyl glyceryl ethers; shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Fatty acids
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(esters, with polyols; shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Amides
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(fatty, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Steroids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydroxy, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Imines
Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polymers, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Fatty acids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sulfo, alkyl esters, shelf-stable **skin** cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
- IT Betaines
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sulfo-, shelf-stable skin cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
IT 9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(resins; shelf-stable skin cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
IT 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, O-acyl esters
50-99-7D, Glucose, esters, alkyl derivs. 56-86-0D, Glutamic acid, N-acyl derivs. 79-10-7D, 2-Propenoic acid, polymers 79-41-4D, polymers 107-21-1D, 1,2-Ethanediol, esters 107-36-8D, Isethionic acid, esters 107-97-1D, Sarcosine, N-acyl, esters 151-21-3, Sodium lauryl sulfate, biological studies 2235-54-3, Ammonium lauryl sulfate 3416-24-8D, Glucosamine, N-acyl, alkyl derivs. 5138-18-1D, Sulfosuccinic acid, alkyl esters 7631-98-3, Sodium lauryl sarcosinate 7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, alkyl esters 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric acid, esters with .alpha.-olefins and polyoxyalkylenes 9000-30-0, Guar gum 9003-04-7, Sodium polyacrylate 9003-29-6 9003-29-6D, hydrogenated 9004-62-0, Hydroxyethylcellulose 9004-82-4, Sodium laureth sulfate 9006-65-9, Dimethicone 12441-09-7D, Sorbitan, esters 13429-27-1, Potassium myristate 16693-53-1, Triethanolamine lauroyl sarcosinate 25322-68-3 25426-60-2 26426-80-2, Isobutylene/maleic anhydride copolymer 26590-05-6, Polyquaternium 7 32612-48-9, Ammonium laureth sulfate 37961-36-7, Sodium lauryl isethionate 52619-75-7D, Taurine methyl ester, acyl derivs. 80455-45-4 81859-24-7, Polyquaternium 10 106392-12-5, Poloxamer 110617-70-4, Tetronic 179266-74-1
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(shelf-stable skin cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)
IT 627-83-8, Ethylene glycol distearate
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(stabilizer; shelf-stable skin cleansing liq. with gel-forming polymer, lipid, and cryst. ethylene glycol fatty acid ester)

L229 ANSWER 51 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN 1996:409590 HCAPLUS
DN 125:67245
TI Skin preparations containing diesters of astaxanthine and water-soluble vitamins
IN Suzuki, Kazunari; Masaki, Hitoshi; Takei, Masumi
PA Noevir Kk, Japan
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA Japanese
IC ICM A61K007-00
ICS A61K007-48; C07F009-117; C07F009-58; C07F009-6524; C07F009-6536; C07F009-655
ICA C07C403-22
CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08073311	A2	19960319	JP 1994-234259	19940902 <--
OS MARPAT		125:67245		
GI				



AB Skin preps. contain .gtoreq.1 selected from diesters I [A = P(O)(OH)OX; X = residue of thiamine, riboflavin, 1-.beta.-D-ribofuranosylnicotinamide, 1-.beta.-D-ribofuranosylnicotinic acid, pyridoxal, pyridoxine, pyridoxamine, **pantothenic acid**, **ascorbic acid**] (II), I [A = P(O)(OH)OP(O)(OH)OX; X has the same definition as in the above], and I [A = SO₃X; X has the same definition as in the above]. The derivs. of astaxanthine, which show singlet O-eliminating action, show water solv. and are hydrolyzed by esterase on or in the skin to show synergistic aging-preventive action of astaxanthine and the water-sol. vitamins. Glycerin, propylene glycol, EtOH, II (X = thiamine residue), p-MeC₆H₄CO₂Me, and H₂O were mixed to give a lotion.

ST astaxanthine vitamin complex antiaging **cosmetic**; solubilized astaxanthine aging preventive **cosmetic**

IT **Cosmetics**

(antiaging, antiaging **cosmetics** contg. (pyro)phosphates or sulfates of astaxanthine and water-sol. vitamins)

IT 178278-75-6 178278-77-8 178406-07-0 178406-08-1 178406-09-2

178406-10-5 178406-11-6 178406-12-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antiaging **cosmetics** contg. (pyro)phosphates or sulfates of astaxanthine and water-sol. vitamins)

L229 ANSWER 52 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:313756 HCPLUS

DN 124:325031

TI **Cosmetic compositions for skin depigmentation**
containing synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an organic acid or its derivatives

IN Thorel, Jean Noel

PA Fr.

SO Fr. Demande, 13 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K031-375

ICS A61K031-19

ICI A61K031-375, A61K031-335, A61K033-24, A61K031-375, A61K033-06; A61K031-19, A61K031-335, A61K033-24, A61K031-19, A61K033-06

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and **Cosmetics**)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2723316	A1	19960209	FR 1994-9875	19940804 <--
FR 2723316	B1	19961004		

- AB The title compns. are used for treatment of **skin** pigmentations.
A **cosmetic** compn. contained flavonoids of liquorice ext. 0.05,
isoquercetin 0.10, amino-2-deoxy-2-glucose 0.10, **lactic acid** 5.00, **citric acid** 0.03, TiO₂ 20.00,
benzophenone-3 2.00, excipients and water q.s. 100%.
- ST **cosmetic skin** depigmentation synergistic tyrosinase
inhibitor; org acid **skin** depigmentation synergistic
cosmetic
- IT Melanins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Anthocyanins
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Flavanols
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Flavonoids
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Lecithins
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Leucoanthocyanins
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Phospholipids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Triterpenes and Triterpenoids
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(**cosmetic** compns. for **skin** depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)
- IT Cosmetics
(creams, **cosmetic** compns. for **skin**
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)
- IT Cosmetics

(lotions, cosmetic compns. for skin
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)

IT Flavonoids
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (oxo, cosmetic compns. for skin depigmentation
contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org.
acid or its derivs.)

IT Flavonoids
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (oxo hydroxy, poly-, cosmetic compns. for skin
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)

IT Flavonoids
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (oxo prenyl, cosmetic compns. for skin
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)

IT Skin, disease
 (pigmentation, cosmetic compns. for skin
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)

IT Sunburn and Suntan
 (suntanning agents, cosmetic compns. for skin
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)

IT 1335-30-4, Aluminum silicate
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic compns. for skin depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
 131-57-7, Benzophenone-3 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 482-35-9,
 Isoquercetin 3416-24-8, Amino-2-deoxy-2-glucose 13463-67-7,
 Titaniumoxide, biological studies 23666-04-8 62596-29-6, Morusin
 68401-05-8, Kuwanone 126236-47-3, Amyrin
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. for skin depigmentation contg.
synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor and an org. acid or
its derivs.)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (inhibitor; cosmetic compns. for skin
depigmentation contg. synergistic combination of a tyrosinase inhibitor
and an org. acid or its derivs.)

L229 ANSWER 53 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:303959 HCAPLUS

DN 124:325025

TI Use of an agonist of a receptor associated with a chloride channel in the
treatment of wrinkles

IN De Lacharriere, Olivier; Breton, Lionel

PA Oreal S. A., Fr.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K031-195

ICS A61K031-44; A61K031-445; A61K031-515; A61K031-55; A61K031-56;

A61K007-48

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 704210	A2	19960403	EP 1995-402155	19950926 <--
	EP 704210	A3	19970423		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	BR 9504741	A	19961015	BR 1995-4741	19950927 <--
	JP 08099862	A2	19960416	JP 1995-251587	19950928 <--
	JP 2736316	B2	19980402		
	CA 2159555	AA	19960331	CA 1995-2159555	19950929 <--
	HU 73064	A2	19960628	HU 1995-2870	19950929 <--
	CN 1130059	A	19960904	CN 1995-118674	19950929 <--
	RU 2128497	C1	19990410	RU 1995-116594	19950929 <--
	US 5869068	A	19990209	US 1995-538119	19951002 <--
	US 5976559	A	19991102	US 1998-50959	19980331 <--

PRAI FR 1994-11742 19940930 <--
US 1995-538119 19951002 <--

AB Agonists of a receptor assocd. with a chloride channel, such as glycine, are used for skin tissue relaxation and treatment of wrinkles. The compn. are used as topical or parenteral and may contain retinoids or hydroxyacids. A face lotion contained Z-glycine 8, antioxidants 0.05, preservative 0.3, EtOH 8, and water q.s. 100%.

ST receptor agonist chloride channel wrinkle treatment; lotion glycine antiwrinkle cosmetic

IT Retinoids

Steroids, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(agonist of receptor assocd. with chloride channel in treatment of wrinkles)

IT Cosmetics

(creams, wrinkle-preventing, agonist of receptor assocd. with chloride channel in treatment of wrinkles)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydroxy, agonist of receptor assocd. with chloride channel in treatment of wrinkles)

IT Cosmetics

(wrinkle-preventing, lotions; agonist of receptor assocd. with chloride channel in treatment of wrinkles)

IT Cosmetics

(wrinkle-preventing, gels, agonist of receptor assocd. with chloride channel in treatment of wrinkles)

IT 56-12-2, .gamma.-Aminobutyric acid, biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 67-52-7D, Barbituric acid, derivs. 68-26-8, Retinol 68-26-8D, Retinol, esters 107-35-7, Taurine 107-95-9, .beta.-Alanine 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 302-79-4D, Retinoic acid, derivs. 498-94-2, Isonipecotic acid 1138-80-3, N-(Benzylloxycarbonyl)-glycine 1622-62-4, Flunitrazepam 12794-10-4, Benzodiazepine 64603-90-3, Isoguvacine 176660-06-3
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(agonist of receptor assocd. with chloride channel in treatment of wrinkles)

L229 ANSWER 54 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1996:89330 HCPLUS

DN 124:126898

TI Antiaging cosmetics containing collagen crosslinking inhibitors and UV protective agents

IN Tominaga, Naoki

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan; Sogo Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.

DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 688559	A1	19951227	EP 1995-114397	19950913 <--
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	JP 09020639	A2	19970121	JP 1995-195965	19950707 <--
	US 5747049	A	19980505	US 1995-529601	19950918 <--
	US 6077520	A	20000620	US 1998-23047	19980213 <--

PRAI JP 1995-195965 19950707 <--
 US 1995-529601 19950918 <--

AB An anti-aging prepn., a collagen crosslinking inhibitory prepn. which inhibits collagen crosslinking occurring predominantly in the **dermis** to maintain **skin** elasticity and to prevent wrinkles or sagging, and an anti-UV prepn. which protects the **skin** from bad influences of excessive UV rays of sunlight are disclosed. The predns. contain one or two aminoethyl compds., NH₂CH₂CH₂X wherein X represents -SO₂H or -SO₂SH, and preferably contg. at least one UV protective agent. A **lotion** contained 2-aminoethylthiosulfonic acid 0.05, Na hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone-5-sulfonate 0.1, tocopherol acetate 0.01, glycerol 4.0, 1,3-butyleneglycol 4.0, ethanol 8.0, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 0.5, methylparaben 0.2, **citric acid** 0.05, Na citrate 0.1, perfume 0.05, and purified water to 100%.

ST antiaging **cosmetic taurine** aminoethylsulfinate sunscreen

IT **Sunscreens**

(antiaging **cosmetics** contg. aminoethyl compds. and sunscreens)

IT Collagens, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (of **skin**; antiaging **cosmetics** contg. aminoethyl compds. and sunscreens)

IT **Cosmetics**

(antiaging, antiaging **cosmetics** contg. aminoethyl compds. and sunscreens)

IT 131-57-7, 2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy-benzophenone **300-84-5**,

2-Aminoethylsulfinic acid **2937-54-4** 6628-37-1 70356-09-1

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antiaging **cosmetics** contg. aminoethyl compds. and sunscreens)

L229 ANSWER 55 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:992734 HCAPLUS

DN 124:15301

TI **Cosmetic** compositions containing retinal and liposoluble antioxidants

IN Navarro, Roger; Peyrot, Nicole; Delaunois, Marlene

PA Pierre Fabre Dermo-Cosmetique, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K031-07

CC 62-6 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9526709	A1	19951012	WO 1995-FR434	19950405 <--
	W: AU, CA, JP, US				

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
 FR 2718021 A1 19951006 FR 1994-3970 19940405 <--
 FR 2718021 B1 19960628
 AU 9523103 A1 19951023 AU 1995-23103 19950405 <--
 PRAI FR 1994-3970 19940405 <--
 WO 1995-FR434 19950405 <--
 AB A **skin-care or cosmetic** retinal-contg. compn. wherein
 the compn. has a pH of 3 to 6 and contains a stabilizing system such as
 liposol. antioxidants is disclosed. A **lotion** contained retinal
 0.05, propylene glycol 60, BHT 0.01, water 100g, and **lactic**
 acid q.s. for pH = 4.5. The loss of retinal after 12 mo at pH = 7
 was 15.7 and at pH = 4.5 was 1.8%.
 ST cosmetic compn retinal antioxidant
 IT Cosmetics
 (cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT Amines, biological studies
 Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT Antioxidants
 (cosmetic compns. contg. retinal and liposol. antioxidants)
 IT Alcohols, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (amino, cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT Cosmetics
 (gels, cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT Acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (inorg., cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT Cosmetics
 (lotions, cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 58-95-7, Tocopheryl acetate 77-92-9, Citric
 acid, biological studies 87-69-4, Tartaric
 acid, biological studies 110-44-1, Sorbic acid 121-79-9,
 Propyl gallate 128-37-0, biological studies 137-66-6, Ascorbyl
 palmitate 500-38-9 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, biological studies
 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, biological studies 1336-21-6, Ammonium
 hydroxide 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, biological studies 7664-93-9,
 Sulfuric acid, biological studies 20229-76-9, L-Ascorbic
 acid, 6-acetate 25013-16-5, Butylhydroxyanisole
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. contg. retinal)
 IT 59-02-9, .alpha.-Tocopherol 116-31-4, Retinal
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (cosmetic compns. contg. retinal and liposol. antioxidants)

L229 ANSWER 56 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1995:986644 HCPLUS
 DN 124:37384
 TI Skin cosmetics containing .alpha.-
 hydroxycarboxylic acids
 IN Yamamoto, Naomi; Tsubone, Kazuyuki
 PA Kanebo Ltd, Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 07242529	A2	19950919	JP 1994-60285	19940303 <--
AB	Skin-conditioning cosmetics contain (A) .gtoreq.1 amino acids, glycyrrhizic acids and/or glycyrrhetic acids, ceramide, glucosylceramide, and/or galactosylceramide, or vitamins and (B) .gtoreq.1 C3-5 .alpha.- hydroxycarboxylic acids . Skin lotion contg. 0.05 wt.% Na lactate (I) and 0.01 wt.% N-methylserine (II) showed better skin-conditioning effect than controls contg. I or II, resp.				
ST	hydroxycarboxylate amino acid cosmetic conditioner; glycyrrhizate hydroxycarboxylate cosmetic conditioner; ceramide glucosylceramide hydroxycarboxylate cosmetic conditioner; galactosylceramide vitamin hydroxycarboxylate cosmetic conditioner				
IT	Amino acids, biological studies Ceramides Vitamins RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (skin-conditioning cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids)				
IT	Cosmetics (conditioners, skin-conditioning cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids)				
IT	Carboxylic acids, biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (hydroxy, skin-conditioning cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids)				
IT	50-21-5, biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7, L-Alanine, biological studies 56-86-0, Glutamic acid, biological studies 58-95-7, Vitamin E acetate 68-26-8, Retinol 72-17-3, Sodium lactate 72-18-4, Valine, biological studies 81-13-0, Panthenol 471-53-4, Glycyrrhetic acid 1405-86-3, Glycyrrhizic acid 2480-26-4, N-Methylserine 13832-70-7 43119-47-7, Vitamin E nicotinate 53956-04-0, Monoammonium glycyrrhizate 68797-35-3, Dipotassium glycyrrhizate 85305-87-9, Glucosylceramide 85305-88-0, Galactosylceramide 108910-78-7, Ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (skin-conditioning cosmetics contg. hydroxycarboxylic acids)				

L229 ANSWER 57 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:951387 HCPLUS
DN 123:349890

TI Artificial tanning compositions having improved color development

IN Tanner, Paul Robert; Robinson, Larry Richard

PA Procter and Gamble Co., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-42

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9526179	A1	19951005	WO 1995-US3445	19950317 <--
	W: CA, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE CA 2186502 AA 19951005 CA 1995-2186502 19950317 <-- EP 752843 A1 19970115 EP 1995-914757 19950317 <--				

EP 752843 B1 20001206
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
JP 09510971 T2 19971104 JP 1995-525199 19950317 <--
AT 197895 E 20001215 AT 1995-914757 19950317 <--
US 5603923 A 19970218 US 1995-533023 19950925 <--
PRAI US 1994-219061 19940329 <--
WO 1995-US3445 19950317 <--
AB Artificial tanning compns. that provide improved color development and good chem. and phys. stability comprise dihydroxyacetone, certain amino acids or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and a topical carrier; the compns. have pH <4. A stabilizing salt (metabisulfite, sulfite, H sulfite) and a sunscreen may also be present. Thus, an artificial tanning cream was prep'd. by combining the following phases: (A) water (to 100 wt.%), glycerin 5.00, Mg Al silicate 0.50, xanthan gum 0.30, di-Na EDTA 0.10, C10-30-alkyl acrylate polymer 0.025; (B) octyl palmitate 3.00, propoxylated methylglucose distearate 2.00, cetyl alc. 2.00, stearyl alc. 2.00, polysorbate 60 1.00, dimethicone 1.00, steareth-20 1.00, glyceryl stearate + PEG-100 stearate 0.25, DEA-cetyl phosphate 0.10; (C) water 13.5, dihydroxyacetone 5.00, butylene glycol 2.50, citric acid 2.00, L-lysine 0.50, dimethylol-5,5-dimethylhydantoin + iodopropynyl butylcarbamate 0.25; and (D) fragrance 0.15 wt.%.
ST tanning compn hydroxyacetone amino acid; sulfite stabilizer skin tanning compn
IT Amino acids, biological studies
Disulfites
Sulfites
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(artificial tanning compns. having improved color development)
IT Sulfites
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydrogen, artificial tanning compns. having improved color development)
IT Sunburn and Suntan
(suntanning agents, artificial tanning compns. having improved color development)
IT 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 56-40-6,
Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-85-9, Glutamine, biological studies 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 60-18-4, Tyrosine, biological studies 61-90-5, L-Leucine, biological studies 63-68-3, Methionine, biological studies 63-91-2,
Phenylalanine, biological studies 70-47-3, Asparagine, biological studies 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies 72-18-4, Valine, biological studies 72-19-5, Threonine, biological studies 73-22-3, Tryptophan, biological studies 73-32-5, Isoleucine, biological studies 74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies 96-26-4, Dihydroxyacetone 147-85-3, Proline, biological studies 657-26-1, Lysine dihydrochloride 657-27-2, Lysine monohydrochloride 7631-90-5, Sodium hydrogen sulfite 7681-57-4, Sodium metabisulfite 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite 7773-03-7, Potassium hydrogen sulfite 10117-38-1, Potassium sulfite 10192-30-0, Ammonium hydrogen sulfite 10196-04-0, Ammonium sulfite 16731-55-8, Potassium metabisulfite 32736-64-4, Ammonium metabisulfite
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(artificial tanning compns. having improved color development)

L229 ANSWER 58 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN 1995:947066 HCPLUS
DN 123:349899
TI Skin treatment composition for increasing sphingolipid biosynthesis in the skin
IN Zhang, Kelly H.; Kosturko, Richard; Bartolone, John B.; Rawlings, Anthony V.
PA Chesebrough-Pond's, USA

SO U.S., 8 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-00
 ICS A61K007-48
 NCL 424401000
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5451405	A	19950919	US 1994-232896	19940425 <--
	EP 684040	A2	19951129	EP 1995-302500	19950413 <--
	EP 684040	A3	19951213		
	R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	CA 2147341	AA	19951026	CA 1995-2147341	19950419 <--
	ZA 9502356	A	19961021	ZA 1995-2356	19950421 <--
	ZA 9503256	A	19961021	ZA 1995-3256	19950421 <--
	JP 07291851	A2	19951107	JP 1995-99358	19950425 <--

PRAI US 1994-232896 19940425 <--

AB The title compn. for enhancing biosynthesis of sphingolipids, lipids, and ceramides in the skin, comprises .alpha.-hydroxy acids, e.g. L-lactic acid or salts thereof 0.001-20% and N-acetyl-L-cysteine 0.001-20%. The compn. improves the appearance of wrinkled, flaky, or aged skin. A cream contained L-lactic acid 10, mineral oil 4, N-acetyl-L-cysteine 1, Brij-56 4, cetyl alc. 4, triethanolamine 0.75, butane-1,3-diol 3, xanthan gum 0.3, preservatives 0.4, perfumes q.s., BHT 0.01, and water to 100%.

ST antiaging cosmetic lactate acetylcysteine sphingolipid biosynthesis
 Ceramides

IT Lipids, biological studies
 Sphingolipids

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
 (antiaging cosmetics contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and acetyl cysteine for increasing sphingolipid biosynthesis in skin)

IT Cosmetics
 (antiaging, antiaging cosmetics contg. .alpha.-hydroxyacids and acetyl cysteine for increasing sphingolipid biosynthesis in skin)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
 (carboxy, antiaging cosmetics contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and acetyl cysteine for increasing sphingolipid biosynthesis in skin).

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
 (hydroxy, antiaging cosmetics contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and acetyl cysteine for increasing sphingolipid biosynthesis in skin)

IT 79-33-4, L-Lactic acid, biological studies
 87-69-4, L-Tartaric acid, biological studies
 616-91-1, N-Acetyl-L-cysteine 617-73-2, 2-Hydroxy octanoic acid
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (antiaging cosmetics contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and acetyl cysteine for increasing sphingolipid biosynthesis in skin)

AN 1995:863678 HCAPLUS
 DN 123:265797
 TI Stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid
 IN Candau, Didier; Collin, Nathalie
 PA Oreal S. A., Fr.
 SO Fr. Demande, 20 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DT Patent
 LA French
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-40; A61K009-107; A61K031-375
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	FR 2715844	A1	19950811	FR 1994-1282	19940204 <--
	FR 2715844	B1	19960329		
	EP 670157	A1	19950906	EP 1995-400134	19950123 <--
	EP 670157	B1	19971001		
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	ES 2109779	T3	19980116	ES 1995-400134	19950123 <--
	CA 2141765	AA	19950805	CA 1995-2141765	19950203 <--
	JP 07256086	A2	19951009	JP 1995-17348	19950203 <--
	JP 2898213	B2	19990531		
	US 5552446	A	19960903	US 1995-383431	19950203 <--
	US 5629004	A	19970513	US 1996-607494	19960227 <--

PRAI FR 1994-1282 19940204 <--
US 1995-383431 19950203 <--

AB Stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid (I), having pH .gtoreq.3.5, contg. emulsifiers are claimed. A cosmetic cream contained cetyltrimethicone copolyol 2, triglyceryl trioleate 5, cyclopentadimethylsiloxane 8, cyclohexadimethylsiloxane 4, a mixt. of cyclopentadimethylsiloxane:dimethiconol (90:10) 4, apricot oil 3, glycerin 3, I 5, NaCl 0.5, diazolidinylurea 0.2, butylparaben/sorbic acid 0.4, fragrance 0.3, and water q.s. 100.

ST cosmetic emulsion ascorbic acid stability; cream cosmetic cetyltrimethicone copolyol ascorbic acid stability

IT Chelating agents

Emulsifying agents

Sunscreens

(stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(.alpha.-hydroxy; stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Cosmetics

(creams, stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(di-Me, Me hydrogen siloxane-, stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(di-Me, Me hydrogen, polyoxyalkylene-, stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Skin, disease

(pigmentation, stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT Cosmetics

(wrinkle-preventing, stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies

50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies

7651-99-2, Pentasodium ethylenediaminetetra(methylenephosphonate)

145686-34-6, Cetyltrimethicone copolyol

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(stabilized cosmetic emulsions of ascorbic acid)

L229 ANSWER 60 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:851840 HCPLUS

DN 123:265796

TI Stabilized cosmetic or dermatologic composition containing several precursors of a same active agent

IN Bernard, Dominique; Nguyen, Quang Lan

PA Oreal S. A., Fr.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-06; A61K031-70

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 667145	A1	19950816	EP 1995-400062	19950112 <--
	EP 667145	B1	19960925		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	FR 2715565	A1	19950804	FR 1994-1031	19940131 <--
	FR 2715565	B1	19960315		
	AT 143256	E	19961015	AT 1995-400062	19950112 <--
	ES 2095174	T3	19970201	ES 1995-400062	19950112 <--
	CA 2141372	AA	19950801	CA 1995-2141372	19950130 <--
	JP 08053323	A2	19960227	JP 1995-13168	19950130 <--
	JP 2705910	B2	19980128		
	US 5607921	A	19970304	US 1995-380977	19950131 <--

PRAI FR 1994-1031 19940131 <--

AB Stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compns. contain several precursors of a same active agent which are released by enzymic reaction in the skin. A cream contained karite butter 20, cyclomethicon 5, glyceryl monostearate 6, vaseline 7, Mg ascorbyl phosphate 1.5, glucosylated ascorbic acid 1.5, polyol 3, xanthan gum 0.05, Mg sulfate 0.4, preservatives and fragrances 1, and water q.s. 100.

ST cosmetic skin enzymic reaction precursor; glucosyld ascorbic acid cream

IT Antioxidants

(derivs.; stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compn. contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT Lipopeptides

Sialic acids

Vitamins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(derivs.; stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compn. contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT Radicals, biological studies

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (free; stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compn.
 contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT **Esters, biological studies**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compn. contg.
 several precursors of a same active agent)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (antiaging, stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compn.
 contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT **Alcohols, biological studies**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (carboxy, derivs.; stabilized cosmetic or
 dermatol. compn. contg. several precursors of a same active
 agent)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (creams, stabilized cosmetic or dermatol.
 compn. contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (hydroxy, derivs.; stabilized cosmetic or
 dermatol. compn. contg. several precursors of a same active
 agent)

IT **Amino acids, biological studies**
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (lipo, derivs.; stabilized cosmetic or dermatol.
 compn. contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (moisturizers, stabilized cosmetic or
 dermatol. compn. contg. several precursors of a same active
 agent)

IT **Skin, disease**
 (pigmentation, stabilized cosmetic or dermatol.
 compn. contg. several precursors of a same active agent)

IT **50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, glucosylated**
 50-99-7D, Glucose, derivs. 57-48-7D, Fructose, derivs. 58-95-7,
 Tocopheryl acetate 59-23-4D, Galactose, derivs. 79-81-2, Retinol
 palmitate 117-39-5, Quercetine 117-39-5D, Quercetine, esters
 127-47-9, Retinol acetate 137-66-6, **Ascorbic acid**
 palmitate 1811-31-0D, N-Acetylgalactosamine, derivs. 2438-80-4D,
 Fucose, derivs. 3458-28-4D, Mannose, derivs. 7069-42-3, Retinol
 propionate 7512-17-6D, N-Acetylglucosamine, derivs. 10597-89-4D,
 derivs. 23313-12-4 43119-47-7, Tocopherol nicotinate
 53859-19-1, Retinol phosphate 108910-78-7 125913-31-7,
Ascorbic acid phosphate 143549-76-2 169105-06-0
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (stabilized cosmetic or dermatol. compn. contg.
 several precursors of a same active agent)

L229 ANSWER 61 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:721436 HCPLUS

DN 123:122734

TI Depigmentation composition for the simultaneous treatment of the
 superficial and deep skin layers

IN Ribier, Alain; Simonnet, Jean-Thierry; Fanchon, Chantal;
 Arnaud-Sebillotte, Laurence; Segot, Evelyne

PA Oreal S. A., Fr.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 661038	A1	19950705	EP 1994-402980	19941221 <--
	EP 661038	B1	19960724		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	FR 2714601	A1	19950707	FR 1993-15870	19931230 <--
	FR 2714601	B1	19960209		
	AT 140612	E	19960815	AT 1994-402980	19941221 <--
	ES 2092876	T3	19961201	ES 1994-402980	19941221 <--
	CA 2138875	AA	19950701	CA 1994-2138875	19941222 <--
	JP 07324029	A2	19951212	JP 1994-326418	19941227 <--
	BR 9405484	A	19950919	BR 1994-5484	19941229 <--
	HU 71380	A2	19951128	HU 1994-3828	19941229 <--
	CN 1114558	A	19960110	CN 1994-120479	19941229 <--
	CN 1051919	B	20000503		
	RU 2105540	C1	19980227	RU 1994-45127	19941229 <--
	US 5607692	A	19970304	US 1994-366739	19941230 <--

PRAI FR 1993-15870 19931230 <--

AB Depigmentation compns. comprising dispersion of lipid vesicles for the simultaneous penetration into the superficial and the deep skin layers are claimed. Double liposome creams contained 31.3 g of vesicles for the deep layer (epidermis) comprising triglyceryl cetyl ether 7.6, cholesterol 7.6, sodium acylglutamate 0.8, kojic acid 2.0, glycerol 12.0, preservatives 0.1, and water q.s. 100 g; 25.0 g of vesicles for superficial layer (stratum corneum) comprising Chimexan NS:dimyristylphosphate (95:5) 20.00, N-octanoyl-5-salicylic acid 2.0, glycerol 15.0, preservatives 0.2, and water q.s. 100 g; and vegetable oils 4.5, preservatives 0.3, carboxyvinyl polymer 0.9, NaOH 1.8, and water q.s. 100%.

ST cosmetic dispersion lipid vesicle skin layer; depigmentation cosmetic dispersion liposome cream

IT Pigments

(depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies

Glycerides, biological studies

Inflammation inhibitors

Lipids, biological studies

Phospholipids, biological studies

Sunscreens

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

IT **Keratosis**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(inhibitors; depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

IT **Cosmetics**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antiaging, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

IT **Alcohols, biological studies**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(carboxy, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

IT **Skin, disease**

(depigmentation, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

- IT Glycerides, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (di-, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Lecithins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (egg yolk, hydrogenated, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Skin
 (epidermis, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Phospholipids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydrogenated, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Steroids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy, ethoxylated, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Amino acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (lipo, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Cosmetics
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (liposomes, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Cosmetics
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (moisturizers, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Alcohols, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (polyhydric, alkyl ethers; depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Lecithins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (soya, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Skin
 (stratum corneum, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT Lecithins
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (sunflower-oil, depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)
- IT 16177-21-2, Sodium glutamate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (acyl; depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and deep skin layers)

IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 50-99-7, Glucose, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies
 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 69-72-7, biological studies
 108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, biological studies 123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol,
 biological studies 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 331-39-5 501-30-4, Kojic
 acid 2197-63-9, Dicetylphosphate 6640-03-5, Dimyristyl phosphate
 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9004-99-3, Polyethylene glycol stearate
 9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies 25168-73-4, Saccharose stearate
 25618-55-7D, Polyglycerol, C16-18-glycol derivs., lauryl ethers
 26266-57-9, Sorbitan palmitate 27195-16-0, Saccharose distearate
 51827-83-9 56090-54-1D, Triglycerol, hexadecyl ethers 63119-59-5,
 Diglycerol distearate 74563-64-7, Phytanetriol 78418-01-6,
 Octanoyl-5-salicylic acid 99734-29-9, Tetraglyceryl tristearate
 119831-19-5 128895-87-4, Triglycerol monohexadecyl ether 143747-72-2,
 Triglycerol, diether with 1-hexadecanol 166050-05-1
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of superficial and
 deep skin layers)

IT 9002-10-2, Tyrosinase

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(inhibitors; depigmentation compn. for simultaneous treatment of
 superficial and deep skin layers)

L229 ANSWER 62 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:719443 HCAPLUS

DN 123:92918

TI skin preparations containing .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other
 ingredients for skin roughness and aging

IN Okabe, Jiro; Takei, Masumi

PA Noevir Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00; A61K031-19; A61K031-355; A61K035-78; A61K038-00;
 A61K038-17

ICA A61K035-54

ICI A61K031-19, A61K031-355

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 07138142 A2 19950530 JP 1993-281600 19931015 <--

AB Skin preps. for skin roughness and aging contain
 .alpha.-hydroxy acids, eggshell proteins, and optionally collagens and/or
 elastins, tannins, and vitamin E. As an example, a
 cream contained beeswax 6.0, cetanol 5.0, reduced lanolin 8.0,
 squalane 37.5, fatty acid glyceride 4.0, glycerol monostearate 2.0,
 polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate 2.0, propylene glycol 5.0, Me
 p-hydroxybenzoate 0.1, glycolic acid 0.5 eggshell
 protein 0.3, collagen 0.01, elastins 0.01, perfumes 0.2 wt.%, and purified
 water.

ST cosmetic hydroxy acid skin roughness aging

IT Cosmetics

(ointments; skin preps. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy
 acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Skin, disease

(roughness; skin preps. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and
 other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Collagens, biological studies

Elastins

Tannins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)
 (skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Skin, disease
 (aging, skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (carboxy, skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Cosmetics
 (creams, skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Proteins, specific or class
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (eggshell, skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (hydroxy, skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT Cosmetics
 (lotions, skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

IT 94-26-8, Butyl p-hydroxybenzoate 99-76-3, Methyl p-hydroxybenzoate
 1406-18-4, Vitamin E
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (skin prepns. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and other ingredients for skin roughness and aging)

L229 ANSWER 63 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:693751 HCAPLUS

DN 123:122753

TI Cosmetics containing pantolactones

IN Katsumata, Manabu; Kiuchi, Keiko; Uchikuga, Saburo

PA Sogo Yatsuko Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

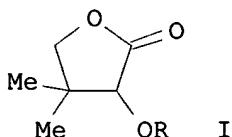
ICS A61K007-00; A61K031-185; A61K031-365; C07C309-14; C07C317-28;
 C07C381-04; C07D307-33

ICI A61K031-365, A61K031-185

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 07126148	A2	19950516	JP 1993-300756	19931108 <--
OS	MARPAT	123:122753			
GI					



AB Cosmetics contain pantolactones I [R = H, (un)satd. linear or branched C1-22 alkyl, acyl] as active ingredients. The preps. are safe and show fibroblast proliferation effect, skin-lightening effect, and/or moisturizing effect. Human fibroblasts were cultured in media contg. 0.001% d-pantolactone to show 149% proliferation, vs. 100%, for controls. Formulation examples are given.

ST pantolactone skin lightening moisturizer; fibroblast proliferation pantolactone cosmetic

IT Fibroblast
(skin-lightening and/or moisturizing cosmetics contg. pantolactones)

IT Cosmetics
(moisturizers, skin-lightening and/or moisturizing cosmetics contg. pantolactones)

IT Cosmetics
(skin-lightening, skin-lightening and/or moisturizing cosmetics contg. pantolactones)

IT 107-35-7, Taurine 300-84-5,
Hypotaurine 2937-54-4, Thiotaurine
165327-29-7 165327-31-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(skin-lightening and/or moisturizing cosmetics contg. pantolactones)

IT 28227-35-2P 165327-30-OP 165524-42-5P 166020-02-6P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(skin-lightening and/or moisturizing cosmetics contg. pantolactones)

IT 79-50-5, DL-Pantolactone 599-04-2, D-Pantolactone 5405-40-3, L-Pantolactone
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(skin-lightening and/or moisturizing cosmetics contg. pantolactones)

L229 ANSWER 64 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:604438 HCPLUS

DN 123:17500

TI Cosmetics containing .gamma.-amino-.beta.-hydroxybutyric acid and ascorbic acid esters with skin aging-preventing and skin-lightening effects

IN Hasunuma, Kyotaro

PA Kanebo Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 07082135	A2	19950328	JP 1993-249863	19930909 <--
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OS MARPAT 123:17500

AB Cosmetics contain .gamma.-amino-.beta.-hydroxybutyric acid (I) and its salts and ascorbic acid (II) phosphates, sulfates, their salts, and other ascorbic acid derivs. A skin cream contg. I and II 2-phosphate Mg salt promoted corneum turn

over rate, improved rough skin, and showed skin -conditioning and -lightening effects.

ST aminohydroxybutyrate ascorbic acid skin conditioner; GABA ascorbic acid skin conditioner; lightening skin GABA ascorbic acid; antiaging cosmetic aminohydroxybutyrate ascorbic acid

IT Cosmetics (antiaging, cosmetics contg. aminohydroxybutyric acid (salts) and ascorbic acid phosphates or sulfates or polyoxyethylene ethers for skin aging prevention and skin lightening)

IT Cosmetics (skin-lightening, cosmetics contg. aminohydroxybutyric acid (salts) and ascorbic acid phosphates or sulfates or polyoxyethylene ethers for skin aging prevention and skin lightening)

IT 352-21-6, .gamma.-Amino-.beta.-hydroxybutyric acid 16748-85-9, 56939-67-4, Ascorbic acid sulfate 66651-98-7 84309-23-9, Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate magnesium salt 86404-04-8 119604-13-6 120730-19-0 125913-31-7, Ascorbic acid phosphate 159668-16-3
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cosmetics contg. aminohydroxybutyric acid (salts) and ascorbic acid phosphates or sulfates or polyoxyethylene ethers for skin aging prevention and skin lightening)

L229 ANSWER 65 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1995:532339 HCAPLUS
 DN 122:273794
 TI Skin care composition comprising thiol proteases from the stratum corneum
 IN Watkinson, Allan
 PA Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K038-48; C12N009-64
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 3
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
PI	WO 9507686	A1	19950323	WO 1994-EP2999	19940908 <-- W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN RW: KE, MW, SD, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2168869	AA 19950323	CA 1994-2168869	19940908 <--
	AU 9476953	A1	19950403	AU 1994-76953	19940908 <--			
	EP 719134	A1	19960703	EP 1994-927584	19940908 <-- R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE US 5545402	A 19960813	US 1994-304722	19940912 <--
	ZA 9407138	A	19960315	ZA 1994-7138	19940915 <--			
PRAI	GB 1993-19104		19930915 <--					
	WO 1994-EP2999		19940908 <--					
AB	A compn. for topical applications to the skin for alleviation or prevention of dry flaky skin condition, dandruff or acne comprising one or more stratum corneum thiol proteases. The compn. may further comprise a mild reducing agent and/or an addnl. enzyme selected							

from glycosidases, other proteases, lipases and mixts. thereof. Optional addnl. active ingredients include sunscreens, lipids, **hydroxy carboxylic acids** and keto carboxylic acids. Thiol proteases was sepd. from the stratum corneum and characterized. A topical lotion contained stratum corneum thiol protease 1.0, **cysteine** 0.1, EtOH 10.0, BHT 0.01, perfume q.s. and water q.s. 100%.

ST skin care stratum corneum thiol protease; lotion

cysteine stratum corneum thiol protease

IT **Acne**

Dandruff

Reducing agents

Sunscreens

(skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT Ceramides

Enzymes

Fatty acids, biological studies

Glycosphingolipids

Phospholipids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Alcohols, biological studies**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**carboxy**, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Cosmetics**

(**creams**, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT Glycerides, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(di-, galactosyl, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Cosmetics**

(**emulsions**, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(esters, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(esters, polymers, polyol; skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**

Steroids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**hydroxy**, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Cosmetics**

(**lotions**, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**oxo**, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like enzymes)

IT **Skin**

(stratum corneum, skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum

trypsin-like enzymes)

IT 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 9001-62-1,
 Lipase 9001-92-7, Protease 56467-83-5, Ceramidase
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (skin care compn. comprising stratum corneum trypsin-like
 enzymes)

IT 37353-41-6P, Thiol protease
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU
 (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence);
 PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (skin care compn. comprising thiol proteases from the stratum
 corneum)

L229 ANSWER 66 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1995:503349 HCAPLUS
 DN 122:273789
 TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing indomethacin and
 L-ascorbic acids
 IN Togya, Hiroshi; Yokota, Tomohiro
 PA Kanebo Ltd, Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-42
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI JP 07033638	A2	19950203	JP 1993-200451	19930719 <--

AB The title cosmetics are harmless and storage-stable and have
 anti-inflammatory effect. A lotion was prep'd. from olive oil
 15.0, iso-Pr myristate 5.0, polyoxyethylene nonylphenyl ether 0.5, Na
 L-ascorbyl-2-phosphate 0.05, indomethacin 0.001, glycerin 5.0,
 methylparaben 0.1, citric acid 0.1, Na citrate 0.05,
 EtOH 7.0, and H2O to 100 wt.%.

ST skin lightening cosmetic indomethacin
 ascorbate; antiinflammatory cosmetic indomethacin
 ascorbate

IT Inflammation inhibitors
 (inflammation-inhibiting skin-lightening cosmetics
 contg. indomethacin and ascorbic acids)

IT Cosmetics
 (skin-lightening, inflammation-inhibiting skin
 -lightening cosmetics contg. indomethacin and
 ascorbic acids)

IT 53-86-1, Indomethacin 109620-90-8
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
 use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (antiinflammatory skin-lightening cosmetics contg.
 indomethacin and ascorbate)

IT 25395-66-8, L-Ascorbyl stearate 28474-90-0, L-Ascorbyl dipalmitate
 68536-31-2 84309-23-9
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BUU (Biological
 use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (inflammation-inhibiting skin-lightening cosmetics
 contg. indomethacin and ascorbic acids)

L229 ANSWER 67 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1995:503131 HCAPLUS
 DN 122:248033

TI Cosmetic, skin-renewal stimulating composition with long-term irritation control

IN Herstein, Morris

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp..

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-48

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9503028	A1	19950202	WO 1994-US8388	19940725 <--
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 716589	A1	19960619	EP 1994-924009	19940725 <--
	R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
	US 5616332	A	19970401	US 1995-410387	19950327 <--

PRAI US 1993-97380 19930723 <--
WO 1994-US8388 19940725 <--

AB A cosmetic skin-renewal stimulating compn. suitable for daily use and providing anti-aging benefits with control of delayed irritation is disclosed. The invention adds small quantities of a naturally occurring small-mol., biol. active, aliph. aminodiol lipid, e.g. sphingosine, to cosmetics incorporating a skin-renewal stimulating acid, e.g. lactic, hydroxybenzoic or retinoic acid, to provide control of deferred hyperproliferative allergenicity induced by the skin-renewal stimulating acid. A skin-renewal stimulating toner contained lactic acid 1.00, EtOH 50.00, benzyl alc. 0.10, sphingosine 0.05, PP5-5-ceteth 20 1.00, PPG-3-myristyl ether 0.50, and water 47.35%.

ST cosmetic skin renewal lipid carboxylic acid; antiaging
cosmetic lactic acid shingosine

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(alpha-hydroxy; skin-renewal stimulating
cosmetics with long-term irritation control)

IT Inflammation inhibitors

(skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term
irritation control)

IT Phytosphingosines

Sphingosines

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term
irritation control)

IT Pharmaceutical natural products

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(aloe, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with
long-term irritation control)

IT Cosmetics

(antiaging, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with
long-term irritation control)

IT Cosmetics

(creams, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics
with long-term irritation control)

IT Sphingosines

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dihydro, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with
long-term irritation control)

IT Cosmetics

(lotions, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term irritation control)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oxo, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term irritation control)

IT Cosmetics
 (toners, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term irritation control)

IT Hair preparations
 (tonics, skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term irritation control)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 59-02-9 76-93-7, biological studies 77-92-9,
 Citric acid, biological studies 79-14-1,
 Glycolic acid, biological studies 80-69-3,
 Tartronic acid 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies 90-64-2, Mandelic acid 97-59-6,
 Allantoin 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies 127-17-3,
 Pyruvic acid, biological studies 128-37-0, Bht, biological studies 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 473-81-4, Glyceric acid 500-38-9, Nordihydroguaiaretic acid 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 565-70-8, 2-Hydroxybutyric acid 617-35-6,
 Ethyl pyruvate 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 6915-15-7
 , Malic acid 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 9054-89-1,
 Superoxide dismutase 25013-16-5, Butylated hydroxyanisole 29656-58-4,
 Hydroxybenzoic acid
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (skin-renewal stimulating cosmetics with long-term irritation control)

L229 ANSWER 68 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1995:452310 HCAPLUS

DN 122:222867

TI Antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, pruritic psoriasis, photodermatosis, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin

IN Staeb, Franz; Sauermann, Gerhard; Keyhani, Reza

PA Beiersdorf A.-G., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 16 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A61K007-44

ICS A61K007-48; A61K007-08

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 4328871	A1	19950302	DE 1993-4328871	19930827 <--
	WO 9505852	A1	19950302	WO 1994-EP2831	19940826 <--
	W: CN, JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 721347	A1	19960717	EP 1994-925480	19940826 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
	JP 09501925	T2	19970225	JP 1994-507355	19940826 <--

PRAI DE 1993-4328871 19930827 <--
 WO 1994-EP2831 19940826 <--

AB Antioxidants and agents which maintain skin metab. at a normal level and/or regulate the endogenous enzymic antioxidant system are useful for prophylaxis and treatment of the title skin conditions.
 Pharmaceuticals and topical prepns. contg. combinations of these agents are provided. Thus, a combination of active agents contained carnosine

3.0, histidine 0.8, urocanic acid 1.0, .beta.-carotene 0.5, palmitoylcystine 0.2, Mg ascorbyl palmitate 2.0, vitamin E acetate 3.5, oleylglutathione 0.2, glucosylcystamine 0.04, oleic acid 0.3, heptadecenoic acid 0.02, butylated hydroxyanisole 0.5, FADH₂ 0.02, glucose 6-phosphate 0.06, NADPH 0.05, and ubiquinol 0.5 wt. parts. A lotion contained this combination 25.00, Cremophor A25 1.000, Cremophor A6 1.000, glycerin mono/distearate 2.000, cetyl alc. 1.000, iso-Pr myristate 1.450, glycerin 1.000, PVP 0.500, and water to 100.000 wt.%.

ST skin disease antioxidant metab regulator

IT Acne

Antioxidants

Dermatitis

Pruritus

Psoriasis

Skin, disease

(antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Skin, disease

(aging, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Enzymes

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antioxidant, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Dermatitis

Eczema

(atopic, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Animal metabolism

(energy, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Skin, disease

(ichthyosis, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Dermatitis

(neuro-, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Skin, disease

(photodermatoses, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Ubiquinones

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(reduced, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT Dermatitis

(seborrheic, antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis, and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

IT 50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies

50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies 50-99-7D, D-Glucose, cystamine derivs. 51-85-4D, Cystamine, glucose derivs. 52-90-4, L-

Cysteine, biological studies 53-57-6, NADPH 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-73-5, Glucose 6-phosphate 58-85-5, D-Biotin

58-95-7, Vitamin E acetate 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies
 60-18-4, L-Tyrosine, biological studies 69-93-2, Uric acid, biological
 studies 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies
 71-00-1, L-Histidine, biological studies 77-92-9, biological
 studies 79-81-2, Vitamin A palmitate 83-86-3, Phytic acid 104-98-3,
 Urocanic acid 112-80-1, Oleic acid, biological studies 137-66-6
 150-38-9, Trisodium EDTA 153-18-4 305-84-0, Carnosine 1406-18-4,
 Vitamin E 1910-41-4, FADH2 2629-59-6, S-Ethylcysteine 3211-76-5,
 Selenomethionine 3458-28-4, Mannose 5853-00-9, D-Carnosine
6915-15-7 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 7699-35-6, cis-Urocanic
 acid 10139-18-1, Glucose 1,6-diphosphate 17627-10-0 25013-16-5,
 Butylated hydroxyanisole 25779-79-7, N-Acetylcystine 26265-99-6,
 Heptadecenoic acid 28542-76-9, N-Acetylglutathione 57828-26-9, Lipoic
 acid 67603-49-0 67603-51-4 69522-24-3, Arlacel 481 108333-82-0
 145586-82-9 161889-64-1 161889-65-2 161889-66-3 162015-51-2
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (antioxidants and metabolic regulators for treatment of atopic
 dermatitis, pruritis, psoriasis, photodermatoses, ichthyosis,
 and hyperreactive conditions of sensitive skin)

L229 ANSWER 69 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:517387 HCAPLUS

DN 121:117387

TI skin preparations containing collagen metabolism activators

IN Yoshida, Masaki; Inoe, Shintaro; Matsui, Tadashi

PA Kanebo Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICA C12N009-50

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 06157232	A2	19940603	JP 1992-332519	19921117 <--
	JP 3117823	B2	20001218		

AB Skin preps. contain ethanolamine derivs., Na sulfate, pentoxifylline, serine derivs. and/or **ascorbic acid** derivs. as collagenase prodn. and collagen metab. activators to prevent skin aging. A lotion contained collagen metab. activator 1.0, ethanol 10.0, **lactic acid** 0.3, Na citrate 0.1, glycerin 2.0 wt.%, preservatives, perfumes, surfactants, and balance water.

ST skin cosmetic collagen metab activator

IT Collagens, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(metab. activators, skin cosmetics contg., to prevent skin aging)

IT Cosmetics

(skin, collagen metab. activators in, to prevent skin aging)

IT Cosmetics

(lotions, collagen metab. activators in, to prevent skin aging)

IT 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, derivs. 56-45-1D,

Serine, derivs. 109-83-1, N-Methylethanalamine 141-43-5D,

Ethanalamine, derivs. 6493-05-6, Pentoxifylline 7757-82-6, Sodium

sulfate, biological studies 56939-67-4, Ascorbic acid

acid sulfate 125913-31-7, Ascorbic acid

phosphate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(as collagen metab. activator, skin cosmetics contg., to prevent skin aging)

IT 9001-12-1P, Collagenase
 RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
 (formation of, promotion of, ethanolamine derivs. and other substances
 for)

L229 ANSWER 70 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:517382 HCAPLUS

DN 121:117382

TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing .gamma.-amino-.
beta.-hydroxybutyric acid, diisopropylamine
 dichloroacetate, and L-ascorbic acid derivatives

IN Hasunuma, Kyotaro; Hirata, Minoru

PA Kanebo Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00; A61K031-19; A61K031-195; A61K031-375

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06100429	A2	19940412	JP 1992-278023	19920921 <--

AB Cosmetics contain .gamma.-amino-.**beta.-hydroxybutyric acid** (I) and/or its salts,
 diisopropylamine dichloroacetate (II), and L-ascorbic acid
 derivs. I 0.5, II 0.5, L-ascorbic acid
 phosphate ester Mg salt (III) 0.5, olive oil 15.0, iso-Pr myristate 5.0,
 polyoxyethylene nonyl Ph ether 0.5, glycerin 5.0, methylparaben 0.1, EtOH
 7.0 wt.%, and H2O balance were mixed to give a 2-layer lotion.
 The lotion was used by volunteers to show higher horny layer
 turnover rate and skin-lightening effect than a control
 lotion contg. no III.

ST GABOB DADA ascorbic acid cosmetic;
 aminohydroxybutyric acid skin lightening cosmetic;
 isopropylamine chloroacetate skin lightening cosmetic;
 skin lightening butyric acid aminohydroxy; hydroxybutyric acid
 amine skin lightening

IT Cosmetics
 (skin-lightening, aminohydroxybutyric acid and
 diisopropylamine dichloroacetate and ascorbic acid
 derivs. for, evaluation in humans of)

IT 352-21-6, .gamma.-Amino-.**beta.-hydroxybutyric acid** 660-27-5, Diisopropylamine dichloroacetate 108910-78-7
 128808-22-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. diisopropylamine
 dichloroacetate and ascorbic acid deriv. and,
 evaluation in humans of)

L229 ANSWER 71 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:517366 HCAPLUS

DN 121:117366

TI Synergistic combinations for cosmetic and/or
 dermatological care of the skin and nails

IN Staeb, Franz; Schreiner, Volker; Sauermann, Gerhard; Schoenrock, Uwe

PA Beiersdorf A.-G., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 21 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K031-415; A61K007-42

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 4242876	A1	19940623	DE 1992-4242876	19921218 <--
	DE 4242876	C2	19971127		
	WO 9414412	A1	19940707	WO 1993-DE1166	19931207 <--
	W: CZ, FI, HU, JP, NO, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 674505	A1	19951004	EP 1994-900762	19931207 <--
	EP 674505	B1	19980805		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
	JP 08504774	T2	19960521	JP 1993-514667	19931207 <--
	AT 169211	E	19980815	AT 1994-900762	19931207 <--
	ES 2121178	T3	19981116	ES 1994-900762	19931207 <--
	US 5710177	A	19980120	US 1995-448620	19950811 <--
PRAI	DE 1992-4242876	19921218	<--		
	WO 1993-DE1166	19931207	<--		
OS	MARPAT 121:117366				
AB	The title combinations, contg. biotin or a biotin ester, citric acid , and optionally .gtoreq.1 antioxidant, prevent dryness or aging of the skin and promote the synthesis of cutaneous lipids. Thus, a mixt. of Arlatone 985 4.00, Brij 78 2.00, Miglyol 812 5.00, and paraffin oil 5.00 was emulsified with a mixt. of propylene glycol 5.00, citric acid 0.50, and aq. preservative at 75.degree., cooled to 35.degree., and stirred with D-biotin 0.05 and perfume to provide 100.00 parts body lotion .				
ST	biotin citrate antioxidant cosmetic ; skin dryness aging biotin citrate antioxidant				
IT	Cosmetics (antioxidant and biotin (ester) and citric acid in, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)				
IT	Antioxidants				
	Flavonoids				
	Tocopherols				
	Ubiquinones				
	RL: BIOL (Biological study) (cosmetics contg. biotin (ester) and citric acid and, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)				
IT	Bile (ext., cosmetics contg. biotin (ester) and citric acid and, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)				
IT	Lipids, biological studies RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (formation of, by skin , antioxidant-biotin (ester)- citric acid combination promotion of)				
IT	Skin, disease (aging, treatment of, with antioxidant-biotin (ester)- citric acid combination)				
IT	Skin, disease (dry, treatment of, with antioxidant-biotin (ester)- citric acid combination)				
IT	Tocopherols RL: BIOL (Biological study) (esters, cosmetics contg. biotin (ester) and citric acid and, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)				
IT	Flavonoids RL: BIOL (Biological study) (oxo, cosmetics contg. biotin (ester) and citric acid and, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)				
IT	77-92-9, Citric acid , biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study) (cosmetics contg. antioxidant and biotin (ester) and, for				

skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)

IT 58-85-5, Biotin 58-85-5D, Biotin, esters
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetics contg. antioxidant and citric acid and, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, derivs.
 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 52-90-4D
 Cysteine, derivs. 56-89-3, Cystine,
 biological studies 58-95-7, Tocopheryl acetate 59-30-3, Folic acid,
 biological studies 60-18-4, Tyrosine, biological studies 70-18-8
 , Glutathione, biological studies 70-18-8D,
 Glutathione, esters 71-00-1, Histidine, biological studies
 83-86-3, Phytic acid 128-37-0, BHT, biological studies 305-84-0,
 Carnosine 502-65-8, Lycopene 616-91-1, N-Acetylcysteine 1200-22-2,
 alpha.-Lipoic acid 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies
 3465-72-3, trans-Urocanic acid 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 7440-66-6D,
 Zinc, salts 7699-35-6, cis-Urocanic acid
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetics contg. biotin (ester) and citric acid and, for skin aging and dryness prevention and promotion of skin lipid formation)

L229 ANSWER 72 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:491334 HCPLUS

DN 121:91334

TI Retinol-containing cosmetic composition

IN Harding, Clive Roderick; Lee, Caroline Marian; Scott, Ian Richard

PA Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-42

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9409756	A1	19940511	WO 1993-EP3064	19931102 <--
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, UZ, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9454201	A1	19940524	AU 1994-54201	19931102 <--
	AU 680844	B2	19970814		
	ZA 9308173	A	19950502	ZA 1993-8173	19931102 <--
	EP 666735	A1	19950816	EP 1993-924575	19931102 <--
	EP 666735	B1	19981007		
		R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE			
	JP 08502742	T2	19960326	JP 1993-510720	19931102 <--
	ES 2123670	T3	19990116	ES 1993-924575	19931102 <--
	BR 9307375	A	19990831	BR 1993-7375	19931102 <--
PRAI	GB 1992-23235	19921105	<--		
	WO 1993-EP3064	19931102	<--		
AB	A compn. for topical application to human skin in order to promote the repair of photo-damaged skin and/or to reduce or prevent the damaging effects of UV light on skin and/or to lighten the skin comprises retinol or its ester and a selected skin lightening agent. An anhyd. formulation contained retinol 0.2, cysteamylphenol 1.0, isopropanol 10.0, volatile silicone 80.0, Et hexyl palmitate 8.7, and an antioxidant 0.1% by wt., resp.				
ST	retinol cream lotion				

IT Placenta
 Licorice
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (exts., topical retinol compn. contg.)

IT Antioxidants
 Beeswax
Emulsifying agents
 Preservatives
Sunscreens
 Surfactants
 Amino acids, biological studies
 Paraffin oils
 Petrolatum
 Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (topical retinol compn. contg.)

IT **Alcohols, biological studies**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (carboxy, topical retinol compn. contg.)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cetyl Me, di-Me, topical retinol compn. contg.)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (creams, retinol-contg., compns. of)

IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hydroxy, topical retinol compn. contg.)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (lotions, retinol-contg., compns. of)

IT **Cosmetics**
 (skin-lightening, retinol-contg. compns. of)

IT 68-26-8, Retinol 79-81-2, Retinyl palmitate 127-47-9, Retinyl acetate
 631-88-9, Retinyl oleate 631-89-0, Retinyl linoleate 1259-24-1,
 Retinyl laurate 7069-42-3, Retinyl propionate 32972-39-7, Retinol
 butyrate 79272-09-6, Retinol octanoate
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (topical compns. of)

IT **50-21-5, biological studies 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies** 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 59-67-6, Niacin, biological studies 60-81-1, Phloridzin 60-82-2, Phloretin 67-63-0, Isopropanol, biological studies 98-92-0, Niacinamide 107-88-0, 1,3-Butanediol 110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate 123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol, biological studies 147-85-3, L-Proline, biological studies 150-76-5, Hydroquinone monomethyl ether 497-76-7, Arbutin 501-30-4, Kojic acid 617-73-2, 2-Hydroxyoctanoic acid 5466-77-3, Parsol MCX 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 9005-00-9, Polyoxyethylene(2) stearyl ether 9007-48-1, Polyglyceryl-3 oleate 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, biological studies 34316-64-8, Hexyl laurate 36653-82-4, 1-Hexadecanol 91281-34-4, 4-S-Cysteamylphenol 145686-34-6, Cetyl dimethicone copolyol
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (topical retinol compn. contg.)

L229 ANSWER 73 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:442442 HCAPLUS

DN 121:42442

TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing L-ascorbic acids and tea leaf extracts

IN Shinho, Tsuneo; Minematsu, Yoshihiro; Shibue, Juko; Suzuki, Juji; Masuda, Mitsuharu; Kimura, Mitsutoshi; Imokawa, Genji

PA Kao Corp, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 06072849	A2	19940315	JP 1992-294506	19921102 <--
PRAI JP 1992-183970		19920710		<--
AB The cosmetics contain L-ascorbic acid (I) and/or water-sol. derivs. of I, tea leaf exts., and optional kudzu root exts. Glycerin monostearate 5.0, polyethylene glycol monostearate 2.0, squalane 8.0, glycerin trioctanoate 8.0, stearyl alc. 5.5, dimethylpolysiloxane 0.2, propylene glycol 5.0, disodium edetate 0.1, L-ascorbic acid phosphate Mg 3.0, tea leaf ext. 3.0, citric acid/Na citrate 1.0 wt.%, antiseptic, perfume, and H ₂ O balance were mixed. to give a cream, which showed fine skin-lightening effect on UV-induced pigmentation.				
ST skin lightening cosmetic ascorbate tea ext; kudzu ext skin lightening cosmetic				
IT Tea (Camellia sinensis) (leaf exts., skin-lightening cosmetics contg. ascorbic acids and)				
IT Kudzu (root exts., skin-lightening cosmetics contg. ascorbic acids and tea leaf ext. and)				
IT Cosmetics (skin-lightening, ascorbic acids and tea leaf exts. and optional kudzu root exts. for)				
IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies 7317-67-1, L-Ascorbic acid sodium salt 108910-78-7, L-Ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt 128808-22-0, L-Ascorbic acid sulfate sodium salt RL: BIOL (Biological study) (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. tea leaf exts. and)				

L229 ANSWER 74 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1994:307117 HCAPLUS
 DN 120:307117
 TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing ascorbic acid derivatives and clove extract
 IN Shinho, Tsuneo; Kimura, Mitsutoshi; Masuda, Mitsuhiro; Suzuki, Juji; Minematsu, Yoshihiro
 PA Kao Corp, Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 06024955	A2	19940201	JP 1992-183971	19920710 <--
AB Cosmetics contain .gtoreq.1 compd. selected from L-ascorbic acid and its water-sol. derivs. and clove ext. Glycerin monostearate 5.0, polyethylene glycol monostearate 2.0, squalane 8.0, glycerin trioctanoate 8.0, stearyl alc. 5.5, dimethylpolysiloxane 0.2, propylene glycol 5.0, di-Na edetate 0.1, L-ascorbic acid phosphate Ma salt 3.0, clove ext. 3.0, citric acid 1.0, antiseptic, perfume, and H ₂ O to 100 wt.% were mixed to give a skin-lightening cream.				
ST skin lightening cosmetic ascorbic acid; clove ext skin lightening cosmetic				

IT Clove
 (ext., skin-lightening cosmetics contg.
 ascorbic acid or water-sol. derivs. and)
 IT Cosmetics
 (skin-lightening, ascorbic acid or
 water-sol. derivs. and clove ext. for)
 IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 134-03-2, L-Ascorbic acid sodium salt
 108910-78-7, L-Ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt
 128808-22-0, L-Ascorbic acid sulfate sodium salt
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. clove ext. and)

L229 ANSWER 75 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:307105 HCAPLUS

DN 120:307105

TI Skin-conditioning composition containing salicylic acid and carboxylic acids

IN Smith, Walter P.

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-74

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9406440	A1	19940331	WO 1993-US8583	19930913 <--
	W: AU, CA, JP, NO, RU				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 660720	A1	19950705	EP 1993-922177	19930913 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 08501553	T2	19960220	JP 1993-508208	19930913 <--
	RU 2113216	C1	19980620	RU 1995-122759	19930913 <--
	AU 697389	B2	19981001	AU 1993-51272	19930913 <--

PRAI US 1992-944503 19920914 <--

WO 1993-US8583 19930913 <--

AB A skin-conditioning compn. is disclosed which can be applied to topically to improve skin cell renewal rates with low irritation levels and comprises salicylic acid and a hydrophobic .alpha.-hydroxy aliph. acid formulated into an acidic cosmetic compn., optionally with an anti-irritant or antioxidant additive. For example, a cream contg. salicylic acid 1, lactic acid 2, antioxidant (1% catalase soln. and 2% superoxide dismutase soln.) 5, and other ingredients to 100% was formulated.

ST skin conditioning salicylate lactate antioxidant

IT Antioxidants

Inflammation inhibitors

(skin-conditioning compns. contg. salicylate and lactate and)

IT Alcohols, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(carboxy, C3-10, skin-conditioning compns. contg.
 salicylate and)

IT Cosmetics

(conditioners, salicylic acid and .alpha.-hydroxy
 carboxylic acids in)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hydroxy, C3-10, skin-conditioning compns. contg.
 salicylate and)

IT Hair preparations

(tonics, salicylic acid and .alpha.-hydroxy
 carboxylic acids in)

IT 38304-91-5, Minoxidil

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hair prepns. contg. salicylate and lactate and)
 IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-conditioning compns. contg.)
 IT 498-36-2, 2-Hydroxy isoheanoic acid 565-70-8, 2-Hydroxybutanoic acid 594-61-6, 2-Hydroxy isobutyric acid 617-31-2, 2-Hydroxy pentanoic acid 4026-18-0, 2-Hydroxy isovaleric acid 6064-63-7, 2-Hydroxy hexanoic acid
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-conditioning compns. contg. salicylate and)
 IT 50-81-7, Vitamin c, biological studies
 58-08-2, Caffeine, biological studies 128-37-0, Butylated hydroxytoluene, biological studies 496-65-1, Pantetheine 500-38-9
 1406-18-4, Vitamin e 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 25013-16-5, Butylated hydroxyanisole
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-conditioning compns. contg. salicylate and lactate and)

L229 ANSWER 76 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1994:226555 HCAPLUS

DN 120:226555

TI Stable cosmetics containing ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt and carboxyl group-containing compounds

IN Yamada, Yasuhiro; Yoshioka, Akiko

PA Noevir Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-48

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 05339123	A2	19931221	JP 1991-143764	19910520 <--
	JP 3095455	B2	20001003		

AB Cosmetics contain ascorbic acid phosphate Mg salt (I) and C2-6 org. acids having carboxyl group(s) and OH group(s), and/or salts of the org. acids or water-sol. polymers contg. carboxyl group(s). A skin-lightening lotion contg. I 2.0, Na gluconate 1.0, glycerin 5.0, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 0.2, methylparaben 0.1, perfume 0.2, and H2O 91.5 wt.% was kept at 50.degree. to show no pptn. even 90 days later.

ST skin lightening ascorbate phosphate magnesium; carboxylate ascorbate phosphate skin lightening; water sol polymer ascorbate cosmetic

IT Alcohols, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(carboxy, skin-lightening cosmetics

contg. ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt and, stable)

IT Polymers, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(carboxy-contg., water-sol., skin-lightening cosmetics contg. ascorbic acid phosphate

magnesium salt and, stable)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hydroxy, skin-lightening cosmetics

contg. ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt and, stable)

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, contg. ascorbic acid

IT phosphate magnesium salt and carboxy-contg. compds.)
 IT 527-07-1, Sodium gluconate 9004-32-4, Carboxymethyl cellulose sodium
 salt
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. ascorbic
 acid phosphate magnesium salt and, stable)
 IT 108910-78-7, Ascorbic acid phosphate magnesium salt
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin-lightening cosmetics contg. carboxy-contg.
 compds. and, stable)

L229 ANSWER 77 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1994:200189 HCAPLUS
 DN 120:200189
 TI Singlet oxygen-scavenging compositions as inhibitors for peroxidation in
 the skin conditioning
 IN Kono, Yoshuki; Sakamoto, Okihiko; Umeya, Junichiro
 PA Shiseido Co Ltd, Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-40
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05320036	A2	19931203	JP 1992-150011	19920519 <--

AB The title compns. contain singlet O scavengers and optional chain-breaking
 antioxidants. The compns. prevent formation of peroxides derived from
 sebum. A lotion contg. .beta.-carotene 0.01, BHT 0.01,
 citric acid 0.01, Na citrate 0.1, EtOH 7.0,
 polyoxyethylene oleyl ether 0.5 wt.%, and H2O balance was applied to the
 forehead of 5 healthy men and after 5 min the applied area were exposed to
 sunlight. Peroxides formed from 1 mol squalene in the sebum of forehead
 was 1.0 .times. 10-3 mol, vs. 4.7 .times. 10-3 mol for SOD.
 ST singlet oxygen scavenger cosmetic; chain breaking antioxidant
 cosmetic
 IT Antioxidants
 (chain-breaking, singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. contg. singlet
 oxygen scavengers and, as peroxidn. inhibitors for skin)
 IT Skin, metabolism
 (lipid peroxidn. by, singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. as inhibitors
 for)
 IT Peroxidation
 (of lipids, in skin, singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. as
 inhibitors for)
 IT Reactive oxygen species
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (scavenging compns. contg. singlet oxygen scavengers and chain-breaking
 antioxidants for, as peroxidn. inhibitors fir skin)
 IT Flavonoids
 Tannins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. contg. singlet oxygen scavengers
 and, as peroxidn. inhibitors for skin)
 IT Carotenes and Carotenoids, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. contg., as peroxidn. inhibitors for
 cosmetics)
 IT Cosmetics
 (skin peroxidn-inhibiting, singlet oxygen-scavenging compns.
 for)
 IT Lipids, compounds
 RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

- (peroxides, formation of, in skin, singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. as inhibitors for)
- IT 149-91-7D, Gallic acid, esters 25013-16-5, BHA 50-81-7,
Ascorbic acid, uses 128-37-0, BHT, uses
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. contg. singlet oxygen scavengers and, as peroxidn. inhibitors for skin)
- IT 144-68-3, Zeaxanthin 148-03-8, .beta.-Tocopherol 465-42-9, Capsanthin 472-70-8, Cryptoxanthin 472-93-5, .gamma.-Carotene 502-65-8, Lycopene 534-22-5, 2-Methylfuran 625-86-5, 2,5-Dimethylfuran 955-83-9, 2,5-Diphenylfuran 5471-63-6, 1,3-Diphenylisobenzofuran 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 7616-22-0, .gamma.-Tocopherol 10191-41-0, dl-.alpha.-Tocopherol 22777-03-3, 1,4-Diazacyclooctane 27876-94-4, Crocetin 29065-03-0, Isozeaxanthin 56-41-7, L-Alanine, uses 59-02-9, .alpha.-Tocopherol 63-68-3, L-Methionine, uses 71-00-1, Histidine, uses 73-22-3, L-Tryptophan, uses 116-30-3, Rhodoxanthin 119-13-1, .delta.-Tocopherol 127-40-2, Lutein
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. contg., as peroxidn. inhibitors for skin)
- IT 432-70-2, .alpha.-Carotene
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (singlet oxygen-scavenging compns. contg., as peroxidn. inhibitors for skin conditioning)
- IT 7782-44-7, Oxygen, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (singlet, scavenging compns. for, as peroxidn. inhibitors for skin)

L229 ANSWER 78 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1993:45468. HCPLUS

DN 118:45468

TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing proteoglycans and ascorbates

IN Matsumoto, Yasunori; Kitahara, Michio; Nakada, Satoru

PA Nonogawa Shoji Y. K., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04210614	A2	19920731	JP 1990-410390	19901213 <--
JP 2998846	B2	20000117		

AB Storage-stable skin-lightening cosmetics comprise proteoglycan ext. solns. and **ascorbic acid** salts with **phosphate**. The proteoglycan ext. may be obtained from animal connective tissues (no hard data). Thus, a **lotion** contained EtOH 8.0, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 0.4, glycerin 5.0, 1, 3-butylene glycol 3.0, proteoglycan exts. 10.0, L-**ascorbic acid** phosphoric acid Mg salt 3.0, **citric acid** 0.5, Na citrate 1.0, perfumes q.s., and water to 100.0%. The **lotion** was tested in vitro for its melanin formation inhibiting activities.

ST skin lightening proteoglycan ascorbate

IT Proteoglycans, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening cosmetics contg. ascorbate and)

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, proteoglycans and ascorbates in)

IT 108910-78-7 128808-25-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening cosmetics contg. proteoglycans
and)

L229 ANSWER 79 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1992:639500 HCAPLUS
 DN 117:239500
 TI Topical skin cream composition
 IN Jaffery, Manzoor H.
 PA Perfective Cosmetics, Inc., USA
 SO U.S., 4 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 418,325, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 NCL 514847000
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 5153230	A	19921006	US 1991-649148	19910201 <--
PRAI US 1989-418325		19891006		<--

AB The title compn. contg. glycolic acid (I) and vitamin A (II) or E (III) is used for the control of skin aging. A cream contained I 2.1, II palmitate 1.00, III acetate 0.5, cetyl ester wax 8.4, stearyl alc. 10.0, cetyl alc. 4.0, glycerin 10.00, Me paraben 0.2, propylparaben 0.02, Quaternium-15 0.1, Na lauryl sulfate 2.5, and water to 100%.

ST cream skin aging glycolic acid

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cream contg., for treatment of skin aging)

IT Skin, disease

(aging, treatment of, with topical cream contg. carboxylic acids and vitamins)

IT Cosmetics

(antiaging, carboxylic acids and vitamins in)

IT 58-95-7, Vitamin e acetate 79-81-2, Vitamin a palmitate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cream contg. carboxylic acid and, for treatment of skin aging)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies

56-84-8, L-Aspartic acid, biological studies 79-14-1,

Glycolic acid, biological studies 87-69-4,

Tartaric acid, biological studies 110-17-8, Fumaric acid, biological studies 526-95-4, Gluconic acid

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cream contg., for treatment of skin aging)

L229 ANSWER 80 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:578120 HCAPLUS

DN 117:178120

TI Skin preparations containing polyphenols and sucrose fatty acid esters

IN Ota, Masakatsu; Kondo, Mitsuo

PA Kanebo, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K009-08; A61K031-19; A61K031-70; A61K047-26

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 04117314 A2 19920417 JP 1990-237911 19900906 <--
 AB Skin prepns. (**cosmetic creams**, shaving
 prepns., pharmaceutical topical prepns., etc.) contain polyphenols having
 .gtoreq.3 phenolic OH and sucrose fatty acid esters. The prepns. show
 good skin conditioning and astringent properties and the
 polyphenols do not ppt. during preservation. EtOH 10.0, **tannin**
 (extd. from fruit of *Diospyros kaki*) 0.5, **citric acid**
 0.05, Na citrate 0.05, di-Na edetate 0.1, sucrose monolaurate 0.3, perfume
 0.05, and H₂O 88.95 wt.% were mixed to give a pptn.-free **cosmetic**
 soln.

ST skin prep polyphenol sucrose ester
 IT Shampoos
 (polyphenols as astringents and sucrose fatty acid esters as
 surfactants in)

IT Astringents
 (polyphenols in)

IT Tannins
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (skin prepns. contg. sucrose fatty acid esters and, as
 astringents)

IT Surfactants
 (sucrose fatty acid esters, for skin prepns. contg.
 astringent polyphenols)

IT Shaving preparations
 (aftershaves, polyphenols as astringents and sucrose fatty acid esters
 as surfactants in)

IT Fatty acids, esters
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (esters, with sucrose, skin prepns. contg. astringent
 polyphenols and, as surfactants)

IT Phenols, biological studies
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (polyhydric, skin prepns. contg. sucrose fatty acid esters
 and, as astringents)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (topical, polyphenols as astringents and sucrose fatty acid esters as
 surfactants in)

IT 25339-99-5, Sucrose monolaurate 25496-92-8, Sucrose monooleate
 26446-38-8 37266-93-6, Ryoto Sugar Ester L-1695 82591-69-3, Sucrose
 dierucate
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (skin prepns. contg. astringent polyphenols and, as
 surfactant)

L229 ANSWER 81 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:537427 HCPLUS

DN 117:137427

TI Methods and compositions for amelioration of **skin wrinkles**

IN Majewski, Wojciech

PA Narhex Ltd., Hong Kong

SO PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K037-12

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9207587	A1	19920514	WO 1991-AU492	19911025 <--
	W:	AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MC, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, SD, SE, SU, US			
	RW:	AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN,			

GR, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG
 AU 9188574 A1 19920526 AU 1991-88574 19911025 <--
 AU 653368 B2 19940929
 GB 2264058 A1 19930818 GB 1993-8478 19930423 <--
 GB 2264058 B2 19940810
 PRAI AU 1990-3009 19901025 <--
 WO 1991-AU492 19911025 <--
 AB Elastin (I), at least some of which has a mol. wt. <10,000, is used topically or by s.c. injection for the amelioration of **skin** wrinkles. It may be used with an agent for reducing corneocyte cohesion of the lower levels of the hyperkeratotic stratum of the **skin**, e.g. alpha.-hydroxy acids. A **cream** contained bovine I (prepns. given) 2, nonionic surfactants 9, oils 23, thickeners 0.5, glycols 8, parabens 0.4, sunscreen 3, and water 100%. The effect of **cream** on male and female **skin** wrinkle amelioration was studied.
 ST **skin wrinkle elastin cream; hydroxy acid elastin**
 skin wrinkle
 IT **Sunscreens**
 (antiwrinkle compn. contg. elastin and)
 IT **Elastins**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (wrinkle-preventing compn. contg.)
 IT **Alcohols, biological studies**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (carboxy, antiwrinkle compn. contg. elastin and)
 IT **Carboxylic acids, biological studies**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hydroxy, antiwrinkle compn. contg. elastin and)
 IT **Pharmaceutical dosage forms**
 (injections, s.c., elastin in, for **skin** wrinkle prevention)
 IT **Pharmaceutical dosage forms**
 (topical, elastin in, for **skin** wrinkle prevention)
 IT **Cosmetics**
 (wrinkle-preventing, elastin in)
 IT 50-21-5, **Lactic acid**, biological studies
 50-81-7, **L-Ascorbic acid**, biological studies
 77-92-9, biological studies 79-14-1, **Glycolic acid**, biological studies 87-69-4, biological studies
 89-65-6 90-80-2 526-95-4, **D-Gluconic acid** 526-99-8, Mucic acid 594-61-6, Acetonic acid
 2306-22-1, **Citramalic acid** 6556-12-3, Glucuronic acid 6915-15-7 35054-79-6, Hydroxybutyric acid 50853-48-0, Hydroxyvaleric acid 143454-48-2
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (antiwrinkle compn. contg. elastin and)

L229 ANSWER 82 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:180947 HCAPLUS

DN 116:180947

TI **Skin-lightening emulsions containing kojic acids and N-acylmethyltaurines as emulsifiers**

IN Sonozu, Hiroko

PA Kobayashi Kose Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04009310	A2	19920114	JP 1990-111546	19900426 <--
JP 2949442	B2	19990913		

OS MARPAT 116:180947

AB **Skin-lightening emulsions (pH 3.0-5.5) contain kojic**

acid and/or its derivs. and N-(long-chain acyl)methyltaurine salts. N-Stearoylmethyltaurine Na salt 0.5, glycerin 10.0, glycerin monostearate 2.0, cetanol 5.0, liq. paraffin 5.0, macadamian nut oil 5.0, 1,3-butylene glycol 10.0, kojic acid 1.0, antiseptic agent 0.1, **lactic acid**, Na lactate, and H₂O to 100% were mixed to give a cream, which was stable at 40.degree. for .gtoreq.6 mo.

ST kojic acid taurine emulsifier cosmetic;
IT skin lightening kojic acid stearoylmethyltaurine

Emulsifying agents

(N-acylmethyltaurines, for kojic acid-contg. cosmetics)

Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, emulsions, contg. kojic acids and
N-acylmethyltaurines, stability in relation to)

IT 149-39-3 18469-44-8

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening emulsions contg. kojic acid and,
stable)

IT 501-30-4, Kojic acid

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening emulsions contg.
N-acylmethyltaurines and, stable)

L229 ANSWER 83 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:180940 HCPLUS

DN 116:180940

TI Stable cosmetic lotions containing ascorbic acid 2-phosphate sodium salt and polyalcohols

IN Matsura, Ichiro; Kizaki, Yoshiho

PA Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 16

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 03275610	A2	19911206	JP 1990-73629	19900323 <--
	JP 2954640	B2	19990927		

AB Cosmetic lotions (neutral or weakly acidic) contain 0.05-3.0 wt.% L-ascorbic acid 2-phosphate Na salt and 1-20 wt.% polyalcs. The cosmetics are stable and show skin-lightening and moisturizing effects. Pseudomonas azotocolligans was stirred with L-ascorbic acid, K4P207, Nissan Nyméen S-215, xylene, and an acetate buffer at 40.degree. and pH .apprx.4.0 for 36 h to manuf. L-ascorbic acid 2-phosphate (I), which was refluxed with aq. NaOH and EtOH to give 71% I Na salt. Lactic acid 0.05, Na lactate 0.45, L-serine 0.3, methylparaben 0.1, propylene glycol 8.5, I Na salt 83.87, polyoxyethylene glyceryl pyroglutamate isostearate diester 0.5, perfumes 0.03, and modified EtOH 8.0 wt.% were mixed to give a cosmetic lotion (pH 5).

ST lotion skin lightening polyalc ascorbate;
ascorbate phosphate polyalc skin lightening

IT Alcohols, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(polyhydric, skin-lightening cosmetic
lotions contg. ascorbic acid phosphate
sodium salt and, stable)

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, contg. ascorbic acid
phosphate sodium salt and polyalcs., stable)

IT 23313-12-4P, L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(manuf. and salt formation of, with sodium hydroxide for **skin lightening cosmetics**)

IT 109620-90-8P, L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate sodium salt

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, **skin-lightening cosmetic lotions** contg. polyalcs. and, stable)

IT 56-81-5, Glycerin, biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 107-88-0, 1,3-Butylene glycol

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**skin-lightening cosmetic lotions** contg.

ascorbic acid phosphate sodium salt and, stable)

L229 ANSWER 84 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:158610 HCAPLUS

DN 116:158610

TI **Skin-lightening cosmetics** containing Ganoderma lucidum extract and vitamins

IN Naeshiro, Hidekazu; Hashimoto, Akira; Ando, Hideya

PA Sunstar, Inc., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-42

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 04009325 A2 19920114 JP 1990-112311 19900427 <--

AB The title **cosmetics** contain G. lucidum culture and/or its ext., and **ascorbic acid**, **retinol**, **pyridoxine**, **pantothenic acid**, **tocopherol**, and derivs. thereof as active ingredients. The **cosmetics** eliminate, attenuate, or prevent UV radiation-induced **skin** darkening or pigmentation with no irritation to the **skin**. A compn. contg. a G. lucidum EtOH ext. 0.5, I 0.5, EtOH 75, polyoxyethylene(40 mol) hydrogenated castor oil 2.0 wt.%, and H2O balance was applied to UV irradn.-induced pigmented skin of the guinea pig for 4 wk to show significant decrease of the pigmentation as compared with the control compn. contg. no I. A **cosmetic lotion** contg. G. lucidum EtOH ext. 0.5, I phosphate Mg salt 0.5, glycerin 6.0, EtOH 8.0, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 0.8, p-HOC6H4CO2Me 0.05, **citric acid** 0.05, Na citrate 0.07, perfume 0.1 wt.%, and H2O balance was prep'd.

ST Ganoderma ext **skin lightening cosmetic**; vitamin

Ganoderma ext **cosmetic**

IT Ganoderma lucidum

(culture or ext. of, **skin-lightening cosmetics** contg. vitamins and)

IT Tocopherols

Vitamins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**skin-lightening cosmetics** contg. Ganoderma lucidum culture or ext. and)

IT **Cosmetics**

(**skin-lightening**, Ganoderma lucidum culture or ext. and vitamins for)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies

50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, derivs. 65-23-6,

Pyridoxine 65-23-6D, Pyridoxine, derivs. 68-26-8, Retinol 68-26-8D,

Retinol, derivs. 79-83-4, Pantothenic acid

79-83-4D, Pantothenic acid, derivs.

1406-70-8, Tocopherol acetate 108910-78-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening cosmetics contg. Ganoderma lucidum culture or ext. and)

L229 ANSWER 85 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:27850 HCPLUS

DN 116:27850

TI Stable skin-lightening cosmetics containing L-ascorbic acid derivatives and water-soluble acidic substances

IN Matsui, Tadashi; Yamada, Toshimi; Shinomiya, Tatsuro

PA Kanebo, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

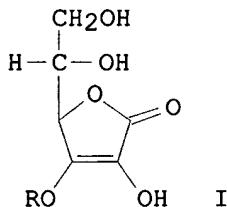
CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03153609	A2	19910701	JP 1989-293694	19891111 <--

OS MARPAT 116:27850

GI



AB The title cosmetics contain L-ascorbic acid derivs. I (R = C1-22 alkyl or alkenyl), H₂O-sol. acidic substances (salts), and H₂O and have pH 3.0-6.0. 3-O-Ethyl-L-ascorbic acid 2.0, stearic acid 10.0, cetyl alc. 4.0, liq. paraffin 15.0, glycerin monostearate 2.0, propylene glycol 10.0, glycerin 4.0, methylparaben 0.1, KOH 0.5, citric acid 0.4, and H₂O 52.0 wt.% were emulsified at 80.degree. and cooled to give a cosmetic cream (pH 5.0). The cream showed 74% inhibitory activity against tyrosinase and was stable at 45.degree. for 3 mo. The cream was applied to human skin to show good skin-lightening effect.

ST ascorbate stabilizer acid skin lightening

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, ascorbates and water-sol. acid (salts) in)

IT 86404-04-8, 3-O-Ethyl-L-ascorbic acid 86404-06-0, 3-O-Isopropyl-L-ascorbic acid 106413-53-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening cosmetics contg.)

IT 56-86-0, L-Glutamic acid, biological studies 68-04-2, Sodium citrate 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies

7558-79-4, Disodium hydrogen phosphate 7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, biological studies 7778-77-0, Potassium dihydrogen phosphate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-lightening cosmetics contg. ascorbates and, stable)

L229 ANSWER 86 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1992:11030 HCPLUS

DN 116:11030
 TI Skin care composition containing retinoids and antioxidants
 IN Clum, Charles E.; Wang, Jonas C. T.
 PA Johnson and Johnson Consumer Products, Inc., USA
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 29 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-48
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 440398	A1	19910807	EP 1991-300627	19910128 <--
	EP 440398	B1	19931229		
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	AU 9169972	A1	19910801	AU 1991-69972	19910124 <--
	AU 639063	B2	19930715		
	JP 04210902	A2	19920803	JP 1991-22677	19910124 <--
	JP 3014780	B2	20000228		
	CA 2035086	AA	19910730	CA 1991-2035086	19910128 <--
	ZA 9100621	A	19921028	ZA 1991-621	19910128 <--
	ES 2048557	T3	19940316	ES 1991-300627	19910128 <--
	BR 9100360	A	19911022	BR 1991-360	19910129 <--
	US 5559149	A	19960924	US 1993-153543	19931116 <--
	US 5583136	A	19961210	US 1995-374011	19950118 <--
	US 5652263	A	19970729	US 1996-674474	19960702 <--
PRAI	US 1990-471760	19900129	<--		
	US 1991-719264	19910627	<--		
	US 1992-926606	19920806	<--		
	US 1993-153543	19931116	<--		
	US 1994-184736	19940121	<--		

AB A skin care compn. contains a water-in-oil emulsion base comprising an antioxidant system, a chelating agent and .gt;req.1 retinoid. A water-in-oil cream contained mineral oil 25.000, hydroxyoctacosanyl hydroxystearate (Elfacos C26) 6.000, sorbitol soln. 5.000, methoxy PEG-22/dodecyl glycol copolymer (Elfacos E200) 5.000, PEG-45/dodecyl glycol copolymer (Elfacos ST9) 3.000 stearoxytrimethylsilane 1.000, dimethicone 1.000, retinol 0.165, methylparaben 0.300, fragrance 0.25, propylparaben 0.2000, Quaternium 15 0.100, Na2EDTA 0.100 ascorbic acid 0.100, butylated hydroxytoluene 0.050, 50% aq. NaOH q.s. to pH 4.7, and water to 100.000%.

ST skin cream retinoid chelator antioxidant; EDTA retinol

BHT skin cream

IT Retinoids

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin creams contg. chelating agents and
antioxidants and)

IT Antioxidants

(skin creams contg. chelating agents and retinoids
and)

IT Chelating agents

(skin creams contg. retinoids and antioxidants and)

IT Cosmetics

(creams, retinoids and antioxidants and chelating agents in)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(ointments, creams, retinoids and antioxidants and
chelating agents in)

IT 68-26-8, Retinol 79-81-2, Retinyl palmitate 116-31-4, Retinal

127-47-9, Retinyl acetate 302-79-4, all-trans-Retinoic acid 4759-48-2

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin creams contg. chelating agents and
antioxidants and)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies

52-89-1, Cysteine hydrochloride 59-02-9, .alpha.-Tocopherol

62-56-6, Thiourea, biological studies 68-11-1, Thioglycolic acid, biological studies 89-65-6, Isoascorbic acid 90-30-2 96-27-5, Thioglycerol 121-79-9, Propyl gallate 123-31-9, Hydroquinone, biological studies 128-37-0, BHT, biological studies 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 149-44-0, Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate 280-57-9, 1,4-Diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane 500-38-9 7631-90-5, Sodium bisulfite 7681-57-4, Sodium metabisulfite 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite 17040-04-9 25013-16-5, Butylated hydroxyanisole 43137-63-9, Thiosorbitol

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin creams contg. chelating agents and retinoids and)

IT 60-00-4, EDTA, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies

87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies

139-33-3, Disodium EDTA 150-25-4, Dihydroxyethyl glycine

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin creams contg. retinoids and antioxidants and)

L229 ANSWER 87 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1991:589747 HCAPLUS

DN 115:189747

TI Pharmaceutical and cosmetic composition containing .alpha.-hydroxy acids, .alpha.-keto-acids, and amphoteric agents

IN Yu, Ruey J.; Van Scott, Eugene J.

PA USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K031-19

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 413528	A1	19910220	EP 1990-308828	19900810 <--
	EP 413528	B1	19951115		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	US 5091171	A	19920225	US 1989-393749	19890815 <--
	US 5091171	B2	19970715		
	CA 2019273	AA	19910215	CA 1990-2019273	19900619 <--
	AU 9059139	A1	19910221	AU 1990-59139	19900718 <--
	AU 660917	B2	19950713		
	EP 671162	A2	19950913	EP 1995-105358	19900810 <--
	EP 671162	A3	19951227		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	AT 130187	E	19951215	AT 1990-308828	19900810 <--
	ES 2081936	T3	19960316	ES 1990-308828	19900810 <--
	JP 3016588	B2	20000306	JP 1991-505539	19910121 <--
	US 5385938	A	19950131	US 1992-925877	19920807 <--
	US 5385938	B1	19920807		
	US 5091171	B1	19950926	US 1992-90002911	19921217 <--
	US 5702688	A	19971230	US 1993-135841	19931007 <--
	US 5637615	A	19970610	US 1995-467153	19950606 <--
	US 5643961	A	19970701	US 1995-466737	19950606 <--
	US 5643962	A	19970701	US 1995-466740	19950606 <--
	US 5643952	A	19970701	US 1995-466770	19950606 <--
	US 5643953	A	19970701	US 1995-467156	19950606 <--
	US 5643963	A	19970701	US 1995-471523	19950606 <--
	US 5648395	A	19970715	US 1995-466739	19950606 <--
	US 5648391	A	19970715	US 1995-469812	19950606 <--
	US 5648388	A	19970715	US 1995-471511	19950606 <--
	US 5650436	A	19970722	US 1995-467134	19950606 <--
	US 5650437	A	19970722	US 1995-470060	19950606 <--
	US 5650440	A	19970722	US 1995-471513	19950606 <--
	US 5652267	A	19970729	US 1995-469814	19950606 <--

US 5654340	A	19970805	US 1995-467989	19950606 <--
US 5656665	A	19970812	US 1995-466771	19950606 <--
US 5656666	A	19970812	US 1995-470829	19950606 <--
US 5670542	A	19970923	US 1995-465700	19950606 <--
US 5670543	A	19970923	US 1995-471521	19950606 <--
US 5674899	A	19971007	US 1995-465704	19950606 <--
US 5674903	A	19971007	US 1995-468079	19950606 <--
US 5677339	A	19971014	US 1995-466820	19950606 <--
US 5677340	A	19971014	US 1995-468077	19950606 <--
US 5716992	A	19980210	US 1995-469811	19950606 <--
US 5827882	A	19981027	US 1995-465695	19950606 <--
US 5654336	A	19970805	US 1995-483328	19950607 <--
US 5681853	A	19971028	US 1995-472317	19950607 <--
US 5684044	A	19971104	US 1995-472315	19950607 <--
US 5690967	A	19971125	US 1995-472310	19950607 <--
AU 9533110	A1	19960215	AU 1995-33110	19951006 <--
AU 701962	B2	19990211		
US 6060512	A	20000509	US 1998-185608	19981104 <--
US 6051609	A	20000418	US 1998-222997	19981230
US 6191167	B1	20010220	US 1999-255702	19990223

PRAI US 1989-393749 19890815 <--
 US 1986-945680 19861223 <--
 US 1990-469738 19900119 <--
 US 1990-467958 19900122 <--
 EP 1990-308828 19900810 <--
 WO 1991-US412 19910121 <--
 US 1992-840149 19920224 <--
 US 1993-135841 19931007 <--
 US 1997-926030 19970909
 US 1997-998864 19971229
 US 1997-998871 19971229
 US 1998-185608 19981104

OS MARPAT 115:189747

AB A pharmaceutical or **cosmetic** topical compn. comprises an amphoteric or pseudoamphoteric agent and an .alpha.-hydroxy acid, an .alpha.-keto acid or a related compd. for the treatment of **skin** disorders. A compn. for dandruff or dry **skin** contained **glycolic acid** 7.6, L-arginine 8.7g, water 60, propylene glycol 20, and EtOH up to 100 mL. The pH of the compn. was 3.0.

ST topical **cosmetic** amphoteric hydroxyacid ketoacid; polymer amphoteric pharmaceutical **skin**

IT Imidazolium compounds

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cocoamphoglycine, **cosmetics** and pharmaceuticals contg., for **skin** disorder treatment)

IT Amphoteric substances

(**cosmetic** and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and .alpha.-ketoacids and)

IT Phosphatidylethanolamines

Phosphatidylserines

Protamines

Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**cosmetic** and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-keto acid and .alpha.-hydroxy acid and)

IT Amino acids, biological studies

Oxides, biological studies

Proteins, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**cosmetic** and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)

IT Antihistaminics

Bronchodilators

Hormones

Retinoids

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

- (cosmetic compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)
- IT Histones
 Sphingomyelins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetics and pharmaceuticals contg., for skin disorder treatment)
- IT Lecithins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (derivs., cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)
- IT Cardiovascular agents
 (topical, cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)
- IT Skin, disease or disorder
 (treatment of, with pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids)
- IT Athlete's foot
 Dandruff
 Dermatitis
 Eczema
 (treatment of, with topical pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids)
- IT Alcohols, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (carboxy, cosmetic and pharmaceutical compns. contg. keto acids and amphoteric agents and)
- IT Hair preparations
 (conditioners, .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids in)
- IT Peptides, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (di-, cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hydroxy, cosmetic and pharmaceutical compns. contg. keto acids and amphoteric agents and)
- IT Skin, disease or disorder
 (keratinization, treatment of, with pharmaceutical compn. contg. keto acids and amphoteric agents and hydroxy acids)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (ointments, creams, alpha-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids in)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (oxo, alpha-, cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and amphoteric agents and)
- IT Cosmetics
 (skin-lightening, alpha-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids in)
- IT Sunburn and Suntan
 (sunscreens, cosmetic compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)
- IT 50-03-3, Hydrocortisone 21-acetate 50-23-7, Hydrocortisone 58-55-9, Theophylline, biological studies 58-73-1, Diphenhydramine 58-95-7, Vitamin E acetate 59-46-1, Procaine 60-54-8, Tetracycline 60-87-7, Promethazine 68-88-2, Hydroxyzine 76-25-5, Triamcinolone acetonide 79-81-2, Vitamin A palmitate 94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies 96-88-8, Mepivacaine 103-16-2, Monobenzone 114-07-8, Erythromycin 123-31-9, Hydroquinone, biological studies 126-07-8, Griseofulvin 137-58-6, Lidocaine 140-65-8, Pramoxine 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 356-12-7 483-63-6, Crotamiton 525-66-6, Propranolol 2013-58-3, Meclocycline 4759-48-2 5593-20-4, Betamethasone dipropionate 10118-90-8, Minocycline 13609-67-1, Hydrocortisone 17-butrate 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 16110-51-3, Cromolyn 18323-44-9,

Clindamycin 18559-94-9, Albuterol 22204-53-1 22916-47-8, Miconazole 23593-75-1, Clotrimazole 25122-46-7, Clobetasol propionate 57524-89-7, Hydrocortisone 17--valerate 65277-42-1, Ketoconazole
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. amphoteric agent and .alpha.-keto acids and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)

IT 55-10-7 76-93-7, Benzilic acid, biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 80-69-3, Tartronic acid 87-69-4, biological studies 87-73-0, Saccharic acid 90-64-2, Mandelic acid 90-80-2, Gluconolactone 156-05-8 306-23-0 389-36-6 473-81-4, Glyceric acid 488-30-2, D-Arabinonic acid 492-86-4 515-30-0, Atrolactic acid 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 526-99-8, Mucic acid 599-04-2, Pantoyllactone 617-31-2, 2-Hydroxypentanoic acid 617-73-2, 2-Hydroxyoctanoic acid 629-22-1, 2-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid 636-69-1, 2-Hydroxyheptanoic acid 642-99-9, D-Mannonic acid 764-67-0, 2-Hydroxyhexadecanoic acid 775-01-9 1198-84-1 2507-55-3, 2-Hydroxytetradecanoic acid 2782-07-2 2984-55-6, 2-Hydroxydodecanoic acid 3063-04-5, Glucoheptonolactone 3327-64-8, Gulonolactone 3695-24-7 3909-12-4, Threonic acid 3956-93-2, Idonic acid 5336-08-3 5393-81-7, 2-Hydroxydecanoic acid 6064-63-7, 2-Hydroxyhexanoic acid 6803-09-4 6915-15-7, Malic acid 13382-27-9, Galactonic acid 13752-84-6, Erythronic acid 15896-36-3, 2-Hydroxynonanoic acid 16742-48-6, 2-Hydroxyeicosanoic acid 17812-24-7, Ribonic acid 17828-56-7, Xylolic acid 19790-86-4, 2-Hydroxyundecanoic acid 20246-52-0, Talconic acid 20246-53-1, Gulonic acid 23351-51-1, Glucoheptonic acid 24871-35-0, Altronic acid 26301-79-1 28223-40-7, Lyxonic acid 28223-42-9, Allonic acid 28700-18-7, Galacturonolactone 32449-92-6, Glucuronolactone 136599-01-4 136656-29-6
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. amphoteric agents and .alpha.-ketoyacids and)

IT 52-52-8, Cycloleucine 2783-17-7, 1,12-Diaminododecane
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)
 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 127-17-3, Pyruvic acid, biological studies
 156-06-9, Phenylpyruvic acid 298-12-4, Glyoxylic acid 320-77-4, Isocitric acid 328-51-8, 2-Ketooctanoic acid 529-64-6, Tropic acid 544-57-0, Cerebronic acid 600-18-0, 2-Ketobutanoic acid 600-22-6, Methyl pyruvate 617-35-6, Ethyl pyruvate 666-99-9, Agaricic acid 1112-33-0, Pantoic acid 1603-79-8, Ethyl benzoylformate 1713-85-5, 3-Chlorolactic acid 1821-02-9, 2-Ketopentanoic acid 2306-22-1, Citramalic acid 2492-75-3, 2-Ketohexanoic acid 6362-58-9 6613-41-8, Ethyl phenylpyruvate 7007-81-0, Trethocanic acid 13088-48-7, 2-Ketopheptanoic acid 15206-55-0, Methyl benzoylformate 18299-27-9, Aleuritic acid 36413-60-2, Quinic acid 41172-04-7, Methyl 2-ketoctanoate 73572-07-3, 2-Hydroxynervonic acid 80490-57-9, 2-Ketododecanoic acid
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-hydroxy acids and amphoteric agents and)

IT 50-21-5, 2-Hydroxypropanoic acid, biological studies 51-35-4, 4-Hydroxyproline 51-48-9, Thyroxine, biological studies 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 56-12-2, 4-Aminobutanoic acid, biological studies 56-41-7, Alanine, biological studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-84-8, L-Aspartic acid, biological studies 56-85-9, Glutamine, biological studies 56-86-0, L-Glutamic acid, biological studies 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 56-89-3, Cystine, biological studies 57-00-1, Creatine 58-82-2,

Bradykinin 60-18-4, Tyrosine, biological studies 60-27-5 61-90-5,
 Leucine, biological studies 62-57-7, 2-Amino-2-methylpropanoic acid
63-68-3, Methionine, biological studies 63-91-2,
 L-Phenylalanine, biological studies 69-91-0 **70-18-8**,
 Glutathione, biological studies 70-26-8, Ornithine 70-47-3,
 Asparagine, biological studies 70-78-0 71-00-1, Histidine, biological
 studies 72-18-4, Valine, biological studies 72-19-5, Threonine,
 biological studies 73-22-3, Tryptophan, biological studies 73-32-5,
 Isoleucine, biological studies 74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies
 80-60-4 93-82-3 **107-35-7**, Taurine 107-43-7,
 Betaine 107-95-9, .beta.-Alanine 144-90-1 147-85-3, Proline,
 biological studies 156-86-5, Homoarginine 300-39-0 305-62-4
 305-84-0, Carnosine 372-75-8 454-41-1, **Methionine sulfoxide**
 462-10-2, Homocystine 495-27-2, Ophthalmic acid 496-93-5 515-94-6,
 2,3-Diaminopropanoic acid 535-75-1, Pipecolic acid 543-38-4,
 Canavanine 556-50-3, Glycylglycine **565-70-8**, 2-Hydroxybutanoic
 acid 583-93-7, 2,6-Diaminopimelic acid 584-85-0, Anserine
594-61-6 672-15-1, Homoserine 1078-17-7, 3-Phenylserine
 1190-94-9, 5-Hydroxylysine 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies
 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, biological studies 1616-99-5 2260-12-0
 2381-08-0, Cysteinesulfinic acid 2481-03-0 2524-31-4 2746-33-0,
 Ophidine 3005-85-4 3081-61-6, Theanine 3398-40-1 3650-73-5,
 Homocarnosine 4299-56-3, .beta.-Lysine **6027-13-0**,
Homocysteine 7314-32-1, **Methionine sulfone** 7446-68-6
 9007-92-5, Glucagon, biological studies 14916-76-8 16305-88-7,
 Norophthalmic acid 20182-63-2, Stearamidopropyl dimethylamine
 22467-93-2, .beta.-Alanyllysine 67298-08-2D, N-cocoyl 90485-65-7
 100869-33-8 136532-13-3D, N-cocoyl derivs.

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-keto acid
 and .alpha.-hydroxy acid and)

IT 95-96-5, Lactide 467-32-3, Benzilide 502-97-6, Glycolide 617-57-2,
 Lactyl lactate 6713-72-0 23243-68-7, Triglycolic acid 26009-03-0,
 Polyglycolic acid 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)]
 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 26124-68-5, Polyglycolic acid 30450-85-2
 38436-21-4 64033-40-5 78024-33-6 102526-99-8 105653-00-7
 133217-23-9 136532-14-4 136532-15-5 136532-16-6 136532-17-7
 136532-18-8

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids
 and amphoteric agents and)

IT 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids
 and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)

IT 28299-33-4D, Imidazoline, derivs.

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids
 and .alpha.-hydroxyacids and)

IT 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(pharmaceutical compn. contg. .alpha.-ketoacids and amphoteric agents
 and .alpha.-hydroxy acids and)

L229 ANSWER 88 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1991:214180 HCPLUS

DN 114:214180

TI Compositions and processes for improving the cosmetic
 appearance, growth or healing characteristics of tissue

IN Nechay, Bohdan R.

PA University of Texas System, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K033-24; A61K031-28
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9012563	A1	19901101	WO 1990-US2175	19900420 <-- W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MC, MG, MW, NL, NO, RO, SD, SE, SU RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI	AU 9054484	A1	19901116	AU 1990-54484	19900420 <--
	US 1989-342993		19890424 <--		
	WO 1990-US2175		19900420 <--		
AB	A cosmetic contains V compds. for alleviating skin wrinkles and for skin conditioning. The amt. of V present in a cosmetic is about 4.5 times. 10-8 M as measured by vanadate ion. The V-contg. compds. are NaVO3, Na3VO4, Na4V2O7, KVO3, NH4VO3, Ca3(VO4)2, Fe(VO3)3, etc. A cosmetic lotion was prep'd. that consisted of NaVO3 (2.55 ng V/mL) in 95% glycerol and 5% water.				
ST	skin cosmetic vanadium compd				
IT	Cosmetics (skin conditioning, vanadium-contg. compds. for)				
IT	Mushroom				
	Tunicata	(vanadium compd. from, for cosmetic skin conditioners)			
IT	Flavanols				
	RL: BIOL (Biological study)	(vanadium complexes, cosmetic skin conditioners contg.)			
IT	Fatty acids, compounds				
	Glycols, compounds				
	Nucleic acids				
	Phospholipids, compounds				
	Prostaglandins				
	Retinoids				
	RL: BIOL (Biological study)	(complexes, with vanadium, cosmetic skin conditioners contg.)			
IT	Amino acids, compounds				
	RL: BIOL (Biological study)	(vanadium complexes, skin conditioners contg.)			
IT	50-81-7D, L-Ascorbic acid, vanadium complex				
	68-26-8D, Retinol, vanadium complex 70-18-8D,				
	Glutathione, vanadium complex 77-92-9D, vanadium complex				
	116-31-4D, Retinal, vanadium complex 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, biological studies 7440-62-2D, Vanadium, compds. 7632-51-1, Vanadium tetrachloride 7718-98-1, Vanadium trichloride 7727-18-6, Vanadium oxytrichloride 7803-55-6, Ammonium metavanadate 10049-12-4, Vanadium trifluoride 10049-16-8, Vanadium tetrafluoride 10213-09-9, Vanadium oxydichloride 11117-79-6 12036-21-4, Vanadium dioxide 12379-22-5, Vanadate (V3O93-) 13470-26-3, Vanadium tribromide 13517-26-5, Sodium pyrovanadate 13520-87-1 13520-88-2 13520-89-3 13520-90-6, Vanadium oxytribromide 13550-42-0, Calcium orthovanadate 13568-68-8				
	13595-30-7, Vanadium tetrabromide 13718-26-8, Sodium metavanadate				
	13721-39-6, Sodium orthovanadate 13769-43-2, Potassium metavanadate				
	13814-83-0 14293-78-8, Potassium orthovanadate 14638-93-8				
	15469-60-0, Zinc orthovanadate 15513-94-7, Vanadium triiodide				
	16229-43-9, Vanadyl sulfate 17497-76-6 23344-62-9 37368-10-8,				
	Aluminum vanadium oxide 63643-82-3, Vanadate (V2(OH)O63-) 65842-03-7,				
	Iron vanadium oxide (FeV3O9)				
	RL: BIOL (Biological study)	(cosmetic skin conditioners contg.)			

DN 113:237566
 TI Cosmetic and hair composition comprising emollient oil and emulsifiers

IN Pereira, Mavis Claire
 PA Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-06

ICS A61K007-08

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 358528	A2	19900314	EP 1989-309146	19890908 <--
	EP 358528	A3	19910403		
	EP 358528	B1	19940615		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	US 4981845	A	19910101	US 1989-399643	19890825 <--
	CA 1332568	A1	19941018	CA 1989-610359	19890905 <--
	JP 02121906	A2	19900509	JP 1989-232689	19890907 <--
	JP 06084291	B4	19941026		
	AU 8941206	A1	19900315	AU 1989-41206	19890908 <--
	AU 622478	B2	19920409		
	ZA 8906885	A	19910529	ZA 1989-6885	19890908 <--
	ES 2056220	T3	19941001	ES 1989-309146	19890908 <--

PRAI GB 1988-21129 19880909 <--

AB A cosmetic or hair emulsion comprises a skin -benefiting agent 0.01-20, ethoxylated 21-stearyl alc. (I) emulsifier 0.1-20, and emollient oil 0.5-70% by wt. The skin-benefiting agent is an amino acid, a sunscreen, retinoic acid, ascorbic acid, tocopherol, etc. The emollient is lanolin, cetyl alc., dimethylpolysiloxanes, etc. The emulsion also comprises a delivery enhancer, i.e. butane-1,3-diol, glycerol, propane-1,4-diol, and di-Bu sebacate. An oil-in-water skin lotion comprised tocopherol 0.2, ascorbic acid 0.3, I 0.8, avocado oil 0.5, arnica oil 0.5, isopropyl myristate 2.0, cetyl palmitate 2.0, wax 2.0, fatty alc. 1.2, silicone oil 6.0, xanthan gum 0.5, butane-1,3-diol 7.5, whitener 0.2, preservative 0.36, perfume 0.1, and water to 100%.

ST skin emollient oil emulsifier; hair emulsion ethoxylated steryl alc

IT Ozocerite

Amino acids, biological studies

Lanolin

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)

IT Cosmetics

Hair preparations
 (emollient oil and nutrients in)

IT Oils, glyceridic

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (arnica seed, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)

IT Oils, glyceridic

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (avocado, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (di-Me, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)

IT Oils, glyceridic

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (evening primrose, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)

IT Polyethers, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(perfluoro, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)
IT Fluoropolymers
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(polyether-, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)
IT Sunburn and Suntan
(sunscreens, cosmetic and hair emulsion
contg.)
IT Oils, glyceridic
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(wheat germ, cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)
IT 50-03-3, Hydrocortisone acetate 50-21-5, biological studies
50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
51-35-4, Hydroxyproline 52-90-4, L-Cysteine,
biological studies 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 56-41-7,
L-Alanine, biological studies 56-45-1, L-Serine, biological studies
56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, biological studies 56-84-8, L-Aspartic acid
, biological studies 56-86-0, L-Glutamic acid, biological studies
56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 56-89-3, Cystine
, biological studies 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, uses and miscellaneous
60-18-4, Tyrosine, biological studies 61-90-5, L-Leucine, biological
studies 63-68-3, Methionine, biological studies
63-91-2, L-Phenylalanine, biological studies 71-00-1, L-Histidine,
biological studies 72-18-4, Valine, biological studies 72-19-5,
L-Threonine, biological studies 73-22-3, L-Tryptophan, biological
studies 73-32-5, L-Isoleucine, biological studies 74-79-3, L-Arginine,
biological studies 79-81-2, Retinyl palmitate 98-79-3 98-79-3D,
salts 104-28-9, 2-Ethoxyethyl p-methoxycinnamate 107-88-0,
1,3-Butanediol 109-43-3, Dibutyl sebacate 110-27-0, Isopropyl
myristate 112-92-5, 1-Octadecanol 118-56-9, Homomenthyl salicylate
118-60-5, 2-Ethylhexyl salicylate 131-56-6, 2,4-Dihydroxybenzophenone
131-57-7 136-44-7 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 147-85-3, Proline,
biological studies 150-13-0 302-79-4, Retinoic acid 538-23-8,
Caprylic acid triglyceride 540-10-3 617-73-2, 2-Hydroxyoctanoic acid
621-71-6, Capric acid triglyceride 1406-70-8, Tocopherol acetate
5466-77-3, Ethylhexyl p-methoxycinnamate 6064-63-7, 2-Hydroxyhexanoic
acid 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9004-61-9D, Hyaluronic acid, salts
9004-94-8 9004-99-3 27503-81-7 30687-20-8 36653-82-4,
1-Hexadecanol 38102-62-4 58882-17-0 63250-25-9 112725-59-4,
Butylmethoxydibenzoylmethane
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(cosmetic and hair emulsion contg.)

L229 ANSWER 90 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN 1990:429129 HCPLUS
DN 113:29129
TI Skin-lightening cosmetics containing kojic acid and
stabilizers
IN Nagashima, Tetsuya; Nakajima, Kazuo; Suzuki, Yachio; Nomoto, Kaoru
PA Kawaken Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd., Japan; Sansei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 02028105	A2	19900130	JP 1988-159600	19880627 <--
	JP 2751965	B2	19980518		

PRAI JP 1988-107959 19880430 <--

AB Stable cosmetics contain (1) kojic acid, (2) .gtoreq.1 compds.
chosen from org. monocarboxylic acids, neutral amino acids, basic amino
acids, and their salts, and (3) .gtoreq.1 compds. chosen from org.
dicarboxylic acids, org. tetracarboxylic acids, polycarboxylic acids,
acidic amino acids, and their salts. Cold cream was prep'd. from

liq. paraffin 38.0, solid paraffin 12.0, beeswax 12.0, poly(oxyethylene) cetyl ether 2.5, poly(oxyethylene) oleyl ether 4.1, poly(oxyethylene) sorbitan laurate 0.8, Bu p-hydroxybenzoate 0.2, nicotinic acid 0.3, .gamma.-linolenic acid 0.2, vitamin A acid 0.2, kojic acid 1.0, and H₂O to 100 wt.%.

ST kojic acid **cosmetic stability** carboxylate; amino acid kojic **cosmetic stability**

IT Amino acids, biological studies
Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(stable **cosmetics** contg. kojic acid and)

IT **Cosmetics**
(skin-lightening, kojic acid and stabilizers in)

IT 501-30-4, Kojic acid
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(skin-lightening **cosmetics** contg., stabilizers for)

IT 50-21-5, **Lactic acid**, biological studies
51-35-4, L-Hydroxyproline 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies
56-45-1, L-Serine, biological studies 56-84-8, L-Aspartic acid, biological studies 56-86-0, L-Glutamic acid, biological studies
59-51-8, DL-Methionine 59-67-6, Nicotinic acid, biological studies 60-32-2, .epsilon.-Aminocaproic acid 61-90-5, L-Leucine, biological studies 64-02-8, Tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate 72-17-3 72-19-5, L-Threonine, biological studies 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies 77-92-9,
Citric acid, biological studies 87-69-4,
Tartaric acid, biological studies 139-33-3, Disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate 142-47-2, Monosodium L-glutamate 147-85-3, L-Proline, biological studies 302-79-4, Vitamin A acid 471-53-4, Glycyrrhetic acid 506-26-3, .gamma.-Linolenic acid 532-32-1, Sodium benzoate 868-18-8 3792-50-5, Monosodium L-aspartate 6915-15-7
, **Malic acid** 7239-50-1 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-38-3, Sodium alginate 9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfuric acid 10098-89-2, L-Lysine hydrochloride 16690-92-9, Disodium L-glutamate 32221-81-1, Monosodium DL-glutamate 54571-67-4, PCA Soda 55901-20-7
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(stable **cosmetics** contg. kojic acid and)

L229 ANSWER 91 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN 1990:411957 HCAPLUS
DN 113:11957
TI Multi-purpose body powder composition containing talc
IN Harvey, Norman A.
PA USA
SO U.S., 5 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 837,650, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM
DT Patent
LA English
IC ICM A61K007-035
NCL 424069000
CC 62-4 (**Essential Oils and Cosmetics**)
Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 4913896	A	19900403	US 1988-158917	19880222 <--
PRAI US 1985-696260	19850130	<--		
	US 1986-837650	19860305	<--	
AB	A talc-based body powder with a unique compn. of desirabl characteristics including moisture absorbency, anti-ammonia, antibacterial, and antifungal effects, making it specially useful for infant skin care purposes, is presented. Thus, a powder compn. comprises talc 78, corn starch 14, Ca undecylenate 7, and citric acid 1%.			
ST	talc body powder formulation			
IT	Perfumes and Essences Kaolin, biological studies			

Olive oil
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (body powder compn. contg. talc and)

IT Cosmetics
 (baby powders, talc-based, formulation and properties of)

IT Cosmetics
 (powders, talc-based, formulation and properties of)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1322-14-1, Calcium
 undecylenate 4485-12-5, Lithium stearate 9005-25-8, Starch, biological
 studies 41423-37-4
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (body powder compn. contg. talc and)

IT 14807-96-6, Talcum, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (body powder compn. contg., formulation and properties of)

IT 7664-41-7, Ammonia, biological studies
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (talc-based powder neutralization of)

L229 ANSWER 92 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1990:240298 HCAPLUS

DN 112:240298

TI Enhancing the esthetic aspect of the skin with
 vitamin-containing cosmetics and oral preparations

IN Griat, Jacqueline; Soudant, Etienne; Zabotto, Arlette; Fanchon, Chantal;
 Pradier, Francois

PA Oreal S. A., Fr.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-48

ICS A61K031-68; A61K031-07

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 330583	A2	19890830	EP 1989-400531	19890224 <--
	EP 330583	A3	19910313		
	EP 330583	B1	19930818		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	JP 01268617	A2	19891026	JP 1989-45032	19890223 <--
	AU 8930756	A1	19890831	AU 1989-30756	19890224 <--
	AU 612004	B2	19910627		
	EP 530862	A2	19930310	EP 1992-119446	19890224 <--
	EP 530862	A3	19931110		
	EP 530862	B1	19960410		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	AT 93135	E	19930915	AT 1989-400531	19890224 <--
	AT 136455	E	19960415	AT 1992-119446	19890224 <--
	ES 2086617	T3	19960701	ES 1992-119446	19890224 <--

PRAI LU 1988-87145 19880226 <--
 EP 1989-400531 19890224 <--

AB The esthetic appearance of the skin is improved by combined
 daily topical and oral administration of vitamins. A topical
 cream comprised vitamin E 1.5, vitamin A 0.3, vitamin B2 0.003,
 vitamin B5 1, vitamin H 0.02, vitamin F 2, folic acid 0.008, Mg lanolate
 7, lanolin alc. 3, iso-Pr myristate 8, sunflower oil 30, vaseline 10, Me
 p-hydroxybenzoate 0.2, Pr p-hydroxybenzoate 0.1, and water to 100%. An
 oral capsule comprised peanut oil 103, hydrogenated soybean oil 15,
 carthamus oil 85, .beta.-carotene (20%) 3.45, vitamin E 7.5, vitamin B2
 0.78, vitamin B2 0.863, vitamin B5 5, vitamin H 0.15, vitamin
 C 25, and yeast 70 mg.

ST vitamin skin cosmetic oral capsule

IT Vitamins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic preps. and oral formulations contg., for improvement of skin conditions)

IT Cosmetics
 (vitamins in, for improvement of skin conditions)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (essential, cosmetic preps. and oral formulations contg., for improvement of skin conditions)

IT 50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies
 58-85-5, Vitamin H 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies 59-43-8,
 Vitamin B1, biological studies 79-83-4, Vitamin B5 83-88-5,
 Vitamin B2, biological studies 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 7235-40-7, .beta.-Carotene 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic preps. and oral formulations contg., for improvement of skin conditions)

L229 ANSWER 93 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1990:145353 HCAPLUS
 DN 112:145353
 TI Cosmetics containing water-soluble ascorbates and gluconates
 IN Imamura, Akihiro; Kamegawa, Hiroko; Mizutani, Cheko; Sato, Midori;
 Motonaga, Chiho
 PA Kobayashi Kose Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 01213212	A2	19890828	JP 1988-39081	19880222 <--

AB Cosmetics contain water-sol. ascorbic acid
 derivs. and gluconic acid and/or its salts. The ascorbic acids are stabilized by gluconic acids even when mixed with polyalcs. or EtOH. A cosmetic lotion was prep'd. from EtOH 15.0, poly(oxyethylene) (50) hydrogenated castor oil 0.5, dl-.alpha.-tocopherol acetate 0.1, fragrance 0.1, Me p-hydroxybenzoate 0.1, witch hazel ext. 1.0, L-ascorbic acid sulfate ester 3.0, Na gluconate 0.5, and H₂O to 100%.

ST ascorbate gluconate skin lotion

IT Cosmetics

(contg. ascorbates and gluconates)

IT 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 527-07-1, Sodium gluconate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics contg. ascorbate and)

IT 56939-67-4 108910-78-7 125913-31-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics contg. gluconate and)

L229 ANSWER 94 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1990:25387 HCAPLUS

DN 112:25387

TI Cosmetics with skin-lightening properties containing kojic acid derivatives and melanin synthesis-inhibiting compounds

IN Oyama, Yasuaki

PA Sansei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

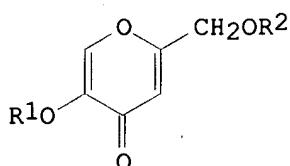
LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-42
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 308919 R: FR, GB, IT	A1	19890329	EP 1988-115543	19880922 <--
	JP 01083011	A2	19890328	JP 1987-241966	19870925 <--
	JP 2565513	B2	19961218		
	AU 8821520	A1	19890406	AU 1988-21520	19880825 <--
	AU 614299	B2	19910829		
	DE 3832219	A1	19890413	DE 1988-3832219	19880922 <--
	US 4990330	A	19910205	US 1988-248693	19880923 <--

PRAI JP 1987-241966 19870925 <--

OS MARPAT 112:25387

GI



AB **Cosmetics** for topical use which have melanin synthesis-inhibiting activity comprise kojic acid or its esters (I; R₁, R₂ = C₁-20-acyl, or one of R₁, R₂ = H and the other is C₃-20-acyl) and .gtoreq.1 compds. selected from azelaic acid, tropolone, lipoic acid, sorbic acid, glucosamine, glucosamine derivs., tunicamycin, deoxynorjirimycin, **glutathione**, **cysteine**, hydroquinone, derivs. of hydroquinone, dehydroacetic acid, chelidonic acid, and lipoamide. An **ointment** contained polyoxyethylene (60) monostearate 1.00, polyoxyethylene (60) sorbitol tetraoleate 1.50, glycerol monostearate 1.50, bees wax 2.00, paraffin 2.00, stearic acid 3.00, behenyl alc. 3.00, shea butter 12.00, liq. paraffin 5.00, natural vitamin E 0.04, Me polysiloxane 0.01, kojic acid monobenzoate 3.00, antiseptics, fragrance, 1,3-butylene glycol 5.00, **citric acid**, 0.30, Na dl-lauroyl-l-glutamate 0.50, lipoic acid 2.00, and H₂O to 100%. The **cosmetics** have **skin-whitening** and **antisuntan** properties. Kojic acid and its esters are tyrosinase inhibitors and the combination with the other particular compds. mentioned here is synergistic.

ST skin lightener kojic acid lipoic

IT Melanins

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (biosynthesis of, inhibition of, synergistic kojic acid-contg. mixts. for)

IT **Cosmetics**

(skin-lightening, contg. kojic acid mixts. with melanin synthesis inhibitors)

IT 19130-96-2D, mixts. with kojic acid derivs. 26880-92-2D, mixts. with melanin synthesis-inhibiting compds. 79725-98-7D, Kojic acid dipalmitate, mixts. with melanin synthesis-inhibiting compds. 79725-99-8D, Kojic acid dibutyrate, mixts. with melanin synthesis-inhibiting compds. 79726-00-4D, Kojic acid dioleate, mixts. with melanin synthesis-inhibiting compds. 79726-01-5D, mixts. with melanin synthesis-inhibiting compds. 95566-77-1D, mixts. with melanin synthesis-inhibiting compds. 122753-71-3, Hydroquinone-kojic acid mixt. 122881-08-7, Kojic acid monobenzoate-lipoic acid mixt. 122881-09-8, Kojic acid monopalmitate-tunicamycin mixt. 122906-93-8, Azelaic acid-kojic acid mixt. 122906-94-9, Tropolone-kojic acid mixt.

122906-95-0, Lipoic acid-kojic acid mixt. 122906-96-1, Sorbic acid-kojic acid mixt. 122906-97-2 122906-98-3 122906-99-4, Tunicamycin-kojic acid mixt. 122907-00-0, Glutathione-kojic acid mixt. 122907-01-1 122907-02-2, Arbutin-kojic acid mixt. 122907-03-3, Dehydroacetic acid-kojic acid mixt. 122907-04-4 122922-99-0
122999-11-5, Lipoamide-kojic acid mixt.
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(skin cosmetics contg.)

L229 ANSWER 95 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1990:11795 HCAPLUS

DN 112:11795

TI Skin-whitening cosmetics containing kojic acid-vitamin C mixtures

IN Hatae, Shinkichi

PA Sansei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-42

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

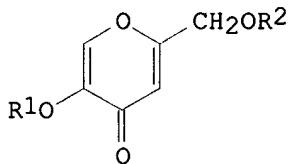
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 308918	A1	19890329	EP 1988-115542	19880922 <--
	R: FR, GB, IT				
	JP 01083010	A2	19890328	JP 1987-241965	19870925 <--
	AU 8821523	A1	19890406	AU 1988-21523	19880825 <--
	AU 606200	B2	19910131		
	DE 3832218	A1	19890413	DE 1988-3832218	19880922 <--
	US 4919921	A	19900424	US 1988-248684	19880923 <--

PRAI JP 1987-241965 19870925 <--

OS MARPAT 112:11795

GI



AB A skin cosmetic which has melanin synthesis-inhibiting properties contains kojic acid or its deriv. I (R1, R2 = C3-20-acyl, or one of R1, R2 = H and the other is C3-20-acyl) and vitamin C or a vitamin C deriv. Kojic acid esters are selected from the monobutyrate, monocaproate, monopalmitate, monostearate, monocinnamate, monobenzoate, dibutyrate, dipalmitate, distearate, and dioleate. Vitamin C derivs. are selected from the alkyl ester, sulfate, phosphate, and their metal salts. A cosmetic lotion contained polyoxyethylene (60) hydrogenated castor oil 1.00, EtOH 15.00, citric acid 0.10, Na citrate 0.30, 1,3-butylene glycol 4.00, kojic acid 1.00, Na L-ascorbyl 2-phosphate 2.00, antiseptic q.s., fragrance q.s., and H2O to 100% by wt. The skin-whitening effect of I and vitamin C is synergistic. Esterification of kojic acid improves stability against pH and sunlight while maintaining a skin-whitening effect similar to that of kojic acid.

ST skin whitener kojic acid vitamin C

IT Melanins

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
(formation of, inhibition of, skin-whitening

cosmetics contg. kojic acid-vitamin C
mixts. for)

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, contg. kojic acid-vitamin C mixts.)

IT 50-81-7D, L-Ascorbic acid, esters, mixts. with kojic acid derivs. 23313-12-4D, salts, mixts. with kojic acid derivs. 56939-67-4D, salts, mixts. with kojic acid derivs.

79725-98-7D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

79725-99-8D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

79726-00-4D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

79726-01-5D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

123377-43-5D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

123377-44-6D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

123377-45-7D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

123495-66-9D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

123999-45-1 123999-46-2 123999-47-3 124011-37-6 124011-39-8

124011-40-1D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

124011-41-2D, mixts. with vitamin C derivs.

124029-86-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(skin-whitening cosmetics contg.)

L229 ANSWER 96 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1989:601374 HCAPLUS

DN 111:201374

TI Sunscreens containing porphyrins as UV-absorbers and chelating agents

IN Kumagai, Myako

PA Lion Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C09K003-00

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-06; A61K007-075; A61K007-08; A61K007-11;
A61K007-42; A61K007-50; C08K005-34

CC 62-1 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 01135887	A2	19890529	JP 1987-293183	19871120 <--

OS MARPAT 111:201374

AB UV-absorbing compns. contain porphyrins and chelating agents. The compns. effectively absorb UV-A, have good storage stability, and are safe and useful as sunscreens. A sunscreen cream comprised stearic acid 10.0, cetyl alc. 1.0, glycerin monomyristate 5.0, iso-Pr myristate 7.0, oleyl alc. 4.0, Et 2-ethylhexyl-p-methoxycinnamate 3.0, Na Fe chlorophyllin 2.0, diethanolamine cetyl phosphate 3.0, propylene glycol 6.0, di-Na edetate 0.2, perfume 0.2, an antiseptic agent 0.2, and H2O to 100% by wt.

ST sunscreen porphyrin chelating agent cosmetic; UV absorber
porphyrin sunscreen cosmetic

IT Bacteriochlorophyllins

Chlorophyllins

Chlorophylls, biological studies

Hemocyanins

Hemoglobins

Myoglobins

Porphyrins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(sunscreen cosmetics contg. chelating agent and, stable)

IT Chelating agents

(sunscreen cosmetics contg. porphyrins and, stable)

IT Porphyrins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(complexes, sunscreen cosmetics contg. chelating agent and,
stable)

IT Chlorophylls, compounds
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (complexes, with metals, sunscreen cosmetics contg. chelating agent and, stable)

IT Chlorophyllins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (iron complexes, sodium salts, sunscreen cosmetics contg. chelating agent and, stable)

IT Chlorophyllins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (metal complexes, sunscreen cosmetics contg. chelating agent and, stable)

IT Polyphosphoric acids
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (sodium salts, sunscreen cosmetics contg. porphyrins and, stable)

IT Hair preparations
Sunburn and Suntan
 (sunscreens, contg. porphyrins and chelating agents)

IT 68-19-9, Vitamin B12 448-65-7, Deuteroporphyrin 493-90-3,
 Mesoporphyrin 553-12-8, Protoporphyrin 7439-88-5D, Iridium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7439-89-6D, Iron, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7439-96-5D, Manganese, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7439-97-6D, Mercury, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7439-98-7D, Molybdenum, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-02-0D, Nickel, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-03-1D, Niobium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-04-2D, Osmium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-05-3D, Palladium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-06-4D, Platinum, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-15-5D, Rhenium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-16-6D, Rhodium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-20-2D, Scandium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-22-4D, Silver, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-25-7D, Tantalum, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-26-8D, Technetium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-32-6D, Titanium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-33-7D, Tungsten, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-43-9D, Cadmium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-47-3D, Chromium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-48-4D, Cobalt, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-50-8D, Copper, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-57-5D, Gold, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-58-6D, Hafnium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-65-5D, Yttrium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 7440-67-7D, Zirconium, complexes with chlorophylls and chlorophyllins 14459-29-1, Hematoporphyrin
 26316-36-9, Uroporphyrin 26608-34-4, Etioporphyrin 27121-71-7,
 Coproporphyrin
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (sunscreen cosmetics contg. chelating agent and, stable)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 56-45-1, Serine, biological studies 56-87-1, Lysine, biological studies 60-00-4, EDTA (chelating agent), biological studies 68-04-2, Sodium citrate 74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies 139-33-3, Disodium edetate 150-38-9, Trisodium edetate
 526-95-4, Gluconic acid 50813-16-6, Sodium metaphosphate
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (sunscreen cosmetics contg. porphyrins and, stable)

DN 111:120635
 TI Antioxidant **skin cosmetics** containing ascorbyl esters
 and thiols and complexing agents
 IN Nguyen, Quang Lan; GRIAT, Jacqueline; Millecamps, Francois
 PA Oreal S. A., Fr.
 SO Fr. Demande, 16 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DT Patent
 LA French
 IC ICM C07D307-32
 ICS A61K007-40; A23L003-34
 ICA A23D003-04; A23D005-04
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and **Cosmetics**)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	FR 2610626	A1	19880812	FR 1987-1539	19870209 <--
	FR 2610626	B1	19890519		
	EP 280606	A1	19880831	EP 1988-400283	19880208 <--
	EP 280606	B1	19920415		
	R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
	JP 63225689	A2	19880920	JP 1988-25874	19880208 <--
	US 5023235	A	19910611	US 1988-153450	19880208 <--

PRAI FR 1987-1539 19870209 <--
 AB **Cosmetics** contain an antioxidant compn. based on .gtoreq.1
 stabilized **ascorbate** esters, .gtoreq.1 complexing agents, and
 .gtoreq.1 thiols. The **cosmetics** protect the lipids in the
 skin from oxidn. Suitable complexing agents are EDTA, penta-Na
 diethylenetriaminepentaacetate, hexadecylamine salicylate, **citric**
 acid, **tartaric acid**, Na tartrate, phytic acid,
 dibenzylidithiocarbamate, or their mixts. Suitable thiols are
 N-acetylcysteine, **glutathione**, or their mixts. A preferred
 antioxidant system contains tocopherols or caffeic acid 2.5-20,
 ascorbate ester 20-70, complexing agent 20, and thiol 30% by wt.
 The degree of degrdn. of ascorbyl palmitate (I) after storage for 40 days
 in form of a mixt. contg. I 0.05, N-acetylcysteine 0.01, and EDTA 0.01% by
 wt. was 30%, whereas I had completely decompd. in a mixt. contg. I and
 EDTA or I and N-acetylcysteine. A mixt. contg. I 0.20, hexadecylamine
 salicylate 0.20, N-acetylcysteine 0.10, and tocopherols 0.20% by wt.
 stabilized vitamin F against oxidn. for 114 min, whereas oxidn. was
 induced within 15 min in the absence of stabilizers or in the presence of
 0.20% by wt. hexadecylamine salicylate alone and 0.1% by wt.
 N-acetylcysteine alone, and within 60 min in the presence of tocopherols
 as stabilizers. An antioxidant system contained I 76, **citric**
 acid 16, and N-acetylcysteine 8% by wt. A **skin**
 cream in the form of a water-in-oil **emulsion** contained
 Mg lanolate 14.4, lanolin alc. 3.6, tournesol oil 40.0, iso-Pr myristate
 8.0, ozokerite 4.0, vitamin F 2.0, **ascorbic acid** 0.5,
 soy lecithin 5, tocopherols 0.25, I 1.0, **glutathione** 0.1,
 N-acetylcysteine 0.05, **citric acid** 0.05, EDTA 0.15,
 perfume 0.8, methylparaben 0.3, and H2O to 100% by wt.
 ST **ascorbate** thiol complexant **cosmetic** antioxidant; lipid
 skin antioxidant **cosmetic**

IT **Cosmetics**
 (antioxidant, contg. **ascorbic acid** esters and
 complexing agents and thiols)

IT Thiols, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (**cosmetic** antioxidant compns. contg. **ascorbic**
 acid esters and complexing agents and)

IT Chelating agents
 (**cosmetic** antioxidant compns. contg. **ascorbic**
 acid esters and thiols and)

IT Antioxidants
 (for **cosmetics**, ascorbyl esters and thiols and complexing
 agent compns. as)

IT Skin, metabolism
 (lipid oxidn. by, inhibition of, antioxidant compns. contg.
 ascorbate esters and complexing agents and thiols for)

IT Lipids, biological studies
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (oxidn. of, in skin, prevention of, cosmetic contg.
 ascorbyl esters and complexing agents and thiols for)

IT 70-18-8, Glutathione, biological studies 616-91-1,
 N-Acetylcysteine
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic antioxidant compns. contg. ascorbic
 acid esters and complexing agents and)

IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 60-00-4, EDTA, biological studies
 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
 83-86-3, Phytic acid 87-69-4, Tartaric acid,
 biological studies 99-22-9 140-01-2, Pentasodium diethylenetriamine
 pentaacetate 14475-11-7, Sodium tartrate 122608-76-8
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic antioxidant compns. contg. ascorbic
 acid esters and thiols and)

IT 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 25395-66-8, Ascorbyl stearate 27707-41-1,
 Ascorbyl laurate
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic antioxidant compns. contg. chelating agents and
 thiols and)

L229 ANSWER 98 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1989:502551 HCAPLUS
 DN 111:102551
 TI Astringent cosmetics containing plant extracts and amino acids
 IN Mizuno, Yuko; Ito, Kenzo
 PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 01047708	A2	19890222	JP 1987-204920	19870818 <--

AB Cosmetics contain Nuphar japonicum rhizome ext. and vitamin
 B6-HCl, L-ascorbic acid (I), its derivs., asparagine,
 glutamine, Iris florentina rhizome ext., ginseng ext., and/or Lamium album
 ext. The cosmetics show improved astringent effect at pH
 5.0-6.5 and are stable to heat and long-term storage. An astringent
 lotion contained water 81.82, dipropylene glycol 2.0,
 citric acid 0.03, Na citrate 0.05, N. japonicum rhizome
 ext. 0.3, I 0.05, denatured 95% EtOH 15.0, methylparaben 0.1, P.O.E.(15)
 oleyl ether 0.5, perfume 0.1, UV absorbers 0.03 wt.%, and colorant q.s.
 ST lotion Nuphar ext ascorbate cosmetic
 IT Lamium album
 IT Nuphar japonicum
 (ext. of, astringent cosmetics contg.)
 IT Astringents
 (plant exts and amino acids in)
 IT Iris germanica florentina
 (rhizome of, ext. of, astringent cosmetics contg.)
 IT Ginseng
 (P. pseudoginseng, ext. of, astringent cosmetics contg.)
 IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
 56-85-9, Glutamine, biological studies 70-47-3, Asparagine, biological
 studies 12001-77-3, Vitamin B6 hydrochloride
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (astringent cosmetics contg.)

L229 ANSWER 99 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1989:121118 HCAPLUS

DN 110:121118

TI Perfumed composition with a deodorizing or antiperspirant activity

IN Holzner, Guenter

PA Firmenich S. A., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K007-38

CC 62-5 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 279328	A2	19880824	EP 1988-101861	19880209 <--
	EP 279328	A3	19890104		
	EP 279328	B1	19920603		
	R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT				
	CH 675966	A	19901130	CH 1987-647	19870220 <--
	ES 2033948	T3	19930401	ES 1988-101861	19880209 <--
	ZA 8801101	A	19881026	ZA 1988-1101	19880217 <--
	US 4803195	A	19890207	US 1988-157422	19880217 <--
	AU 8811967	A1	19880825	AU 1988-11967	19880219 <--
	AU 609356	B2	19910426		
	BR 8800690	A	19881004	BR 1988-690	19880219 <--
	JP 64000012	A2	19890105	JP 1988-35432	19880219 <--
	JP 2574365	B2	19970122		
	CA 1299108	A1	19920421	CA 1988-559292	19880219 <--

PRAI CH 1987-647 19870220 <--

AB The title compn. comprises an antiperspirant, such as an Al compd. and a fragrance. The fragrance is an aq. emulsion, or is microencapsulated, and comprises a film-forming support [poly(vinyl acetate), poly(vinyl alc.), dextrin, starch, pectin, gum, cellulose derivs., etc] and an emulsifier, such as mono- or diglycerides, fatty acid sorbitol or sugar esters, their alkoxylated derivs., etc. The compn. releases the fragrance upon contact with moisture, such as sweat, and is spontaneously reincapsulated upon drying in situ, such as on the skin. The compn. may be formulated as sticks, roll-ons, smooth-ons, aerosols, or powders. A soln. of 8.9 g Glucidex 21 (maltodextrin), 1.0 g Nadex 722 (maltodextrin), and 0.1 g Na alginate in 658 g H₂O was treated with 20 g Locron L (50% Al hydroxychloride soln.), and, at 70.degree., with 4 g Emulgrade 1000 NI (self-emulsifying nonionic wax) and, at, 40.degree., with a perfume, to give an antiperspirant, which was shaped in the form of a roll-on.

ST antiperspirant perfume microencapsulated emulsified

IT Gums and Mucilages

(film-forming agent, for perfumes in antiperspirants)

IT Lipopolysaccharides

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(film-forming agents, for perfumes in antiperspirants)

IT Emulsifying agents

(for perfumes, for antiperspirants)

IT Antiperspirants

(microencapsulated- or emulsified perfumes-contg.)

IT Glycerides, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(di-, emulsifiers, for perfumes in antiperspirants)

IT Carbohydrates and Sugars, esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(esters, with fatty acids, emulsifiers, for perfumes in antiperspirants)

IT Fatty acids, esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(esters, with polyhydric alcs., emulsifiers, for perfumes in

IT antiperspirants)
 IT Castor oil
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (hydrogenated, ethoxylated, **emulsifier**, for perfumes in
 antiperspirants)
 IT Glycerides, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (mono-, **emulsifiers**, for perfumes in antiperspirants)
 IT 97-59-6D, aluminum hydroxychloride complexes 1327-41-9, Aluminum
 hydroxychloride 1327-41-9D, allantoin complexes 117848-21-2, Rezal 36P
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (antiperspirant contg. perfume and)
 IT 3380-34-5, Irgasan DP 300 9005-64-5, Tween 20 55070-07-0, Lamacit 877
 65862-82-0, Triton CG 110 84750-06-1, Arlacel 165 117849-34-0,
 Emulgade 1000NI
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (**emulsifier**, for perfumes in antiperspirants)
 IT 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, esters 50-81-7D
 , Ascorbic acid, esters 77-92-9D,
 Citric acid, esters 87-69-4D, Tartaric
 acid, esters
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (**emulsifiers**, for perfumes in antiperspirants)
 IT 9000-69-5, Pectin 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-20-7,
 Polyvinylacetate 9004-32-4, Carboxymethylcellulose 9004-54-0, Dextran,
 biological studies 9004-62-0, Hydroxyethylcellulose 9004-67-5,
 Methylcellulose 9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies 9005-38-3
 9050-36-6, Maltodextrin 11138-66-2, Xanthan gum
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (film-forming agent, for perfumes in antiperspirants)
 IT 50-70-4D, Sorbitol, esters
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (with fatty acids, as **emulsifiers**, for perfumes in
 antiperspirants)

L229 ANSWER 100 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 1989:121107 HCAPLUS
 DN 110:121107
 TI Anti-inflammatory **cosmetics** containing S-lactoylglutathione
 IN Kimura, Hikari; Murata, Kosaku; Kuryama, Kinya; Konishi, Hiroaki
 PA Nonogawa Shoji Y. K., Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K007-00
 CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and **Cosmetics**)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 63267711	A2	19881104	JP 1987-101094	19870423 <--
	JP 07098729	B4	19951025		

AB Anti-inflammatory **cosmetics** contain S-lactoylglutathione (I)
 and/or its salts. In rat paw edema test, I at 200 mg/kg i. p. inhibited
 .apprx.55% carrageenan-induced swelling 4 h after. A skin
 prepn. was prepnd. from I 0.1, glycerin 4.0, 1,3-butyleneglycol 3.0, EtOH
 7.0, poly(oxyethylene) lauryl ether 0.5, Me p-hydroxybenzoate 0.1,
 citric acid 0.01, Na citrate 0.1, flavor 0.05, Japan
 Green 3 0.00001, and H2O to 100% by wt. The prepn. showed much better
 moisturizing, smoothing, and shining effects on the skin
 , than a control not contg. I.
 ST antiinflammatory lactoylglutathione cosmetic;
 glutathione lactoyl antiinflammatory cosmetic
 Cosmetics
 IT Hair preparations

IT (anti-inflammatory S-lactoylglutathione in)
 IT Inflammation inhibitors
 (S-lactoylglutathione, cosmetics contg.)
 IT 25138-66-3, S-Lactoylglutathione 119587-40-5, S-Lactoylglutathione sodium salt 119587-41-6, S-Lactoylglutathione calcium salt
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (anti-inflammatory cosmetics contg.)

L229 ANSWER 101 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1987:143812 HCAPLUS

DN 106:143812

TI Skin cosmetics containing amino acids, vitamins, and sugars

IN Matsumoto, Katsuo; Matsugami, Michio; Obara, Yasuhiro

PA Pola Chemical Industries, Inc., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

 ICS A61K031-70

ICI A61K031-70, A61K031-195, A61K045-06

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 61289016 A2 19861219 JP 1985-131537 19850617 <--

AB A skin cosmetic contains (1) .gtoreq.3 compds.

selected from the group comprising essential amino acids, glutamine, or their salts, (2) .gtoreq.2 vitamins including the vitamin B group, and (3) glucose or its analogs. The cosmetic stimulates skin metab., conditions the tissue, and prevents wrinkles. Thus, a cosmetic emollient cream was prep'd. by combining cetanol 2, whale wax 5, squalane 7, olive oil 24, stearic acid 7, sorbitan monostearate 4, polyoxyethylene sobitan monostearate 4, propylene glycol 3.5, ethylparaben 0.1, H2O 42.8, and a cell-stimulating compn. 0.2 part. The cell-stimulating compn. consisted of isoleucine 100, tryptophan 50, threonine 100, valine 100, phenylalanine 50, methionine 50, lysine 150, leucine 100, glutamine 600, inositol 7, vitamin B6 4, pantothenic acid 4, nicotinamide 4, glucose 1000, and succinic acid 1 part by wt.

ST amino acid sugar vitamin cosmetic

IT Cosmetics

 (contg. amino acids and sugars and vitamins)

IT Carbohydrates and Sugars, biological studies

 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (skin cosmetics contg. amino acids and vitamins and)

IT Vitamins

 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (skin cosmetics contg. sugars and vitamins and)

IT Amino acids, biological studies

 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (skin cosmetics contg. vitamins and sugars and)

IT 110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies

 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (skin cosmetics contg.)

IT 87-89-8, Inositol

 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (skin cosmetics contg. amino acids and)

IT 79-83-4, Pantothenic acid 83-88-5,

 Riboflavin, biological studies 98-92-0, Nicotinamide 137-08-6, Calcium pantothenate 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6

 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (skin cosmetics contg. amino acids and sugars and)

IT 50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin cosmetics contg. amino acids and vitamins
and)

IT 56-45-1, L-Serine, biological studies 56-85-9, L-Glutamine, biological studies 56-87-1, L-Lysine, biological studies 61-90-5, L-Leucine, biological studies 63-68-3, L-Methionine, biological studies 63-91-2, L-Phenylalanine, biological studies 72-18-4, L-Valine, biological studies 72-19-5, L-Threonine, biological studies 73-22-3, L-Tryptophan, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin cosmetics contg. vitamins and sugars and)

L229 ANSWER 102 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1987:55649 HCPLUS

DN 106:55649

TI Topical formulations containing 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4'-methoxydibenzoylmethanol and organic carboxylates

IN Takada, Sadashige

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-42

ICS A61K007-00

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61215318	A2	19860925	JP 1985-56491	19850320 <--
JP 06004529	B4	19940119		

AB Topical formulations contain the title compd. (I) and org. acids or their salts as stabilizers. They are esp. useful as sunscreens. Thus, a cream was prep'd. consisting of stearic acid 10.0, stearyl alc. 4.0, Bu stearate 8.0, monoglyceryl stearate 2.0, I 2.0, a perfume 0.4, propylene glycol 10.0, glycerin 4.0, maltitol 1.0, KOH 0.4, Na lactate 0.05, a perfume q.s., and H2O to 100% by wt.

ST benzoylmethane deriv carboxylate cosmetic; sunscreen
dibenzoylmethane carboxylate

IT Cosmetics

(foundations, contg. tert-butylmethoxydibenzoylmethane and carboxylic acids)

IT Carboxylic acids, compounds

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(salts, cosmetics contg. tert-butylmethoxydibenzoylmethane and)

IT Sunburn and Suntan

(sunscreens, contg. tert-butylmethoxydibenzoylmethane and carboxylic acids)

IT 70356-09-1

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics contg. carboxylates and)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies

72-17-3, Sodium lactate 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 994-36-5, Sodium citrate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics contg. tert-butylmethoxydibenzoylmethane and)

L229 ANSWER 103 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1987:55630 HCPLUS

DN 106:55630

TI Cosmetics containing gourd juice, ascorbic acid, and its esters

IN Kurakake, Junko; Ito, Kenzo

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

DT

CODEN: JKXXAF

LA Patent

ICM A61K007-00

C12N009-99

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
Section cross-reference(s): 11

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 61194008	A2	19860828	JP 1985-35595	19850225 <--
	JP 01018044	B4	19890403		

AB A skin-lightening cosmetic contains gourd juice and .gtoreq.1 compd. selected from the group consisting of L-ascorbic acid or its esters. Thus, a formulation consists of L-ascorbic acid 0.2, gourd juice 0.1, glycerin 2.0, propylene glycol 1.0, citric acid 0.2, 95% EtOH 10.0, a perfume q.s., polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 0.5, and H2O to 100% by wt.

ST gourd juice ascorbate cosmetic

IT Cucurbitaceae
(juice, cosmetic lotion contg. ascorbate
and)IT Cosmetics
(skin-lightening, contg. ascorbic acid
deriv. and gourd juice)IT 50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, biological studies
1330-84-3, L-Ascorbic acid monopalmitate 65907-80-4
92353-27-0, L-Ascorbic acid dioleate 100441-38-1
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(cosmetic lotion contg. gourd juice and, for
skin lightening)

L229 ANSWER 104 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1987:38244 HCPLUS

DN 106:38244

TI Cosmetics containing ascorbic acid and
hydroquinone glycosides

IN Fujinuma, Yoshimori; Toyoda, Hidekazu; Tamaoki, Shiyuya

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K031-70

ICA A61K047-00

ICI A61K031-70, A61K031-375

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 61207316	A2	19860913	JP 1985-49663	19850313 <--
	JP 05033683	B4	19930520		

AB A topical cosmetic contains ROC6H4OH-4 (R = sugar residue) in addn. to L-ascorbic acid or its deriv. The cosmetic is a stable skin-whitening prepns. Thus, 95% EtOH 10 and polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 0.5 g and perfume q.s. were mixed, and to this mixt. was added glycerin 2, propylene glycol 1, citric acid 0.2, L-ascorbic acid 0.1, and hydroquinone .beta.-D-glucoside 0.1 g to give a lotion.

ST hydroquinone glucoside ascorbate skin
whitening cosmetic

IT Glycosides

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(hydroxyphenyl, cosmetic lotions contg.

IT ascorbic acid and)
 IT Cosmetics
 (skin-lightening, contg. ascorbic acid
 and hydroquinone glucoside)
 IT 497-76-7
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic lotion contg. ascorbic
 acid and)
 IT 50-81-7, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic lotion contg. hydroquinone glucoside and)
 IT 123-31-9D, glycosides
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetic lotions contg. ascorbic
 acid and)

L229 ANSWER 105 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1986:74811 HCPLUS

DN 104:74811

TI Cosmetics containing L-ascorbic acid and
 mucopolysaccharides

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

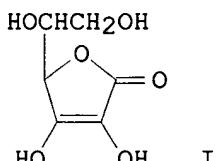
ICS A61K007-06

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI JP 60116618	A2	19850624	JP 1983-226448	19831130 <--

GI



AB Cosmetics for skin care consist of mucopolysaccharides and L-ascorbic acid (I) [50-81-7] or its esters. Thus, a lotion was prep'd. contg. glycerol 3.0, propylene glycol 4.0, EtOH 8.0, polyoxyethylene oleyl ether 0.5, chondroitin 6-sulfate [25322-46-7] 0.001, I monopalmitate [1330-84-3] 0.001, I monooleate [28518-50-5] 0.05, methylparaben 0.1, citric acid 0.001, Na citrate 0.1, perfumes 0.05, and ion-exchanged H₂O 84.197%.

ST ascorbate mucopolysaccharide cosmetic; chondroitin sulfate ascorbate cosmetic

IT Cosmetics
 (ascorbate and mucopolysaccharides for)

IT Mucopolysaccharides, biological studies
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetics contg. ascorbate and)

IT 24967-93-9 25322-46-7 34410-22-5 99549-29-8
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

 (cosmetics contg. ascorbate and)

IT 50-81-7, biological studies 1330-84-3 27556-18-9
 28474-90-0 28518-50-5
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics contg. mucopolysaccharides and)

L229 ANSWER 106 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1985:509772 HCPLUS

DN 103:109772

TI Cosmetics containing ascorbates and brown sugar pigments

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICS A61K007-42

ICA C12N009-99

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 60078912	A2	19850504	JP 1983-187277	19831006 <--
	JP 04056003	B4	19920907		

AB Skin-whitening cosmetics contain 1 or more compd(s). selected from L-ascorbic acid [50-81-7] and its esters in addn. to brown sugar pigments. Thus, a skin lotion consists of L-ascorbic acid 0.2, a sugar dye 0.001, glycerin 2, propylene glycol, citric acid 0.2, 95% EtOH 10, small amts. of perfume, polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 0.5, and H2O to 100% by wt.

ST skin whitening cosmetic; ascorbate

skin whitening cosmetic; sugar skin whitening cosmetic; pigment skin whitening cosmetic

IT Carbohydrates and Sugars, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(brown pigments, skin-whitening cosmetics contg. ascorbates and)

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, ascorbate and brown sugar pigments for)

IT 50-81-7, biological studies 25395-66-8 27556-18-9

28474-90-0 65907-80-4 92353-27-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin-whitening cosmetics contg. brown sugar pigment and)

L229 ANSWER 107 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1985:492650 HCPLUS

DN 103:92650

TI Cosmetics containing organ extracts and vitamins

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K007-00

ICA C12N009-99

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 18

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 60064908	A2	19850413	JP 1983-173397	19830920 <--

AB Cosmetics for whitening of the skin contain aq. exts. from the liver and spleen and 1 compd. selected from vitamin C [50-81-7], vitamin B6 [8059-24-3], pantothenic acid [79-83-4], or their salts. Thus, a lotion consists of vitamin C 0.025,

an aq. ext. of bovine spleen 0.025, and H₂O to 100% by wt. The lotion inhibited the formation of melanin in the skin.

ST organ ext vitamin cosmetic

IT Vitamins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetics contg. organ ext. and, for inhibition of melanin formation in skin)

IT Liver extracts
 (cosmetics contg. vitamins and)

IT Spleen
 (exts., cosmetics contg. vitamins and)

IT Melanins
 RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
 (formation of, in skin, organ exts. and vitamins for inhibition of)

IT Skin
 (melanin inhibition in, by vitamin and organ exts.)

IT Cosmetics
 (skin-lightening, organ exts. and vitamins for)

IT 50-81-7, biological studies 79-83-4 137-08-6
 8059-24-3 65907-80-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (cosmetics contg. organ ext. and, for inhibition of melanin formation in skin)

L229 ANSWER 108 OF 110 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1985:190821 HCPLUS

DN 102:190821

TI The stabilities of cosmetics, fats and oils against oxidation

AU Kanbe, Naoyuki; Imai, Hiroaki; Hiramatsu, Isao

CS Res. Dev. Lab., POLA Corp., Yokohama, 221, Japan

SO J. SCCJ (1984), 18(2), 112-20

CODEN: JOSCDQ

DT Journal

LA Japanese

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

AB Cosmetics (creams) and cosmetic materials

(fats, oils) were exposed to artificial light to det. their stability to oxidn. Peroxide values (POV; mequiv/kg) were used as parameters for the evaluation. Cosmetics were quite stable when they were not exposed to artificial light. Following exposure to artificial light, POV of samples increased, presumably due to an oxidn. of unsatd. oils. Oils and fats showed an increase in their skin irritation potential, when measured POV was >100 mequiv/kg. d.-delta.-Tocopherol [59-02-9] (antioxidant) and oxybenzone [131-57-7] (UV absorber) in creams showed a synergistic effect against photo-irradn.

ST fat cosmetic stability oxidn; oxidn oil fat cosmetic stability

IT Beeswax

Carnauba wax

Candelilla wax

Castor oil

Fats, biological studies

Lanolin

Oils

Olive oil

Paraffin oils

Safflower oil

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic contg., stability of, to oxidn.)

IT Amino acids, biological studies

Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics photooxidn. stabilization by oxybenzone and tocopherol in relation to)

IT Oxidation, photochemical

(cosmetics stability to, antioxidants and UV absorbers in relation to)

IT Cosmetics

(stability of, to oxidn., antioxidants and UV absorbers in relation to)

IT 104-98-3 131-57-7 832-01-9 21245-02-3 27538-35-8

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(UV absorbent, for cosmetics, photoirradn. in relation to)

IT 59-02-9 119-13-1 128-37-0, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(antioxidant, for cosmetics, photoirradn. in relation to)

IT 110-27-0 111-02-4 112-80-1, biological studies 604-35-3 1338-43-8

7360-38-5 9004-96-0 22801-45-2 26266-58-0 26658-19-5 27640-89-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetic contg., stability of, to oxidn.)

IT 50-81-7, biological studies 63-68-3, biological studies

72-19-5, biological studies 77-92-9, biological studies

83-86-3 97-53-0 110-16-7, biological studies 139-33-3 154-23-4

7664-38-2, biological studies 7757-83-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cosmetics photooxidn. stabilization by oxybenzone and tocopherol in relation to)

L229 ANSWER 109 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1981:162762 HCAPLUS

DN 94:162762

TI Additives enhancing topical corticosteroid action

IN Van Scott, Eugene J.; Yu, Ruey J.

PA USA

SO U.S., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC A01N045-00; A61K031-56

NCL 424240000

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 4246261 A 19810120 US 1979-65332 19790809 <--

AB The therapeutic efficacy of corticosteroids in topical treatment of psoriasis, eczema, seborrheic **dermatitis**, and other inflammatory skin conditions can be greatly enhanced by adding various hydroxy acids in small amts. The addn. of 0.2% **atrolactic acid** [515-30-0], **gluconolactone** [90-80-2] or mandelic acid [90-64-2], to a **cream** contg. 0.2% hydrocortisone 21-acetate [50-03-3] enhanced remission of lesions in the psoriatic patients tested. A combination of hydrocortisone [50-23-7] with mandelic acid or **Et pyruvate** [617-35-6] was most effective in eradicating the lesions of psoriasis completely.

ST corticosteroid **skin** hydroxy acid; psoriasis corticosteroid hydroxy acid; eczema corticosteroid hydroxy acid; seborrhea corticosteroid hydroxy acid

IT Eczema

Psoriasis

Seborrhea

Skin, disease or disorder

(corticosteroid topical compns. contg. hydroxy acids for treatment of)

IT Corticosteroids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(topical compns. contg., hydroxy acids enhancement of effects of)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hydroxy, topical corticosteroid compns. contg., for enhanced effects)

IT 50-21-5, biological studies 76-30-2 77-92-9,
biological studies 79-14-1, biological studies 87-69-4

, biological studies 87-73-0 90-64-2 **90-80-2** 110-16-7,
 biological studies **127-17-3**, biological studies 141-05-9
 142-45-0 **156-05-8** **156-06-9** 300-85-6
 389-36-6 473-81-4 488-31-3 498-36-2 **515-30-0** 526-84-1
526-95-4 526-99-8 **565-70-8** **594-61-6**
599-04-2 600-22-6 **611-73-4** 617-35-6
 624-48-6 685-73-4 762-21-0 762-42-5 923-11-5 1001-13-4
1112-33-0 1113-60-6 1198-69-2 **1603-79-8** 2381-08-0
2782-07-2 3913-50-6 4026-18-0 6556-12-3 **6915-15-7**
13100-82-8 13382-27-9 **15206-55-0** 23351-51-1
 32449-92-6 77228-68-3 77340-56-8

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(corticosteroid topical compns. contg., for enhanced activity)

IT 50-03-3 50-23-7 76-25-5 13609-67-1 57524-89-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(topical compns. contg., hydroxy acids enhancement of effect of)

L229 ANSWER 110 OF 110 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1975:89985 HCAPLUS

DN 82:89985

TI Ascorbic and urocanic acids for cosmetics

IN Hasunuma, Kyotaro

PA Kanebo, Ltd., Japan

SO Japan. Kokai, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

NCL 31B0

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 49086554	A2	19740819	JP 1973-437	19721225 <--
	JP 55043443	B4	19801106		

AB Ascorbic acid [50-81-7] and its esters are whitening agents for the skin and their activities are enhanced in the presence of urocanic acid [104-98-3] and its esters. Thus, a lotion was prep'd. by dissolving a mixt. of glycerin 2, propylene glycol 1, citric acid 0.2, ascorbic acid 1, urocanic acid 0.5 g, and H₂O 85.3 g in 95% EtOH (10 g). The lotion has an excellent whitening effect when applied to the skin once a day for 3 months.

ST cosmetic lotion ascorbate urocanate;
skin lotion ascorbate urocanate

IT Lotions

Ointments

(ascorbic and urocanic acids in)

IT Skin

(lightening compns. for, ascorbic acid-urocanic acids in)

IT Cosmetics

(skin-lightening, ascorbate and urocanate in)

IT 25395-66-8

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin cosmetics contg. urocanate and)

IT 104-98-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin lotion contg. ascorbate and)

IT 50-81-7, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(skin lotions contg. urocanate and)

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:59:05 ON 13 MAR 2001)
L229 110 S L223,L228

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:31:05 ON 13 MAR 2001
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:33:20 ON 13 MAR 2001
L230 51 S E1-E54

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conducting SmartSELECT searches.

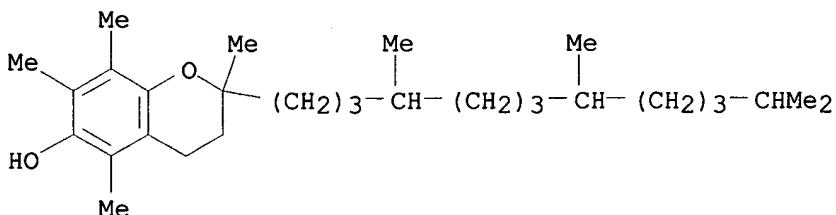
Structure search limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMIT
for details.

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L230 ANSWER 1 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
RN 146684-33-5 REGISTRY
CN L-Ascorbic acid, O-[3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-(4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl]-, bis(dihydrogen phosphate), dipotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
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SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

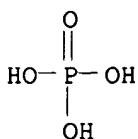
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CMF C29 H50 O2



CM 2

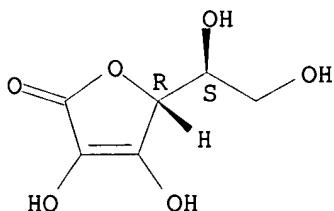
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 50-81-7
CMF C6 H8 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:185278

REFERENCE 2: 118:154156

L230 ANSWER 2 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 146614-91-7 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid, O-[3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-(4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl]-, bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

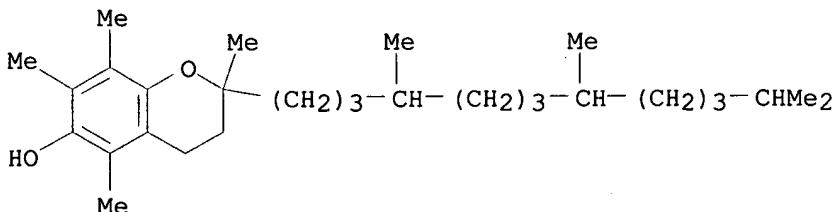
MF C35 H58 O13 P2

CI IDS

SR CA

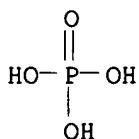
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 10191-41-0
CMF C29 H50 O2

CM 2

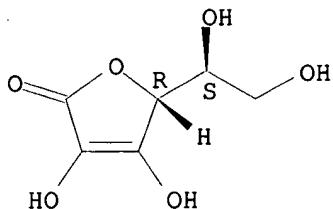
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 50-81-7
CMF C6 H8 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:113305

REFERENCE 2: 118:154156

L230 ANSWER 3 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 56939-67-4 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid, sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Ascorbic acid sulfate

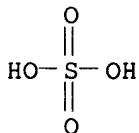
FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 33981-97-4

MF C6 H8 O6 . x H2 O4 S

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, EMBASE, NAPRALERT, TOXLIT,
USPATFULL

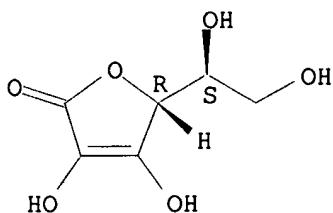
CM 1

CRN 7664-93-9
CMF H2 O4 S

CM 2

CRN 50-81-7
CMF C6 H8 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



22 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 22 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:286242

REFERENCE 2: 132:185262

REFERENCE 3: 131:276783

REFERENCE 4: 131:35670

REFERENCE 5: 130:200936

REFERENCE 6: 126:1109

REFERENCE 7: 125:123289

REFERENCE 8: 123:17504

REFERENCE 9: 123:17500

REFERENCE 10: 121:117387

L230 ANSWER 4 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 37627-95-5 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid, 2-(hydrogen sulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Ascorbic acid 2-sulfate

CN L-Ascorbic acid 2-sulfate

FS STEREOSEARCH

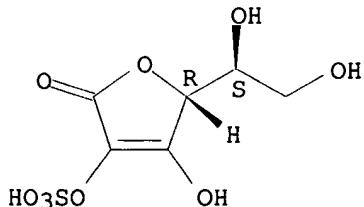
MF C6 H8 O9 S

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, TOXLINE,
 TOXLIT, USPATFULL, VETU

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



176 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 176 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:21285

REFERENCE 2: 132:218268
 REFERENCE 3: 132:83408
 REFERENCE 4: 132:63541
 REFERENCE 5: 131:314101
 REFERENCE 6: 131:283573
 REFERENCE 7: 131:223518
 REFERENCE 8: 131:204411
 REFERENCE 9: 131:106620
 REFERENCE 10: 130:335337

L230 ANSWER 5 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 36413-60-2 REGISTRY

CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 1,3,4,5-tetrahydroxy-,
 (1.alpha.,3R,4.alpha.,5R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 1,3,4,5-tetrahydroxy-,
 (1.alpha.,3.alpha.,4.alpha.,5.beta.)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN Quinic acid

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 1010-25-9

MF C7 H12 O6

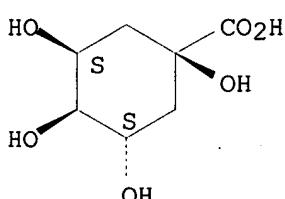
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
 CIN, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE,
 PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Relative stereochemistry.



436 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

16 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

436 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:146580
 REFERENCE 2: 133:190134
 REFERENCE 3: 133:168183
 REFERENCE 4: 133:163196
 REFERENCE 5: 133:94512
 REFERENCE 6: 133:79034

REFERENCE 7: 133:34492

REFERENCE 8: 133:3826

REFERENCE 9: 132:261672

REFERENCE 10: 132:236188

L230 ANSWER 6 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 27556-18-9 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid, mono(dihydrogen phosphate) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H9 O9 P

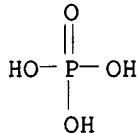
CI IDS

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P

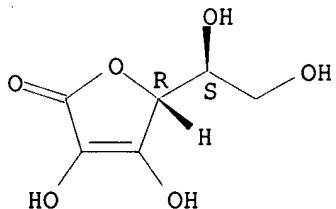


CM 2

CRN 50-81-7

CMF C6 H8 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



14 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:21285

REFERENCE 2: 132:26654

REFERENCE 3: 131:204411

REFERENCE 4: 124:269986

REFERENCE 5: 123:349917

REFERENCE 6: 123:296267

REFERENCE 7: 118:169521

REFERENCE 8: 118:146241

REFERENCE 9: 109:236756

REFERENCE 10: 104:74811

L230 ANSWER 7 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 23313-12-4 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid, 2-(dihydrogen phosphate) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate

CN L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate

CN L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate (ester)

CN L-Ascorbyl-2-phosphate

FS STEREOSEARCH

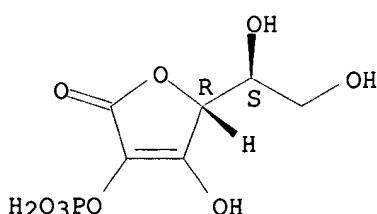
DR 172173-78-3, 81877-56-7

MF C6 H9 O9 P

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, DDFU, DRUGU,
EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PROMT, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL, VETU
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



211 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

12 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

211 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:29559

REFERENCE 2: 134:21285

REFERENCE 3: 134:4358

REFERENCE 4: 133:361254

REFERENCE 5: 133:332793

REFERENCE 6: 133:295828

REFERENCE 7: 133:251316

REFERENCE 8: 133:238118

REFERENCE 9: 133:187700

REFERENCE 10: 133:146767

L230 ANSWER 8 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 17812-24-7 REGISTRY

CN Ribonic acid (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

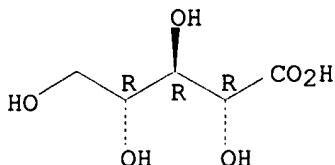
MF C5 H10 O6

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, GMELIN*,
IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Relative stereochemistry.



56 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 56 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 133:79034

REFERENCE 2: 133:19495

REFERENCE 3: 131:285686

REFERENCE 4: 130:286821

REFERENCE 5: 130:271870

REFERENCE 6: 130:110466

REFERENCE 7: 130:17102

REFERENCE 8: 130:7288

REFERENCE 9: 129:335760

REFERENCE 10: 128:208784

L230 ANSWER 9 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 15206-55-0 REGISTRY

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-oxo-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Glyoxylic acid, phenyl-, methyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Oxobenzeneacetic acid methyl ester

CN Methyl .alpha.-oxobenzeneacetate

CN Methyl benzoylformate

CN Methyl oxophenylacetate

CN Methyl phenylglyoxylate

CN Methyl phenyloxoacetate

CN Phenylglyoxylic acid methyl ester

CN Vicure 55

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 71833-42-6

MF C9 H8 O3

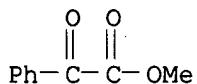
CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

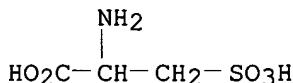


637 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 638 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:162878
 REFERENCE 2: 134:133222
 REFERENCE 3: 134:131065
 REFERENCE 4: 134:86314
 REFERENCE 5: 134:71352
 REFERENCE 6: 134:18563
 REFERENCE 7: 134:14582
 REFERENCE 8: 133:334159
 REFERENCE 9: 133:309559
 REFERENCE 10: 133:267220

L230 ANSWER 10 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 13100-82-8 REGISTRY
 CN Alanine, 3-sulfo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN 2-Amino-3-sulfopropionic acid
 CN 3-Sulfoalanine
 CN Cysteate
 CN Cysteic acid
 CN DL-Cysteic acid
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 3024-83-7
 MF C3 H7 N O5 S
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABAB, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX,
 CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE,
 MRCK*, PIRA, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



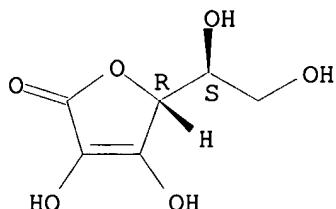
299 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 299 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:29671
 REFERENCE 2: 133:253803
 REFERENCE 3: 133:160972

REFERENCE 4: 133:39530
 REFERENCE 5: 132:342522
 REFERENCE 6: 132:223782
 REFERENCE 7: 131:292477
 REFERENCE 8: 131:225710
 REFERENCE 9: 131:127041
 REFERENCE 10: 129:42269

L230 ANSWER 11 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 RN 7317-67-1 REGISTRY
 CN L-Ascorbic acid, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C6 H8 O6 . x Na
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
 TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 CRN (50-81-7)

Absolute stereochemistry.

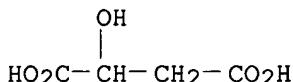


● x Na

49 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 49 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 133:204913
 REFERENCE 2: 133:121343
 REFERENCE 3: 133:104190
 REFERENCE 4: 133:34424
 REFERENCE 5: 131:324230
 REFERENCE 6: 131:189477
 REFERENCE 7: 131:103298
 REFERENCE 8: 130:45209
 REFERENCE 9: 128:320929
 REFERENCE 10: 128:217843

RN 6915-15-7 REGISTRY
 CN Butanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN Malic acid (8CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.-.)-Malic acid
 CN .alpha.-Hydroxysuccinic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxybutanedioic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxyethane-1,2-dicarboxylic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxysuccinic acid
 CN Deoxytetraric acid
 CN DL-Malic acid
 CN dl-Malic acid
 CN FDA 2018
 CN Hydroxybutanedioic acid
 CN Hydroxysuccinic acid
 CN Musashi-no-Ringosan
 CN Pomalus Acid
 CN R,S(.-.)-Malic acid
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 617-48-1, 41308-42-3
 MF C4 H6 O5
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DIPPR*,
 DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
 MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT,
 RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN, USPATFULL,
 VETU, VTB
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



12357 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 577 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 12369 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172474
 REFERENCE 2: 134:170774
 REFERENCE 3: 134:168357
 REFERENCE 4: 134:167213
 REFERENCE 5: 134:166924
 REFERENCE 6: 134:164874
 REFERENCE 7: 134:163898
 REFERENCE 8: 134:162241
 REFERENCE 9: 134:162210
 REFERENCE 10: 134:162185

CN L-Homocysteine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Butyric acid, 2-amino-4-mercaptop-, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (S)-2-Amino-4-mercaptopbutanoic acid

CN (S)-Homocysteine

CN 2-Amino-4-mercaptop-L-butyric acid

CN 2-Amino-4-mercaptopbutyric acid

CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-4-mercaptop-, (S)-

CN Homocysteine

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 454-28-4, 1867-00-1

MF C4 H9 N O2 S

CI COM

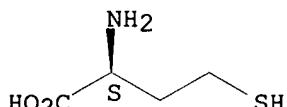
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



2186 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

58 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

2192 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:162315

REFERENCE 2: 134:161237

REFERENCE 3: 134:161202

REFERENCE 4: 134:161154

REFERENCE 5: 134:160889

REFERENCE 6: 134:160888

REFERENCE 7: 134:160887

REFERENCE 8: 134:160886

REFERENCE 9: 134:160885

REFERENCE 10: 134:160884

L230 ANSWER 14 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 5336-08-3 REGISTRY

CN D-Ribonic acid, .gamma.-lactone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ribonic acid, .gamma.-lactone, D- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Ribonolactone

CN D-(+)-Ribonic acid .gamma.-lactone

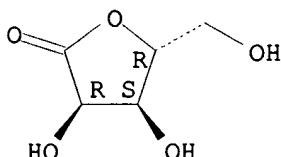
CN D-(+)-Ribonic acid lactone

CN D-(+)-Ribonolactone

CN D-Ribono-.gamma.-lactone

CN D-Ribono-1,4-lactone
 CN D-Ribonolactone
 CN D-Ribopentono-1,4-lactone
 CN Ribonic acid 1,4-lactone
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C5 H8 O5
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
 DETERM*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT,
 USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



241 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 241 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:158980
 REFERENCE 2: 133:321814
 REFERENCE 3: 133:267064
 REFERENCE 4: 133:252639
 REFERENCE 5: 133:238213
 REFERENCE 6: 133:4863
 REFERENCE 7: 132:15480
 REFERENCE 8: 131:257829
 REFERENCE 9: 131:32097
 REFERENCE 10: 130:237779

L230 ANSWER 15 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

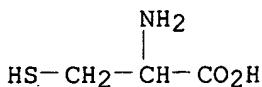
RN 3374-22-9 REGISTRY
 CN Cysteine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN Cysteine, DL- (8CI)
 CN DL-Cysteine
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.+-.)-Cysteine
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C3 H7 N O2 S
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
 CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
 DIOGENES, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS,
 NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT,

USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



303 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

303 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:107439

REFERENCE 2: 134:82890

REFERENCE 3: 134:65629

REFERENCE 4: 134:42441

REFERENCE 5: 134:30379

REFERENCE 6: 133:322122

REFERENCE 7: 133:286465

REFERENCE 8: 133:252691

REFERENCE 9: 133:159968

REFERENCE 10: 133:159498

L230 ANSWER 16 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 2937-54-4 REGISTRY

CN Ethanesulfonothioic acid, 2-amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Taurine, thio- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Thiotaурine

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C2 H7 N O2 S2

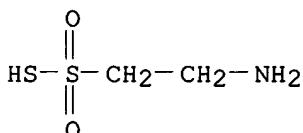
CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMLIST, EMBASE, MEDLINE, PROMT, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



36 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

36 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

28 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:9169

REFERENCE 2: 133:147655

REFERENCE 3: 131:303228
 REFERENCE 4: 131:174831
 REFERENCE 5: 131:75747
 REFERENCE 6: 131:63244
 REFERENCE 7: 130:100335
 REFERENCE 8: 129:280778
 REFERENCE 9: 127:319283
 REFERENCE 10: 127:278351

L230 ANSWER 17 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 2782-07-2 REGISTRY

CN D-Galactonic acid, .gamma.-lactone (6CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Galactonic acid, .gamma.-lactone, D- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .gamma.-D-Galactonolactone

CN 1,4-D-Galactonolactone

CN D-Galactonic acid 1,4-lactone

CN D-Galactono-.gamma.-lactone

CN D-Galactono-1,4-lactone

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H10 O6

CI COM

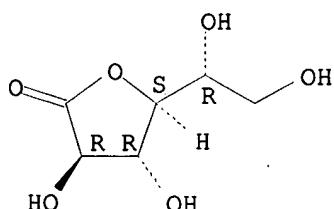
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



159 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

159 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:101084
 REFERENCE 2: 134:14663
 REFERENCE 3: 133:327696
 REFERENCE 4: 133:278963
 REFERENCE 5: 133:79034
 REFERENCE 6: 132:127462

REFERENCE 7: 132:122915

REFERENCE 8: 132:32500

REFERENCE 9: 132:10777

REFERENCE 10: 131:88113

L230 ANSWER 18 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 1603-79-8 REGISTRY

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Glyoxylic acid, phenyl-, ethyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Oxobenzeneacetic acid ethyl ester

CN Ethyl .alpha.-oxobenzeneacetate

CN Ethyl 2-oxo-2-phenylacetate

CN Ethyl benzoylformate

CN Ethyl oxophenylacetate

CN Ethyl phenylglyoxylate

CN Phenylglyoxylic acid ethyl ester

FS 3D CONCORD

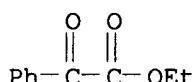
MF C10 H10 O3

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, SPECINFO, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



408 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

410 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

19 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:115820

REFERENCE 2: 134:55567

REFERENCE 3: 134:17292

REFERENCE 4: 134:14582

REFERENCE 5: 133:334159

REFERENCE 6: 133:309559

REFERENCE 7: 133:286182

REFERENCE 8: 133:281528

REFERENCE 9: 133:266975

REFERENCE 10: 133:222168

L230 ANSWER 19 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 1112-33-0 REGISTRY

CN Butanoic acid, 2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Butanoic acid, 2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-, (R)-
 CN Butyric acid, 2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-, D- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Pantoic acid

CN D-Pantoic acid

CN Pantoic acid

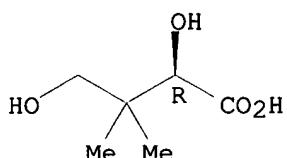
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H12 O4

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



61 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

61 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 133:79034

REFERENCE 2: 133:29683

REFERENCE 3: 133:29682

REFERENCE 4: 133:29681

REFERENCE 5: 131:296904

REFERENCE 6: 130:7288

REFERENCE 7: 129:335760

REFERENCE 8: 129:286610

REFERENCE 9: 129:199789

REFERENCE 10: 127:149069

L230 ANSWER 20 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 828-01-3 REGISTRY

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, (+-)-

CN Lactic acid, 3-phenyl-, DL- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+-)-.beta.-Phenyllactic acid

CN (+-)-3-Phenyllactic acid

CN (RS)-3-Phenyllactic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-.beta.-phenylpropionic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxybenzenepropanoic acid

CN .beta.-Phenyllactic acid

CN 2-Hydroxy-3-phenylpropanoic acid

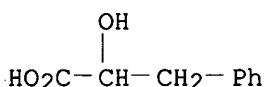
CN 2-Hydroxy-3-phenylpropionic acid

CN 3-Phenyl-2-hydroxypropanoic acid

CN 3-Phenyllactic acid

CN Ba 2653

CN DL-.beta.-Phenyllactic acid
 CN DL-2-Hydroxy-3-phenylpropionic acid
 CN DL-3-Phenyllactic acid
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 156-05-8
 MF C9 H10 O3
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CABA,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
 HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC,
 SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



171 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 8 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 172 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:105605
 REFERENCE 2: 134:83506
 REFERENCE 3: 134:71355
 REFERENCE 4: 134:14878
 REFERENCE 5: 134:3531
 REFERENCE 6: 133:368884
 REFERENCE 7: 133:368869
 REFERENCE 8: 133:362538
 REFERENCE 9: 133:319358
 REFERENCE 10: 133:318954

L230 ANSWER 21 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 RN 617-35-6 REGISTRY
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Pyruvic acid, ethyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Ethyl 2-oxopropanoate
 CN Ethyl 2-oxopropionate
 CN Ethyl methylglyoxylate
 CN Ethyl pyruvate

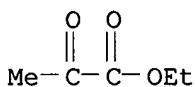
FS 3D CONCORD

MF C5 H8 O3

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
 DETERM*, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS,
 PROMT, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



1073 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1074 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 44 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:147579

REFERENCE 2: 134:147218

REFERENCE 3: 134:131628

REFERENCE 4: 134:115672

REFERENCE 5: 134:115053

REFERENCE 6: 134:100876

REFERENCE 7: 134:85875

REFERENCE 8: 134:85874

REFERENCE 9: 134:71549

REFERENCE 10: 134:56556

L230 ANSWER 22 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 611-73-4 REGISTRY

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Glyoxylic acid, phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Ketophenylacetic acid

CN .alpha.-Oxobenzeneacetic acid

CN 2-Oxo-2-phenylacetic acid

CN Benzoyleformic acid

CN Formic acid, benzoyl-

CN Oxophenylacetic acid

CN Phenylglyoxylic acid

CN Phenylglyoxylic acid

CN Phenyloxoacetic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C8 H6 O3

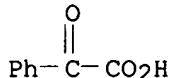
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



19 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 861 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 41 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:115987
 REFERENCE 2: 134:100757
 REFERENCE 3: 134:86193
 REFERENCE 4: 134:71141
 REFERENCE 5: 134:68211
 REFERENCE 6: 134:67972
 REFERENCE 7: 134:26269
 REFERENCE 8: 134:26241
 REFERENCE 9: 134:14608
 REFERENCE 10: 134:14582

L230 ANSWER 23 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 600-22-6 REGISTRY

CN Propanoic acid, 2-oxo-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Pyruvic acid, methyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Methyl 2-oxopropanoate

CN Methyl 2-oxopropionate

CN Methyl acetoformate

CN Methyl pyruvate

CN Methylglyoxylic acid methyl ester

FS 3D CONCORD

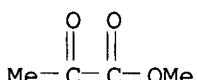
MF C4 H6 O3

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DETHERM*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



683 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 684 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:162878
 REFERENCE 2: 134:131065
 REFERENCE 3: 134:115820
 REFERENCE 4: 134:115520
 REFERENCE 5: 134:102880

REFERENCE 6: 134:100486

REFERENCE 7: 134:41847

REFERENCE 8: 134:15602

REFERENCE 9: 134:14582

REFERENCE 10: 133:362791

L230 ANSWER 24 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 600-15-7 REGISTRY

CN Butanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Butanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, (.-+.)-

CN Butyric acid, 2-hydroxy-, DL- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.-+.)-.alpha.-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN (.-+.)-2-Hydroxy-n-butyric acid

CN (.-+.)-2-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN (.-+.)-2-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN (RS)-2-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-n-butyric acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN 2-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN 2-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN DL-.alpha.-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN DL-2-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN DL-2-Hydroxybutyric acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 565-70-8

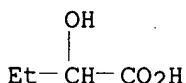
MF C4 H8 O3

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX,
CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB,
IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



202 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

202 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:153108

REFERENCE 2: 134:151952

REFERENCE 3: 134:120597

REFERENCE 4: 134:109910

REFERENCE 5: 134:50669

REFERENCE 6: 134:48595

REFERENCE 7: 134:30192

REFERENCE 8: 134:14878

REFERENCE 9: 134:1422

REFERENCE 10: 133:368869

L230 ANSWER 25 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 599-04-2 REGISTRY

CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro-3-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-, (3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro-3-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-, (R)-

CN 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro-3-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-, D-(-)- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-(R)-Pantolactone

CN (-)-2-Hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-.gamma.-butyrolactone

CN (-)-D-Pantolactone

CN (-)-Pantolactone

CN (-)-Pantoyl lactone

CN (R)-(-)-Pantolactone

CN (R)-.alpha.-Hydroxy-.beta.,.beta.-dimethyl-.gamma.-butyrolactone

CN (R)-Pantolactone

CN D-(-).alpha.-Hydroxy-.beta.,.beta.-dimethyl-.gamma.-butyrolactone

CN D-(-)-Pantolactone

CN D-(-)-Pantoyl lactone

CN D-Pantolactone

CN D-Pantoyl lactone

CN Pantolactone

CN Pantothenic lactone

CN Pantoyl lactone

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 631-68-5, 16562-48-4

MF C6 H10 O3

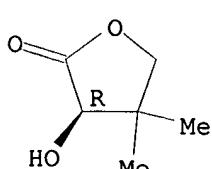
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFFIUDB, IPA, MRCK*, NAPRALERT, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



571 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

572 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172482

REFERENCE 2: 134:163221

REFERENCE 3: 134:131628

REFERENCE 4: 134:115866

REFERENCE 5: 134:99899

REFERENCE 6: 134:86402

REFERENCE 7: 134:71387
 REFERENCE 8: 134:42022
 REFERENCE 9: 134:38916
 REFERENCE 10: 133:309795

L230 ANSWER 26 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 594-61-6 REGISTRY

CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Lactic acid, 2-methyl- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-HIB

CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-.alpha.-methylpropanoic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxyisobutanoic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxyisobutyric acid

CN 2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropanoic acid

CN 2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropionic acid

CN 2-Hydroxyisobutyric acid

CN 2-Methyllactic acid

CN Acetonic acid

CN Hydroxydimethylacetic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 27909-95-1

MF C4 H8 O3

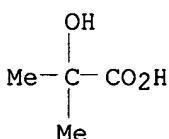
CI COM

LC STN Files: ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



689 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

47 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

689 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

25 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:167213
 REFERENCE 2: 134:164229
 REFERENCE 3: 134:116239
 REFERENCE 4: 134:80351
 REFERENCE 5: 134:65535
 REFERENCE 6: 134:50669
 REFERENCE 7: 134:48366

REFERENCE 8: 134:41908

REFERENCE 9: 134:33402

REFERENCE 10: 133:367150

L230 ANSWER 27 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 552-63-6 REGISTRY

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.- (hydroxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.- (hydroxymethyl)-, (.+-.)-

CN Tropic acid, (.+-.)- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.+-.)-2-Phenyl-3-hydroxypropionic acid

CN (.+-.)-3-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropionic acid

CN (.+-.)-Tropic acid

CN .alpha.- (Hydroxymethyl)benzeneacetic acid

CN 2-Phenyl-3-hydroxypropionic acid

CN 2-Phenylhydrylic acid

CN 3-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropionic acid

CN dl-Tropic acid

CN DL-Tropic acid

CN Tropic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 529-64-6, 28845-94-5

MF C9 H10 O3

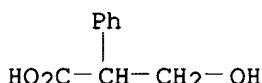
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



107 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

107 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:166271

REFERENCE 2: 134:48595

REFERENCE 3: 134:46895

REFERENCE 4: 134:14878

REFERENCE 5: 133:368878

REFERENCE 6: 133:368869

REFERENCE 7: 133:335449

REFERENCE 8: 133:193275

REFERENCE 9: 133:79034

REFERENCE 10: 133:48996

L230 ANSWER 28 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 526-95-4 REGISTRY

CN D-Gluconic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Gluconic acid, D- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Gluconic acid

AR 133-42-6

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H12 O7

CI COM

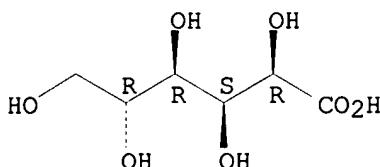
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(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



3677 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

506 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

3686 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:170720

REFERENCE 2: 134:168318

REFERENCE 3: 134:162240

REFERENCE 4: 134:161955

REFERENCE 5: 134:159263

REFERENCE 6: 134:152283

REFERENCE 7: 134:149359

REFERENCE 8: 134:149358

REFERENCE 9: 134:149357

REFERENCE 10: 134:149224

L230 ANSWER 29 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 515-30-0 REGISTRY

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-.alpha.-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Atrolactic acid (6CI)

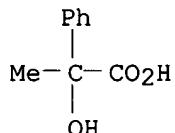
CN Mandelic acid, .alpha.-methyl- (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.+-.)-.alpha.-Hydroxy-.alpha.-methylbenzeneacetic acid

CN (.+-.)-2-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropionic acid

CN (.++)-2-Phenyllactic acid
 CN (.++)-Atrolactic acid
 CN (RS)-2-Phenyllactic acid
 CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-.alpha.-phenylpropionic acid
 CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropionic acid
 CN .alpha.-Methylmandelic acid
 CN .alpha.-Phenyllactic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropanoic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropionic acid
 CN 2-Phenyl-2-hydroxypropionic acid
 CN 2-Phenyllactic acid
 CN Atrolactinic acid
 CN DL-.alpha.-Methylmandelic acid
 CN DL-.alpha.-Phenyllactic acid
 CN DL-2-Phenyllactic acid
 CN DL-Atrolactic acid
 CN dl-Atrolactic acid
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 4607-38-9
 MF C9 H10 O3
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
 EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NIOSHTIC,
 SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



162 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 162 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 33 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:86150
 REFERENCE 2: 133:114787
 REFERENCE 3: 133:79034
 REFERENCE 4: 133:48996
 REFERENCE 5: 132:342518
 REFERENCE 6: 132:293432
 REFERENCE 7: 132:236712
 REFERENCE 8: 132:222045
 REFERENCE 9: 132:78218
 REFERENCE 10: 131:317117

L230 ANSWER 30 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 RN 320-77-4 REGISTRY
 CN Pentaric acid, 3-carboxy-2,3-dideoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Isocitric acid (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 1-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 25406-69-3, 20591-42-8, 21788-50-1, 29274-10-0

MF C6 H8 O7

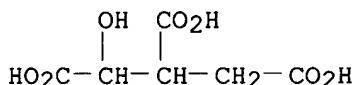
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT,
NIOSHTIC, PROMT, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



1191 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

28 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1192 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

43 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:159260

REFERENCE 2: 134:130481

REFERENCE 3: 134:128604

REFERENCE 4: 134:55586

REFERENCE 5: 134:41740

REFERENCE 6: 134:41684

REFERENCE 7: 134:33042

REFERENCE 8: 134:15293

REFERENCE 9: 134:14878

REFERENCE 10: 133:355254

L230 ANSWER 31 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 300-85-6 REGISTRY

CN Butanoic acid, 3-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Butyric acid, 3-hydroxy- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.+-.)-.beta.-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN (.+-.)-3-Hydroxy-n-butyric acid

CN (.+-.)-3-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN (.+-.)-3-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN .beta.-Hydroxy-n-butyric acid

CN .beta.-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN .beta.-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN 3-Hydroxybutanoic acid

CN 3-Hydroxybutyric acid

CN DL-.beta.-Hydroxybutyric acid

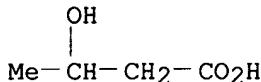
CN DL-3-Hydroxybutyric acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 625-71-8

MF C4 H8 O3

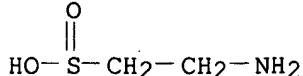
CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABAB, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
 CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*,
 NIOSHTIC, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



3563 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 71 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 3570 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:162326
 REFERENCE 2: 134:162001
 REFERENCE 3: 134:153108
 REFERENCE 4: 134:151952
 REFERENCE 5: 134:146847
 REFERENCE 6: 134:146830
 REFERENCE 7: 134:146799
 REFERENCE 8: 134:145845
 REFERENCE 9: 134:130856
 REFERENCE 10: 134:130803

L230 ANSWER 32 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 RN 300-84-5 REGISTRY
 CN Ethanesulfinic acid, 2-amino- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN 2-Aminoethylsulfinic acid
 CN Cystaminesulfinic acid
 CN Hypotaurine
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C2 H7 N O2 S
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU,
 DRUGU, EMBASE, MEDLINE, PROMT, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



366 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

366 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:128770

REFERENCE 2: 134:120573

REFERENCE 3: 134:110319

REFERENCE 4: 133:205916

REFERENCE 5: 133:147655

REFERENCE 6: 133:99554

REFERENCE 7: 133:99497

REFERENCE 8: 133:14825

REFERENCE 9: 133:13612

REFERENCE 10: 132:266827

L230 ANSWER 33 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 156-06-9 REGISTRY

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, .alpha.-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Pyruvic acid, phenyl- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .beta.-Phenylpyruvic acid

CN 2-Oxo-3-phenylpropanoic acid

CN 2-Oxo-3-phenylpropionic acid

CN 3-Phenyl-2-oxopropanoic acid

CN 3-Phenylpyruvic acid

CN Phenylpyroracemic acid

CN Phenylpyruvic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C9 H8 O3

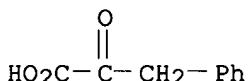
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT,
 IFIUDB, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, PROMT, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL,
 VTB

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



986 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

12 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

986 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

45 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:130401

REFERENCE 2: 134:100864

REFERENCE 3: 134:85808

REFERENCE 4: 134:82670

REFERENCE 5: 134:28493

REFERENCE 6: 134:14878

REFERENCE 7: 134:14608

REFERENCE 8: 134:3531

REFERENCE 9: 133:362970

REFERENCE 10: 133:334341

L230 ANSWER 34 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 134-03-2 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid, monosodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ascorbic acid, sodium deriv. (6CI, 7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 3-Oxo-L-gulofuranolactone sodium

CN Ascorbic acid sodium salt

CN Ascorbin

CN Ascorbin

CN ASK-P 10KR

CN Cebitate

CN Cenolate

CN CK 40

CN CK 40 (ascorbate)

CN HBL 508

CN Iskia-C

CN L-Ascorbic acid sodium salt

CN Monosodium ascorbate

CN Natrascorb

CN Natri-C

CN Sodascorbate

CN Sodium ascorbate

CN Sodium L-ascorbate

CN Vitamin C sodium

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 129940-98-3, 156683-68-0

MF C6 H8 O6 . Na

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DIOGENES, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL

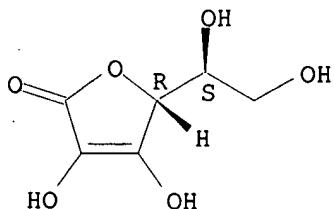
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Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CRN (50-81-7)

Absolute stereochemistry.



• Na

1555 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1557 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:168074

REFERENCE 2: 134:152647

REFERENCE 3: 134:146648

REFERENCE 4: 134:130672

REFERENCE 5: 134:120629

REFERENCE 6: 134:120628

REFERENCE 7: 134:105856

REFERENCE 8: 134:85316

REFERENCE 9: 134:70681

REFERENCE 10: 134:65894

L230 ANSWER 35 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 127-17-3 REGISTRY

CN Propanoic acid, 2-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Pyruvic acid (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Ketopropionic acid

CN 2-Oxopropanoic acid

CN 2-Oxopropionic acid

CN Acetylformic acid

CN BTS

CN Pyroracemic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 1892-67-7

MF C3 H4 O3

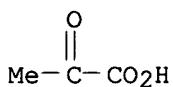
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



15342 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 218 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 15353 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:167773

REFERENCE 2: 134:167213

REFERENCE 3: 134:162903

REFERENCE 4: 134:161959

REFERENCE 5: 134:160489

REFERENCE 6: 134:160108

REFERENCE 7: 134:159371

REFERENCE 8: 134:159365

REFERENCE 9: 134:159275

REFERENCE 10: 134:157563

L230 ANSWER 36 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 107-35-7 REGISTRY

CN Ethanesulfonic acid, 2-amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Taurine (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .beta.-Aminoethylsulfonic acid

CN 1-Aminoethane-2-sulfonic acid

CN 2-Aminoethanesulfonic acid

CN 2-Aminoethylsulfonic acid

CN 2-Sulfoethylamine

CN O-Due

CN Taufon

CN Taukard

CN Tauphon

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 91105-79-2

MF C2 H7 N O3 S

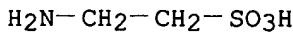
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



9060 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

482 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 9064 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:168357

REFERENCE 2: 134:168350

REFERENCE 3: 134:159640

REFERENCE 4: 134:158628

REFERENCE 5: 134:157311

REFERENCE 6: 134:146766

REFERENCE 7: 134:146665

REFERENCE 8: 134:146575

REFERENCE 9: 134:145810

REFERENCE 10: 134:145772

L230 ANSWER 37 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 90-80-2 REGISTRY

CN D-Gluconic acid, .delta.-lactone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Gluconic acid lactone (6CI)

CN Gluconic acid, .delta.-lactone, D- (8CI)

CN Gluconic acid, lactone, D- (7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .delta.-Gluconolactone

CN 1,5-Gluconolactone

CN D-(+)-Gluconic acid .delta.-lactone

CN D-Gluconic acid 1,5-lactone

CN D-Gluconic acid lactone

CN D-Glucono-.delta.-lactone

CN D-Glucono-1,5-lactone

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 1335-57-5, 71033-49-3, 4253-68-3, 302547-96-2

MF C6 H10 O6

CI COM

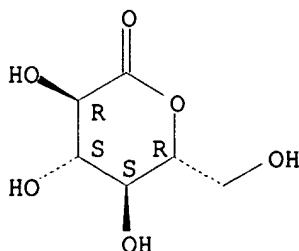
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABAB, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
 CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HSDB*,
 IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PROMT, RTECS*,
 SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



1425 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 41 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1427 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 55 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:168258
 REFERENCE 2: 134:161955
 REFERENCE 3: 134:146786
 REFERENCE 4: 134:127968
 REFERENCE 5: 134:116233
 REFERENCE 6: 134:115081
 REFERENCE 7: 134:71998
 REFERENCE 8: 134:70685
 REFERENCE 9: 134:57141
 REFERENCE 10: 134:56901

L230 ANSWER 38 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 87-69-4 REGISTRY

CN Butanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxy- (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Butanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxy- [R-(R*,R*)]-

CN Tartaric acid, L-(+)- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-(R,R)-Tartaric acid

CN (+)-L-Tartaric acid

CN (+)-Tartaric acid

CN (2R,3R)-(+)-Tartaric acid

CN (2R,3R)-Tartaric acid

CN (R,R)-(+)-Tartaric acid

CN (R,R)-Tartaric acid

CN 1,2-Dihydroxyethane-1,2-dicarboxylic acid

CN 2,3-Dihydroxybutanedioic acid

CN 2R,3R-Tartaric acid

CN d-.alpha..beta.-Dihydroxysuccinic acid

CN d-Tartaric acid

CN Dextrotartaric acid

CN L-(+)-Tartaric acid

CN L-Tartaric acid

CN Natural tartaric acid

CN Tartaric acid

CN Threanic acid

AR 526-83-0

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 8014-54-8, 8059-77-6, 1336-18-1

MF C4 H6 O6

CI COM

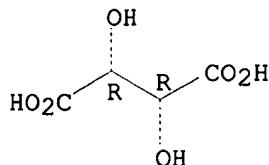
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT, APIPAT2,
 BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CAOLD, CAPLUS,
 CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
 DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB,
 IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*,
 PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN,
 USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



11520 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1175 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 11528 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172325

REFERENCE 2: 134:172298

REFERENCE 3: 134:170774

REFERENCE 4: 134:168881

REFERENCE 5: 134:168857

REFERENCE 6: 134:168423

REFERENCE 7: 134:168357

REFERENCE 8: 134:168318

REFERENCE 9: 134:167619

REFERENCE 10: 134:167136

L230 ANSWER 39 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 80-69-3 REGISTRY

CN Propanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Tartronic acid (6CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Hydroxymalonic acid

CN Hydroxymalonic acid

CN Hydroxypropanedioic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C3 H4 O5

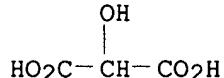
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LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST,
 CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
 MEDLINE, MRCK*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



386 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 21 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 388 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 36 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:131949
 REFERENCE 2: 134:105605
 REFERENCE 3: 134:102908
 REFERENCE 4: 134:50669
 REFERENCE 5: 134:5102
 REFERENCE 6: 134:4607
 REFERENCE 7: 133:337265
 REFERENCE 8: 133:318526
 REFERENCE 9: 133:198651
 REFERENCE 10: 133:182711

L230 ANSWER 40 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 79-83-4 REGISTRY

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[(2R)-2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-(2,4-dihydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutyl)-, (R)-
 CN Pantothenic acid, D- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Pantothenic acid
 CN (D)-(+)-Pantothenic acid
 CN Chick antidermatitis factor
 CN D(+)-N-(2,4-Dihydroxy-3,3-dimethylbutyryl)-.beta.-alanine
 CN D-Pantothenic acid
 CN Pantothenic acid
 CN Vitamin B3
 CN Vitamin B5

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 3563-85-7

MF C9 H17 N O5

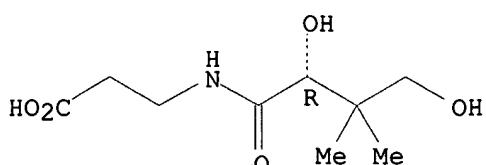
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LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE,
 HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC,
 PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



2207 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

88 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

2208 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:168321

REFERENCE 2: 134:168074

REFERENCE 3: 134:152647

REFERENCE 4: 134:141603

REFERENCE 5: 134:136767

REFERENCE 6: 134:136704

REFERENCE 7: 134:128353

REFERENCE 8: 134:125903

REFERENCE 9: 134:99997

REFERENCE 10: 134:83111

L230 ANSWER 41 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 79-33-4 REGISTRY

CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Lactic acid, L- (8CI)

CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Lactic acid

CN (S)-(+)-Lactic acid

CN (S)-2-Hydroxypropanoic acid

CN (S)-2-Hydroxypropionic acid

CN (S)-Lactic acid

CN d-Lactic acid

CN Espiritin

CN L-(+).-alpha.-Hydroxypropionic acid

CN L-(+)-Lactic acid

CN L-Lactic acid

CN Paralactic acid

CN PH 90

CN PURAC

CN Sarcolactic acid

CN Tisulac

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 1715-99-7

MF C3 H6 O3

CI COM

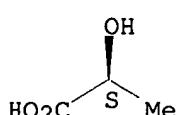
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DETHERM*, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



2359 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:162302

REFERENCE 2: 134:157281

REFERENCE 3: 134:147850

REFERENCE 4: 134:146722

REFERENCE 5: 134:146715

REFERENCE 6: 134:146573

REFERENCE 7: 134:146483

REFERENCE 8: 134:145008

REFERENCE 9: 134:130392

REFERENCE 10: 134:130342

L230 ANSWER 42 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 79-14-1 REGISTRY

CN Acetic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Glycolic acid (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Hydroxyacetic acid

CN 2-Hydroxyacetic acid

CN Glycocide

CN GlyPure

CN Hydroxyacetic acid

CN Hydroxyethanoic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 259744-22-4

MF C2 H4 O3

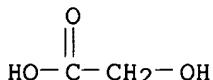
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LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT, APIPAT2,
 BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS,
 CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
 CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*,
 IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT,
 NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE,
 TOXLIT, TULSA, ULIDAT, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



5670 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

546 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

5677 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:170774

REFERENCE 2: 134:168321

REFERENCE 3: 134:168315

REFERENCE 4: 134:167213
 REFERENCE 5: 134:166271
 REFERENCE 6: 134:162160
 REFERENCE 7: 134:159275
 REFERENCE 8: 134:155241
 REFERENCE 9: 134:152392
 REFERENCE 10: 134:149358

L230 ANSWER 43 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 77-92-9 REGISTRY

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Citric acid (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid

CN 3-Carboxy-3-hydroxypentane-1,5-dioic acid

CN Aciletten

CN Chemfill

CN Citretten

CN Citro

CN F 0001 (polycarboxylic acid)

CN Hydrocerol A

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 12262-73-6, 43136-35-2, 245654-34-6

MF C6 H8 O7

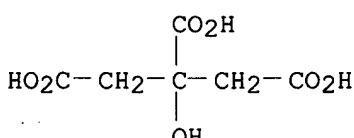
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LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT, APIPAT2, BEILSTEIN*, BIOPARTNERS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



33796 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2199 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

33838 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172474
 REFERENCE 2: 134:172081
 REFERENCE 3: 134:170774
 REFERENCE 4: 134:168857

REFERENCE 5: 134:168402
 REFERENCE 6: 134:168359
 REFERENCE 7: 134:168357
 REFERENCE 8: 134:168353
 REFERENCE 9: 134:168314
 REFERENCE 10: 134:168116

L230 ANSWER 44 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 76-93-7 REGISTRY

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-.alpha.-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Benzoic acid (7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.,.alpha.-Diphenyl-.alpha.-hydroxyacetic acid

CN .alpha.,.alpha.-Diphenylglycolic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-.alpha.-phenylbenzeneacetic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetic acid

CN .alpha.-Hydroxydiphenylacetic acid

CN 2,2-Diphenyl-2-hydroxyacetic acid

CN 2-Hydroxy-2,2-diphenylacetic acid

CN Diphenylglycolic acid

CN Diphenylhydroxyacetic acid

CN Hydroxydiphenylacetic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C14 H12 O3

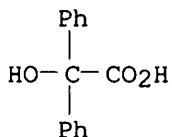
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LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
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 CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DDFU, DETHERM*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*,
 IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA,
 PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



557 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 42 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 558 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:166271
 REFERENCE 2: 134:123557
 REFERENCE 3: 134:123539
 REFERENCE 4: 134:115500
 REFERENCE 5: 134:105605

REFERENCE 6: 134:100932

REFERENCE 7: 134:85822

REFERENCE 8: 134:11437

REFERENCE 9: 133:339981

REFERENCE 10: 133:339965

L230 ANSWER 45 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 70-18-8 REGISTRY

CN Glycine, L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Glutathione (8CI)

CN Glycine, N-(N-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-cysteinyl)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN .gamma.-Glutamylcysteinylglycine

CN .gamma.-L-Glutamyl-L-cysteinylglycine

CN Agifutol S

CN Copren

CN Deltathione

CN Glutathion

CN Glutathione (GSH)

CN Glutathione-SH

CN Glutide

CN Glutinal

CN GSH

CN Isethion

CN L-Glutathione

CN Neuthion

CN Reduced glutathione

CN Tathion

CN Tathione

CN Triptide

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C10 H17 N3 O6 S

CI COM

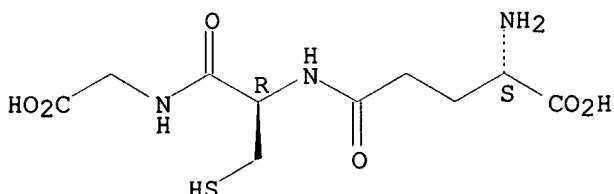
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, ULIDAT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



25388 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1200 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

25438 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172290

REFERENCE 2: 134:168749
 REFERENCE 3: 134:168631
 REFERENCE 4: 134:162280
 REFERENCE 5: 134:161219
 REFERENCE 6: 134:161147
 REFERENCE 7: 134:161100
 REFERENCE 8: 134:160604
 REFERENCE 9: 134:160497
 REFERENCE 10: 134:159673

L230 ANSWER 46 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 63-68-3 REGISTRY

CN L-Methionine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Methionine, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (S)-2-Amino-4-(methylthio)butanoic acid

CN .alpha.-Amino-.gamma.-methylmercaptoputyric acid

CN .gamma.-Methylthio-.alpha.-aminobutyric acid

CN 134: PN: WO0055199 SEQID: 94 claimed sequence

CN 2-Amino-4-(methylthio)butyric acid

CN 54: PN: WO9957282 SEQID: 46 claimed sequence

CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-4-(methylthio)-, (S)-

CN Cymethion

CN h-Met-oh

CN L-(-)-Methionine

CN L-.alpha.-Amino-.gamma.-methylthiobutyric acid

CN L-Homocysteine, S-methyl-

CN L-Methionine

CN Methionine

CN S-Methionine

CN Toxin WAR (Bacillus thuringiensis strain PS205C)

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 7005-18-7, 24425-78-3

MF C5 H11 N O2 S

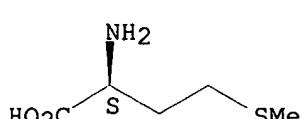
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LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



24318 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

621 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

24342 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

10 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172499
 REFERENCE 2: 134:172476
 REFERENCE 3: 134:170720
 REFERENCE 4: 134:168866
 REFERENCE 5: 134:165268
 REFERENCE 6: 134:163295
 REFERENCE 7: 134:162315
 REFERENCE 8: 134:162312
 REFERENCE 9: 134:162233
 REFERENCE 10: 134:162061

L230 ANSWER 47 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 59-51-8 REGISTRY

CN Methionine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN DL-Methionine

CN Methionine, DL- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (.-.)-Methionine

CN .alpha.-Amino-.gamma.-methylmercaptopropionic acid

CN Acimetion

CN Bathionine

CN Cynaron

CN DL-2-Amino-4-(methylthio)propionic acid

CN Dyprin

CN Lactet

CN Lobamine

CN Meonine

CN Methilanin

CN Metione

CN Neston

CN Racemethionine

FS 3D CONCORD

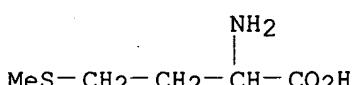
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CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST,
 CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*,
 IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT,
 NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, ULIDAT, USAN, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



2543 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

59 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

2543 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:146857

REFERENCE 2: 134:139155
 REFERENCE 3: 134:127206
 REFERENCE 4: 134:121440
 REFERENCE 5: 134:115189
 REFERENCE 6: 134:113130
 REFERENCE 7: 134:71243
 REFERENCE 8: 134:65629
 REFERENCE 9: 134:55978
 REFERENCE 10: 134:50794

L230 ANSWER 48 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 56-89-3 REGISTRY

CN L-Cystine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cystine, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Cystine

CN .beta.,.beta.'-Diamino-.beta.,.beta.'-dicarboxydiethyl disulfide

CN .beta.,.beta.'-Dithiodialanine

CN 3,3'-Dithiobis(2-aminopropanoic acid)

CN Bis(.beta.-amino-.beta.-carboxyethyl) disulfide

CN Cystine

CN Cystine acid

CN Dicysteine

CN L-(-)-Cystine

CN L-Alanine, 3,3'-dithiobis-

CN L-Cysteine disulfide

CN L-Cystin

CN l-Cystine

CN Oxidized L-cysteine

CN Propanoic acid, 3,3'-dithiobis[2-amino-, [R-(R*,R*)]-

CN [R-(R*,R*)]-3,3'-Dithiobis[2-aminopropanoic acid]

AR 24645-67-8

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 24645-67-8

MF C6 H12 N2 O4 S2

CI COM

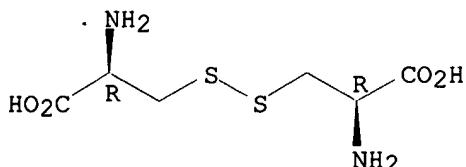
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(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



7496 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 199 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 7501 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:170720

REFERENCE 2: 134:160604

REFERENCE 3: 134:147052

REFERENCE 4: 134:146777

REFERENCE 5: 134:146683

REFERENCE 6: 134:145810

REFERENCE 7: 134:144735

REFERENCE 8: 134:144559

REFERENCE 9: 134:142179

REFERENCE 10: 134:141135

L230 ANSWER 49 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 52-90-4 REGISTRY

CN L-Cysteine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cysteine, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R)-2-Amino-3-mercaptopropanoic acid

CN (R)-Cysteine

CN .beta.-Mercaptoalanine

CN 19: PN: US6087398 PAGE: 14 claimed sequence

CN 2-Amino-3-mercaptopropionic acid

CN Cystein

CN Cysteine

CN Half-cystine

CN L-(+)-Cysteine

CN L-Alanine, 3-mercpto-

CN L-Cys

CN NSC 8746

CN Propanoic acid, 2-amino-3-mercpto-, (R)-

CN Thioserine

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 4371-52-2

MF C3 H7 N O2 S

CI COM

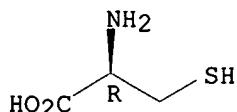
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABAB, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
 CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*,
 DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
 IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*,
 SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, ULIDAT, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



24398 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1198 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
24432 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:172476

REFERENCE 2: 134:172290

REFERENCE 3: 134:170720

REFERENCE 4: 134:168244

REFERENCE 5: 134:162061

REFERENCE 6: 134:162054

REFERENCE 7: 134:161908

REFERENCE 8: 134:160620

REFERENCE 9: 134:160614

REFERENCE 10: 134:160604

L230 ANSWER 50 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

RN 50-81-7 REGISTRY

CN L-Ascorbic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Ascorbic acid

CN 3-keto-L-Gulofuranolactone

CN 3-Oxo-L-gulofuranolactone

CN Adenex

CN Allercorb

CN Antiscorbie vitamin

CN Antiscorbutic vitamin

CN Ascoltin

CN Ascorbajen

CN Ascorbic acid

CN Ascorbutina

CN Ascorin

CN Ascorveal

CN Ascorvit

CN C-Quin

CN C-Vimin

CN Cantan

CN Cantaxin

CN Catavin C

CN Ce-Mi-Lin

CN Ce-Vi-Sol

CN Cebicure

CN Cebion

CN Cebione

CN Cecon

CN Cegiolan

CN Ceglion

CN Celaskon

CN Celin

CN Cemagyl

CN Cenetone

CN Cereon

CN Cergona

CN Cescorbat

CN Cetamid

CN Cetemican

CN Cevalin
 CN Cevatine
 CN Cevex
 CN Cevimin
 CN Cevital
 CN Cevitamic acid
 CN Cevitamin
 CN Cevitan
 CN Cevitex
 CN Chewcee
 CN Ciamin
 CN Cipca
 CN Citrovit
 CN Colascor

ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
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FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 56533-05-2, 57304-74-2, 57606-40-3, 56172-55-5, 129940-97-2, 14536-17-5,
 50976-75-5, 154170-90-8, 89924-69-6, 30208-61-8, 259133-78-3

MF C6 H8 O6

CI COM

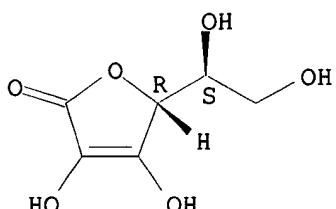
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 CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX,
 CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DIPPR*, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, GMELIN*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSDIRECTORY,
 IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PHAR, PIRA,
 PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, ULIDAT,
 USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



41312 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1018 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

41363 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:170720

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REFERENCE 4: 134:168352

REFERENCE 5: 134:168329

REFERENCE 6: 134:168321

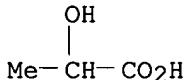
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REFERENCE 8: 134:168079

REFERENCE 9: 134:168078

REFERENCE 10: 134:168074

L230 ANSWER 51 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 RN 50-21-5 REGISTRY
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN Lactic acid (7CI, 8CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (.+-.)-Lactic acid
 CN .alpha.-Hydroxypropanoic acid
 CN .alpha.-Hydroxypropionic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxypropanoic acid
 CN 2-Hydroxypropionic acid
 CN Biolac
 CN Chem-Cast
 CN DL-Lactic acid
 CN dl-Lactic acid
 CN Milk acid
 CN Tonsillosan
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 152-36-3, 598-82-3
 MF C3 H6 O3
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, APILIT, APILIT2, APIPAT,
 APIPAT2, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA,
 CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX,
 CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DIPPR*, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, GMELIN*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*,
 MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO,
 SYNTHLINE, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, TULSA, USAN, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



33241 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1123 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 33278 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:168428

REFERENCE 2: 134:168353

REFERENCE 3: 134:168179

REFERENCE 4: 134:168063

REFERENCE 5: 134:167814

REFERENCE 6: 134:167532

REFERENCE 7: 134:167213

REFERENCE 8: 134:167142

REFERENCE 9: 134:166271

REFERENCE 10: 134:164872

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